Wireless 3-Phase Current Meter

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R718N3xxx(E) Series User Manual

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1. Introduction

The R718N3xxx(E) series is 3-Phase Current Meter device for Netvox Class A type devices based on the LoRaWAN open protocol and is compatible with the LoRaWAN protocol. R718N3xxx(E) series have different measuring range for different variety of CT. It is divided into:

Model	Name	CT cables
R718N37	Wireless 2 Phase Current Mater with 2 x 75 A Clemp On CT	-
R718N37E	Wireless 3-Phase Current Meter with 3 x 75A Clamp-On CT	Detachable cables
R718N315	Wireloss 2 Dhass Current Motor with 2 x 1504 Clown On CT	-
R718N315E	Wireless 3-Phase Current Meter with 3 x 150A Clamp-On CT	Detachable cables
R718N325	Windows 2 Dhase Current Motor with 2 y 2504 Clopper On CT	-
R718N325E	Wireless 3-Phase Current Meter with 3 x 250A Clamp-On CT	Detachable cables
R718N363	Windows 2 Dhase Current Motor with 2 y 620 A Clopp On CT	-
R718N363E	Wireless 3-Phase Current Meter with 3 x 630A Clamp-On CT	Detachable cables
R718N3100	Wireless 2 Dhose Current Motor with 2 x 1000 A Clemp On CT	-
R718N3100E	Wireless 3-Phase Current Meter with 3 x 1000A Clamp-On CT	Detachable cables

LoRa Wireless Technology

LoRa is a wireless communication technology famous for its long-distance transmission and low power consumption. Compared with other communication methods, LoRa spread spectrum modulation technique greatly extend the communication distance. It can be widely used in any use case that requires long-distance and low-data wireless communications. For example, automatic meter reading, building automation equipment, wireless security systems, industrial monitoring. It has features like small size, low power consumption, long transmission distance, strong anti-interference ability and so on.

LoRaWAN

LoRaWAN uses LoRa technology to define end-to-end standard specifications to ensure interoperability between devices and gateways from different manufacturers.

2. Appearance



Indicator Function Key

R718N37 (Non-detachable cables)



R718N315 (Non-detachable cables)



R718N37E (Detachable cables)



R718N315E (Detachable cables)



R718N325 (Non-detachable cables)

R718N325E (Detachable cables)



R718N363 (Non-detachable cables)



R718N3100 (Non-detachable cables)

3. Features

- SX1276 wireless communication module.
- 2 x ER14505 lithium battery in parallel (3.6V/section)
- 3-phase current meter detection
- Only support AC current measuring
- Magnetic base
- Main body: IP53; Current transformer: IP30
- LoRaWANTM Class A compatible
- Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)





R718N363E (Detachable cables)



R718N3100E (Detachable cables)

- Available third-party platform: Actility/ThingPark, TTN, MyDevices/Cayenne
- Low power consumption and long battery life

Note:

Please refer to web: <u>http://www.netvox.com.tw/electric/electric_calc.html</u>. Users can find battery lifetime for various models

at different configurations on this website.

1. The actual range may vary depending on the environment.

2. Battery life is determined by sensor reporting frequency and other variables.

4. Set up Instruction

On/Off

Power on	Insert batteries. (Users may need a screwdriver to open the battery cover.)
Turn on	Press and hold the function key for 3 seconds until the green indicator flashes once.
Turn off (Reset to factory setting)	Press and hold the function key for 5 seconds until green indicator flashes 20 times.
Power off	Remove Batteries.
	1. The device will be off in default after removing the battery and insert it again.
Note	2.It is suggested to wait for 10 seconds between turning on and off the device.
	3. 5 seconds after power on, the device will be in engineering test mode.

Network Joining

	Turn on the device and search for the network to join.				
Never joined the network	The green indicator light stays on for 5 seconds: Success				
	The green indicator light remains off: Fail				
Had is in ad the naturally	Turn on the device, and it will search for the previous network to join.				
Had joined the network	The green indicator light stays on for 5 seconds: Success				
(without factory resetting)	The green indicator light remains off: Fail				
	Suggest to check the device verification information on the gateway or consult your				
Fail to Join the Network	platform server provider.				

Function Key

	The device will be set to default and turned off
Press the function key and hold for 5	The green indicator light flashes 20 times: success
seconds	The green indicator light remains off: fail
	The device is in the network: green indicator light flashes once and sends a report
Press the function key once	The device is not in the network: green indicator light remains off

Sleeping Mode

The device is turned on and in the	Sleep period: Min Interval.
	When the reportchange exceeds setting value or the state changes, the device would send
network	a data report based on Min Interval.

Low Voltage Warning

Low Voltage	3.2V

5. Data Report

The device will immediately send a version packet report along with two uplink packets including 3-phase current value and battery voltage.

The device sends data in the default configuration before any configuration is done.

Default setting:

Max Interval = 0x0E10 (3600s)

Min Interval = 0x0E10 (3600s)

CurrentChange = 0x0064 (100 mA)

Three-phase current detection:

The device would detect and send report of the current value as the function key is triggered or in configuration.

Measurement Range and Accuracy:

	CT Measurement Range		Accuracy		
R718N37(E)	Clamp-on	100mA to 75A	$\pm 1\%$ (measurement range: 300mA to 50A)		
R718N315(E)	Clamp-on	1A to 150A	$\pm 1\%$		
R718N325(E)	Clamp-on	1A to 250A	$\pm 1\%$		
R718N363(E)	Clamp-on	10A to 630A	$\pm 1\%$		
R718N3100(E)	Clamp-on	10A to 1000A	±1%		

Note: Current transformer (measurement range \leq 75A): report data as 0 when the current < 100mA.

Current transformer (measurement range > 75A): report data as 0 when the current < 1A.

Please refer to Netvox LoRaWAN Application Command document and Netvox Lora Command Resolver

http://www.netvox.com.cn:8888/cmddoc to resolve uplink data.

Data report configuration and sending period are as following:

Min. Interval	Max. Interval	Demortable Change	Current Change≥	Current Change <
(Unit:second)	(Unit:second)	Reportable Change	Reportable Change	Reportable Change
Any number between	Any number between	Constant has 0	Report	Report
1 to 65535	1 to 65535	Can not be 0	per Min. Interval	per Max. Interval

5.1 Example of ReportDataCmd

FPort: 0x06

Bytes	1	1	1	Var (Fix=8 Bytes)
	Version	DeviceType	ReportType	NetvoxPayLoadData

Version– 1 byte –0x01——the Version of NetvoxLoRaWAN Application Command Version

DeviceType-1 byte - Device Type of Device

ReportType – 1 byte –the presentation of the NetvoxPayLoadData, according the devicetype

NetvoxPayLoadData– Fixed bytes (Fixed =8bytes)

Tips

1. Battery Voltage:

The voltage value is bit $0 \sim$ bit 6, bit 7=0 is normal voltage, and bit 7=1 is low voltage.

Battery=0xA0, binary=1010 0000, if bit 7= 1, it means low voltage.

The actual voltage is $0010\ 0000 = 0x20 = 32$, 32*0.1v = 3.2v

2. Version Packet:

When Report Type=0x00 is the version packet, such as 014A000A02202207080000, the firmware version is 2022.07.08.

3. Current Value:

The maximum payload of Current is 2 bytes, which means the maximum value that can be shown is 65535mA. To get the actual current value, the current needs to time Multiplier as it exceeds 65535mA.

4. Multiplier:

When ReportTypeSet=0x00 (reporttype1&2), R718N3xxx(E) will report two data packets, and the multiplier will be either 1 or 10;

When ReportTypeSet=0x01 (reporttype3), R718N3xxx(E) will report one data packet, and the multiplier will be either 1,5,10 or 100.

(1) When ReportTypeSet=0x00 (reporttype1&2), R718N3xxx(E) will report two data packets.

Device	Device	Report		Netvo	x Pav	vLoadData				
Device	Туре	Туре	NetvoxPayLoadData							
		0x00	SoftwareVersion	HardwareVersio	on	DateCo	ode	R	leserved	
	R718N3xxx(E)	0x00	(1Byte) Eg.0x0A—V1.0	(1Byte)	(4Bytes,eg 0x2		20170503) (2Byt		es,fixed 0x00)	
R718N3xxx(E)		0x4A	0x4A	0x01	Battery	Current1		Current2	Curre	ent3
Series	0/1/1	0.01	(1Byte,unit:0.1V)	(2Bytes,unit:1mA)	(2B)	ytes,unit:1mA)	(2Bytes,u	nit:1mA)	(1Byte)	
		0x02	Battery	Mulitplier2		Mulitplier3		Reserved		
		0X02		(1Byte, unit:0.1V)	(1Byte)		(1Byte)		(5Bytes,fixed 0x00)	

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Uplink:

Packet 1: 014A019F05DD05D41B5801

Packet 2 : 014A029F010A000000000

1st byte (01): Version

2nd byte (4A): DeviceType - R718N3xxx(E) Series

3rd byte (01): ReportType

```
4<sup>th</sup> byte (9F): Battery – 3.1V (low voltage), 9F (Hex) = 1001 1111(Bin) >> 1F(Hex) = 31(Dec), 31*0.1v=3.1v
// if bit 7= 1, it means low voltage.
```

5th-6th byte (05DD): Current1 –05DD (Hex) = 1501 (Dec), 1501* 1mA = 1501mA

 $7^{\text{th}}-8^{\text{th}}$ byte (05D4): Current2 – 05D4 (Hex) = 1492 (Dec), 1492* 1mA = 1492mA

9th-10th byte (1B58): Current3 – 1B58 (Hex) = 7000 (Dec), 7000mA*10=70000mA (70A)

 11^{th} byte (01): Multiplier1 – 1

1st byte (01): Version

2nd byte (4A): DeviceType – R718N3xxx(E) Series

3rd byte (02): ReportType

4th byte (9F): Battery – 3.1V (low voltage), 9F (Hex) = $\underline{1001}$ 1111(Bin) >> 1F(Hex) = 31(Dec), 31*0.1v=3.1v

// if bit 7=1, it means low voltage.

5th byte (01): Multiplier2 - 1

 6^{th} byte (0A): Multiplier3 – 10

7th-11th byte (000000000): Reserved

(2) When ReportTypeSet=0x01 (reporttype3), R718N3xxx(E) will report one data packet.

Device	Device Type	Report Type	NetvoxPayLoadData					
R718N3xxx(E) Series	0x4A	0x03	Battery (1Byte, unit:0.1V)	Current1 (2Bytes, Unit:1mA)	Current2 (2Bytes, Unit:1mA)	Current3 (2Bytes, Unit:1mA)	Multiplier (1Byte) BIT0-1: Multiplier1 (0b00_1,0b01_5,0b10 _10,0b11_100) BIT2-3: Multiplier2 (0b00_1,0b01_5,0b10 _10,0b11_100) BIT4-5: Multiplier3 (0b00_1,0b01_5,0b10 _10,0b11_100) BIT6-7: Reserved	

Uplink:

Packet: 014A039F05DD05D436B010

1st byte (01): Version

2nd byte (4A): DeviceType - R718N3xxx(E) Series

3rd byte (03): ReportType

4th byte (9F): Battery – 3.1V (low voltage), 9F (Hex) = 1001 1111(Bin) >> 1F(Hex) = 31(Dec), 31*0.1v=3.1v // if bit 7= 1, it means low voltage.

5th-6th byte (05DD): Current1 –05DD (Hex) = 1501 (Dec), 1501* 1mA = 1501mA

 $7^{\text{th}}-8^{\text{th}}$ byte (05D4): Current2 – 05D4 (Hex) = 1492 (Dec), 1492* 1mA = 1492mA

9th-10th byte (36B0): Current3 – 36B0 (Hex) = 14000(Dec), 14000mA*5 = 70000mA (70A)

11th byte (10): Multiplier1=1 Multiplier2 = 1, Multiplier3 = 5

// 0x10 = 00 01 00 00 (Bin)Bit4-5 Bit2-3 Bit0-1

5.2 Example of Threshold Alarm

FPort: 0x06

Device	Device	Report	NetvoxPayLoadData					
	Туре	Туре	-					
				ThresholdAlarm(1Byte,				
	0x4A	0x4A 0x04	Battery (1Byte, unit:0.1V)	Bit0_LowCurrent1Alarm,				
R718N3xxx(E)				Bit1_HighCurrent1Alarm,	Reserved			
				Bit2_LowCurrent2Alarm,				
Series				Bit3_HighCurrent2Alarm,	(5Bytes,fixed 0x00)			
				Bit4_LowCurrent3Alarm,				
				Bit5_HighCurrent3Alarm				

Uplink:

014A049F01000000000000

1st byte (01): Version

2nd byte (4A): DeviceType - R718N3xxx(E) Series

3rd byte (04): ReportType

 4^{th} byte (9F): Battery – 3.1V (low voltage), 9F (Hex) = 1001 1111(Bin) >> 1F(Hex) = 31(Dec), 31*0.1v=3.1v

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// if bit 7=1, it means low voltage.

5th byte (01): ThresholdAlarm – bit 0=1 LowCurrent1Alarm

// 0x01 = 00000001 (Bin) Bit0

6th-11th byte (00000000000): Reserved

5.3 Example of ConfigureCmd

FPort: 0x07

Bytes	1	1	Var(Fix =9 Bytes)
	CmdID	DeviceType	NetvoxPayLoadData

CmdID–1 byte

DeviceType– 1 byte – Device Type of Device

NetvoxPayLoadData– var bytes (Max=9bytes)

Description	Device	CmdID	Device Type	NetvoxPayLoadData				
Config		0.01		MinTime	MaxTime	CurrentChange	Reserved	
ReportReq		0x01		(2bytes Unit:s)	(2bytes Unit:s)	(2byte Unit:1mA)	(3Bytes,Fixed 0x00)	
Config		0.01		Stat	tus	Reserved		
ReportRsp	R718N3xxx(E)	0x81	0.44	(0x00_s	uccess)	(8Bytes,Fixed 0x00)		
ReadConfig	Series	0.02	0x4A	Reserved				
ReportReq		0x02		(9Bytes,Fixed 0x00)				
ReadConfig]	0.92		MinTime	MaxTime	CurrentChange	Reserved	
ReportRsp		0x82		(2bytes Unit:s)	(2bytes Unit:s)	(2byte Unit:1mA)	(3Bytes,Fixed 0x00)	

(1) Configure device parameters MinTime = 60s (0x003C), MaxTime = 60s (0x003C), CurrentChange = 100mA (0x0064)

Downlink: 014A003C003C0064000000

The device returns:

814A0000000000000000000000 (Configuration successful)

814A0100000000000000000000 (Configuration failed)

(2) Read device configuration parameters

The device returns:

824A003C003C0064000000 (Current device configuration parameters)

5.4 Example of SetRportType

FPort: 0x07

Set the R718N3xxx(E) data to send either one or two packets.

Description	Device	CmdID	Device Type	NetvoxPay	vLoadData	
		0x03		ReportTypeSet		
				(1Byte)	Reserved	
SetRportTypeReq				0x00_reporttype1&2	(8Bytes,Fixed 0x00)	
	R718N3xxx(E) Series			0x01_reporttype3		
SetRportTypeRsp		0x83	0x4A	Status	Reserved	
				(0x00_success)	(8Bytes,Fixed 0x00)	
~ ~ ~ ~		0x04		Reserved		
GetRportTypeReq				(9Bytes,Fixed 0x00)		
		0x84		ReportTypeSet		
				(1Byte)	Reserved	
GetRportTypeRsp				0x00_reporttype1&2	(2Bytes,Fixed 0x00)	
				0x01_reporttype3		
Note :						
a. Remain the last co	nfiguration when the	he device is	reset back	to factory setting.		
b. Report Type = $0x0$	00 is two packets. (I	Default)				

- c. Report Type = 0x01 is one packet.
- d. Firmware after 2022.08.24 supports SetRportTypeReq

(1) Configure ReportTypeSet =0x01

The device returns:

(2) Read device configuration parameters.

Downlink: 044A00000000000000000000

The device returns:

5.5 Example of SetSensorAlarmThresholdCmd

Fport:0x10

CmdDescriptor	CmdID (1Byte)	Payload (10Bytes)						
SetSensorAlarm ThresholdReq	0x01	Channel(1Byte) 0x00_Channel1 0x01_Chanel2 0x02_Channel3	0x00_Channel1 0x01_Chanel2 0x2		SensorHighThreshold (4Bytes,Unit:1mA)		SensorLowThreshold (4Bytes,Unit:1mA)	
SetSensorAlarm ThresholdRsp	0x81	Status (0x00_success)			Reserved (9Bytes,Fixed 0x00)			
GetSensorAlarm ThresholdReq	0x02	Channel(1Byte) 0x00_Channel1 0x01_Chanel2 0x02_Channel3		0x00_Dis	SensorType(1Byte) 0x00_Disable ALL 0x27_Current		Reserved (8Bytes,Fixed 0x00)	
GetSensorAlarm ThresholdRsp	0x82	Channel(1Byte) 0x00_Channel1 0x01_Chanel2 0x02_Channel3	SensorType(1 0x00_Disable 0x27_Curr		SensorHighTh (4Bytes,Unit:		SensorLowThreshold (4Bytes, Unit:1mA)	
Note : a. Set SensorH	igh/LowTh	nreshold as 0xFFFFFFFF	to disab	le threshold.	1		1	

- b. Remain the last configuration when the device is reset back to factory setting.
- c. Firmware after 2023.07.31 supports Set/GetSensorAlarmThresholdCmd
- d. Current1 uses channel 1 (0x00), Current2 uses channel 2 (0x01), and Current3 uses channel 3 (0x02).

(1) SetSensorAlarmThresholdReq

Set Current1 HighThresholdt to 500mA, LowThreshold to100mA

Downlink: 010027000001F400000064 //1F4 (Hex) = 500 (Dec), 500* 1mA = 500mA;

64 (Hex) = 100 (Dec), 64* 1mA = 64mA

(2) GetSensorAlarmThresholdReq

Downlink: 02002700000000000000000

Response: 820027000001F400000064

(3) Disable all sensor thresholds for channel 1.

Configure the Sensor Type to 0

Downlink: 01000000000000000000000

5.6 Example of NetvoxLoRaWANRejoin

Check if the device is still in the network. If the device is disconnected, it will automatically rejoin back to the network.

Fport: 0x20

CuedDescerinten	CmdID	Payload (5 bytes)					
CmdDescriptor	(1 byte)						
SetNetvoxLoRaWANRejoinReq	0x01	RejoinCheckPeriod(4 Bytes, Unit: 1s)	RejoinThreshold(1 Byte)				
SetNetvoxLoRaWANRejoinRsp	0x81	Status (1 Byte, 0x00_success)	Reserved (4 Bytes, Fixed 0x00)				
GetNetvoxLoRaWANRejoinReq	0x02	Reserved (5 Bytes, Fixed 0x00)					
GetNetvoxLoRaWANRejoinRsp	0x82	RejoinCheckPeriod (4 Bytes, Unit: 1s)	RejoinThreshold (1Byte)				
Note:							
a. Set RejoinCheckThreshold as 0xFFFFFFFF to stop the device from rejoining the network.							

b. Remain the last configuration when the device is reset back to factory setting.

c. Default setting: RejoinCheckPeriod = 2 (hr) and RejoinThreshold = 3 (times)

d. Firmware after 2023.12.07 supports SetNetvoxLoRaWANRejoinReq.

(1) Command Configuration

Set RejoinCheckPeriod = 3600s (0x00000E10), RejoinThreshold = 3 times

Downlink: 0100000E1003

Response:

81000000000 (Configuration success)

81<u>01</u>00000000 (Configuration failure)

(2) Read current configuration

RejoinCheckPeriod, RejoinThreshold

Downlink: 02000000000

Rthe esponse: 8200000E1003

5.7 Example for MinTime/MaxTime logic



Example#1 based on MinTime = 1 Hour, MaxTime = 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. BatteryVoltageChange=0.1V

Note: MaxTime=MinTime. Data will only be report according to MaxTime (MinTime) duration regardless BatteryVoltageChange value.

Example#2 based on MinTime = 15 Minutes, MaxTime= 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. BatteryVoltageChange= 0.1V.



Example#3 based on MinTime = 15 Minutes, MaxTime= 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. BatteryVoltageChange= 0.1V.

 Wakes up and collects data
 Users push the button,

 3.5V |3.5-3.6|=0.1
 REPORTS 3.5V.



Notes :

- The device only wakes up and performs data sampling according to MinTime Interval. When it is sleeping, it does not collect data.
- 2) The data collected is compared with the last data <u>reported</u>. If the data variation is greater than the ReportableChange value, the device reports according to MinTime interval. If the data variation is not greater than the last data reported, the device reports according to MaxTime interval.
- 3) We do not recommend to set the MinTime Interval value too low. If the MinTime Interval is too low, the device wakes up frequently and the battery will be drained soon.
- Whenever the device sends a report, no matter resulting from data variation, button pushed or MaxTime interval, another cycle of MinTime/MaxTime calculation is started.

6. Installation

 The 3-phase current meter R718N3xxx(E) series has a built-in magnet (see Figure 1 below). It can be attached to the surface of an object with iron during installation, which is convenient and quick.

To make the installation more secure, please use screws (purchased separately) to fix the device to the wall or other objects (such as the installation diagram).

Note: Do not install the device in a metal shielded box or in an environment surrounded by other electrical equipment to avoid affecting the wireless transmission of the device.



 Open the clamp-on current transformer, and then pass the live wire through the current transformer according to the installation.

Note: "L \leftarrow K" is marked on the bottom of the CT.

- 3. Precautions:
- ➢Before using, user must check whether the appearance is deformed; otherwise, the test accuracy will be affected.
- The using environment should be kept away from strong

- 4. The 3-phase current meter samples the current according to MinTime. If the current value sampled this time relatively exceeds the set value (the default is 100mA) more than the current value reported last time, the device will immediately report the current value sampled this time. If the current variation does not exceed the default value, the data will be reported regularly according to MaxTime.
- 5. Press the [Function Key] of the device to start sampling data and report the data after 3 to 5 seconds.Note: MaxTime must be set greater than Min Time.

The three-phase current detector R718N3xxx(E) is suitable for the following scenarios:

- School
- Factory
- Shopping mall
- Office building
- Smart building

Where the electrical data of the device with the three-phase electricity needs to be detected.



magnetic fields, so as not to affect the test accuracy. It is

strictly forbidden to use in humid and corrosive gas environments.

Before installation, please confirm the current value of the

load. If the current value of the load is higher than the measurement range, select a model with a higher

measurement range.



- 1. When using it, the back of it can be adsorbed on the iron surface, or the two ends can be fixed to the wall with screws.
- 2. When installing the R718N3xxx(E) series current transformer, <u>please separate the live and neutral wires of the wire to be detected</u>, and only take the live wire through current transformer and start the measurement according to the wiring below:



CT Wiring Schematic Diagram (Current direction $K \rightarrow L$)



If the live wire and the neutral wire are connected together at the same time, they will offset each other and the measurement is 0.



Note:

- 1. Please do not disassemble the device unless it is required to replace the batteries.
- 2. Do not touch the waterproof gasket, LED indicator light, function keys when replacing the batteries. Please use suitable screwdriver to tighten the screws (if using an electric screwdriver, it is recommended to set the torque as 4kgf) to ensure the device is impermeable.

7. Information about Battery Passivation

Many of Netvox devices are powered by 3.6V ER14505 Li-SOC12 (lithium-thionyl chloride) batteries that offer many advantages including low self-discharge rate and high energy density. However, primary lithium batteries like Li-SOCl2 batteries will form a passivation layer as a reaction between the lithium anode and thionyl chloride if they are in storage for a long time or if the storage temperature is too high. This lithium chloride layer prevents rapid self-discharge caused by continuous reaction between lithium and thionyl chloride, but battery passivation may also lead to voltage delay when the batteries are put into operation, and our devices may not work correctly in this situation.

As a result, please make sure to source batteries from reliable vendors, and it is suggested that if the storage period is more than one month from the date of battery production, all the batteries should be activated. If encountering the situation of battery passivation, users can activate the battery to eliminate the battery hysteresis.

ER14505 Battery Passivation

7.1 To determine whether a battery requires activation

Connect a new ER14505 battery to a resistor in parallel, and check the voltage of the circuit.

If the voltage is below 3.3V, it means the battery requires activation.

7.2 How to activate the battery

- a. Connect a battery to a resistor in parallel
- b. Keep the connection for 5~8 minutes
- c. The voltage of the circuit should be ≥ 3.3 , indicating successful activation.

Brand	Load Resistance	Activation Time	Activation Current
NHTONE	165 Ω	5 minutes	20mA
RAMWAY	67 Ω	8 minutes	50mA
EVE	67 Ω	8 minutes	50mA
SAFT	67 Ω	8 minutes	50mA

Note:

If you buy batteries from other than the above four manufacturers, then the battery activation time, activation current, and

required load resistance shall be mainly subject to the announcement of each manufacturer.

8. Important Maintenance Instruction

Kindly pay attention to the following in order to achieve the best maintenance of the product:

- Do not put the device near or submerge into water. Minerals in rain, moisture, and other liquids could cause corrosion of electronic components. Please dry the device, if it gets wet.
- Do not use or store the device in dusty or dirty environments to prevent damage to parts and electronic components.
- Do not store the device in high temperatures. This may shorten the lifespan of electronic components, damage batteries, and deform plastic parts.
- Do not store the device in cold temperatures. Moisture may damage circuit boards as the temperatures rise.
- Do not throw or cause other unnecessary shocks to the device. This may damage internal circuits and delicate components.
- Do not clean the device with strong chemicals, detergents, or strong detergents.
- Do not apply the device with paint. This may block detachable parts and cause malfunction.
- Do not dispose of batteries in fire to prevent explosion.

The instructions are applied to your device, battery, and accessories.

If any device is not working properly, please bring it to the nearest authorized service provider for repair.