

PULSE V4

Technical Reference Manual

LoRaWAN / Sigfox / NB-IoT

Applicable for APP versions >= 2.1.0

NEW DOCUMENTATION / NOUVELLE DOCUMENTATION

| | ENGLISH | FRANCAIS |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| USER GUIDE | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dedicated to a product • Cautions & electrical warnings • Declaration of conformity • Product functionalities and modes • Casing dimensions • Characteristics (casing and electrical) • LED explanations • Specific wiring on terminal blocks | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dédié à un produit • Recommandations et avertissements électriques • Déclaration de conformité • Fonctionnalités et modes du produit • Dimensions du boîtier • Caractéristiques (boîtier et électrique) • Explication des LED • Câblage sur bornier spécifique au produit |
| TECHNICAL REFERENCE MANUAL | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dedicated to a product • Registers content • Frame explanations (uplink and downlink) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dédié à un produit • Contenu des registres • Explication des trames (uplink et downlink) |
| INSTALLATION GUIDE | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For all adeunis® products • Configuration of the products • Installation and fixing • Start-up of the products • Opening and closing the case • Replace battery | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pour tous les produits adeunis® • Configuration des produits • Installation et fixation • Démarrage des produits • Ouvrir et fermer les boîtiers • Remplacer la batterie |



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1. REGISTERS

1.1 Generic registers

| Register | Size (bytes) | Base | Description | Default Value | Range (Min-Max) | Comments |
|----------|--------------|------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 304 | 2 | 10 | PIN code | 0 (deactivated) | 0 - 9999 | PIN code used with ATPIN command. Value 0 disables the PIN code. |
| 306 | 1 | 10 | Product mode | 0 | 0: PARK 1: PRODUCTION | In PARK mode, product is not using Radio. In PRODUCTION mode, product will send/receive RF uplinks/downlinks. |
| 308 | 4 | 16 | LED activity | 0x0000007F | 0 ... 0xFFFFFFFF | Default: 7F Eco: 70 Other values: reserved |

1.2 Applicative registers

| Register | Size (bytes) | Base | Description | Default value | Min-Max Value | Comments |
|----------|--------------|------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---|
| 301 | 2 | 10 | Transmit period of data | 1 | 0 ... 65535 | Number of backups (history logs) to be done before sending a frame (thus defining the sending period). The value 0 is equivalent to disabling the periodic mode. |
| 315 | 1 | 10 | Time zone offset | 1 | -12 ... 14 | Defines the Time Zone offset from UTC (in hours). Must be defined for Daylight Saving Time management. |
| 316 | 1 | 10 | Daylight Saving Time management | 1 | 0 ... 1 | Only applicable for European countries. 0 : disabled 1 : enabled |
| 318 | 1 | 10 | Time stamping | 1 | 0 ... 1 | LoRaWAN EU868 or NB-IoT only If enabled, adds a time stamp in data frames. 0 : disabled 1 : enabled |
| 319 | 1 | 10 | RTC calibration value | 1 | -100 ... 100 | Allows correcting a possible drift of the clock. In tenths of a second per day. |

| | | | | | | |
|-----|---|----|--|--------------------------|-------------|---|
| 320 | 1 | 16 | Channels configuration | 0x11 (chA ON, chB ON) | 0 ... 0xFF | <p>For channel A:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bit 0: channel A activation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value 0: channel deactivated Value 1: channel activated Bit 1: meter type channel A (pull-up activation) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value 0: meter other than Gas (pull-up deactivated) Value 1: Gas meter (pull-up activated) Bit 2: Reserved Bit 3: tamper input channel A <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value 0: deactivated Value 1: activated <p>For channel B:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bit 4: channel B activation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value 0: channel deactivated Value 1: channel activated Bit 5: meter type channel B (pull-up activation) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value 0: meter other than Gas (pull-up deactivated) Value 1: Gas meter (pull-up activated) Bit 6: Reserved Bit 7: tamper input channel B <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value 0: deactivated Value 1: activated |
| 321 | 2 | 10 | History period | 43200 (24h) | 1 ... 65535 | x 2 seconds |
| 322 | 2 | 16 | Anti-bounce filter period (pulse minimum width) (channels A and B) | 0x22 | 0 ... FF | <p>Bits 0 to 3: debounce period - channel A</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value 0: deactivated Value 1: 1 ms Value 2: 10 ms Value 3: 20 ms Value 4: 50 ms Value 5: 100 ms Value 6: 200 ms Value 7: 500 ms Value 8: 1 s Value 9: 2 s Value A: 5 s Value B: 10 s Value C à F: reserved <p>Bits 4 to 7: debounce period - channel B</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value 0: deactivated Value 1: 1 ms Value 2: 10 ms Value 3: 20 ms Value 4: 50 ms Value 5: 100 ms Value 6: 200 ms Value 7: 500 ms Value 8: 1 s Value 9: 2 s Value A: 5 s Value B: 10 s Value C à F: reserved |

| | | | | | | |
|-----|---|----|--|----|----------------------|---|
| 323 | 4 | 10 | Current index value - channel A | 0 | 0 ... 42949672 95 | Unit: number of pulses In COMMAND mode, it is possible to write a new value in this register (for example an initialization value, an adjustment value ...). Warning: this register does not contain current counter. |
| 324 | 4 | 10 | Current index value - channel B | 0 | 0 ... 42949672 95 | |
| 325 | 2 | 10 | Flow calculation period (channels A and B) | 60 | 1.... 1440 | x 1 minute |
| 326 | 2 | 10 | Flow threshold (channel A) | 0 | 0 ... 65535 | Unit: pulses per hour 0: deactivated |
| 327 | 2 | 10 | Flow threshold (channel B) | 0 | 0 ... 65535 | Unit: pulses per hour 0: deactivated |
| 328 | 2 | 10 | Leak threshold (channel A) | 0 | 0 ... 65535 | Unit: pulses per hour 0: deactivated |
| 329 | 2 | 10 | Leak threshold (channel B) | 0 | 0 ... 65535 | Unit: pulses per hour 0: deactivated |
| 330 | 2 | 10 | Number of daily periods under the leak threshold (channel A) | 0 | 0... 1440 | 0: deactivated The multiplication of this register by the period of flow measurement must be less than 24 hours otherwise the product will be perpetually in alarm. |
| 331 | 2 | 10 | Number of daily periods under the leak threshold (channel B) | 0 | 0... 1440 | 0: deactivated The multiplication of this register by the period of flow measurement must be less than 24 hours otherwise the product will be perpetually in alarm. |
| 332 | 1 | 10 | Scan period for Channel A tamper input | 2 | 1... 255 | x10 seconds |
| 333 | 1 | 10 | Tamper detection threshold channel A | 3 | 1... 255 | Number of positive scans of A-channel tamper before triggering the tamper alarm |
| 334 | 1 | 10 | Scan period for Channel B tamper input | 2 | 1... 255 | x10 seconds |
| 335 | 1 | 10 | Tamper detection threshold channel B | 3 | 1... 255 | Number of positive scans of B-channel tamper before triggering the tamper alarm |
| 340 | 1 | 10 | Number of redundant samples per frame | 0 | 0... 255 | |

1.3 Radio registers

1.3.1 LoRaWAN Network Registers

| Register | Description | Encoding | Details |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| 201 | Spreading Factor (SF) by default | Decimal | Default: 12 (EU) / 10(US915/AS923) READ ONLY |
| 204 | Reserved | Hexadecimal | Do not use |
| 214 | LORA APP-EUI (first part – MSB) | Hexadecimal | Default: 0 Key encoded on 16 characters. Each register contains a part of the key. Used during the JOIN phase in OTAA mode E.g.: APP-EUI = 0018B244 41524632 • S214 = 0018B244 • S215 = 41524632 |
| 215 | LORA APP-EUI (second part – MSB) | Hexadecimal | |
| 216 | LORA APP-KEY (first part – MSB) | Hexadecimal | Default: 0 Key encoded on 32-byte characters. Each of the 4 registers contains 8 characters. |
| 217 | LORA APP-KEY (second part – MID MSB) | Hexadecimal | Used during the JOIN phase in OTAA mode E.g.: APP-KEY = 0018B244 41524632 0018B200 00000912 • S216 = 0018B244 • S217= 41524632 • S218=0018B200 • S219= 00000912 |
| 218 | LORA APP-KEY (third part – MID LSB) | Hexadecimal | |
| 219 | LORA APP-KEY (fourth part – LSB) | Hexadecimal | |
| 220 | LoRaWAN Options | Hexadecimal | Default: 5 (EU), 1(US915/AS923) Bit 0: Activation of the ADR ON (1)/OFF (0) Bit 1: Reserved Bit 2: DUTYCYCLE ON (1)/DUTYCYCLE OFF (0) Bits 3 & 4: Reserved Bits 5 to 7: Reserved CAUTION: Deactivation of the Duty Cycle may result in a violation of the conditions of use of the frequency band, depending on the use of the device, thus violating the regulations in force. In the case of disabling the Duty Cycle, liability is transferred to the user. |
| 221 | Mode of activation | Decimal | Default: 1 Choice: (see NOTE 1 after the table) • 0: ABP • 1: OTAA |
| 222 | LORA NWK_SKEY (first part – MSB) | Hexadecimal | Default: 0 Parameter encoded on 16 bytes. Each of the 4 registers contains 4 bytes. |
| 223 | LORA NWK_SKEY (second part - MID MSB) | Hexadecimal | |
| 224 | LORA NWK_SKEY (third part - MID LSB) | Hexadecimal | |
| 225 | LORA NWK_SKEY (fourth part – LSB) | Hexadecimal | |
| 226 | LORA APP_SKEY (first part – MSB) | Hexadecimal | Default: 0 Parameter encoded on 16 bytes. Each of the 4 registers contains 4 bytes. |

| Register | Description | Encoding | Details |
|----------|--|-------------|---|
| 227 | LORA APP_SKEY (second part - MID MSB) | Hexadecimal | |
| 228 | LORA APP_SKEY (third part - MID LSB) | Hexadecimal | |
| 229 | LORA APP_SKEY (fourth part – LSB) | Hexadecimal | |
| 258 | Reserved | Decimal | Do not use |
| 259 | Band number (US915 only) | Decimal | Default: 0 0: the device uses all the channels [0-63] in 125 kHz and [64-71] in 500 kHz 1: the device will use just the Band n°1. Use the channels [0-7] in 125 kHz and a channel [65] in 500 kHz. ... 8: the device will use just the Band n°8. Use the channels [56-63] in 125 kHz and 71 in 500 kHz. |
| 260 | Reserved | Decimal | Do not use |
| 261 | Reserved | Decimal | Do not use |
| 280 | NETWORK ID | Hexadecimal | Default: 0 READ ONLY |
| 281 | DEVICE ADDRESS | Hexadecimal | Default: 0 |

NOTE 1: The “Over The Air Activation” (OTAA) mode uses a JOIN phase before being able to transmit on the network. This mode uses the APP_EUI (S214 and S215) and APP_KEY (S216 to S219) codes during this phase to create the keys for network communication. Once this phase is completed, the codes APP_sKEY, NWK_sKEY and DEVICE ADDRESS will be present in the corresponding registers. A new JOIN phase is started every time the device exits Command mode, a reset is performed, or the device is turned on.

Codes:

- APP_EUI identifier for global use (provided by default by adeunis®)
- APP_KEY device application key (provided by default by adeunis®)

The “Activation by personalization” (ABP) mode has no JOIN phase; it transmits directly on the network using the codes NWK_sKEY (S222 to S225), APP_sKEY (S226 to S229) and DEVICE ADDRESS (S281) to communicate.

Codes:

- NWK_sKEY network session key (provided by default by adeunis®)
- APP_KEY applicative session key (provided by default by adeunis®)
- DEVICE ADDRESS Address of the device in the network (provided by default by adeunis®)

| Register | Size (bytes) | Base | Description | Default Value | Range (Min-Max) | Comments |
|----------|--------------|------|--|---------------|-----------------|---|
| 303 | 1 | 10 | LoRaWAN Confirmed mode | 0 | 0-1 | LoRaWAN only – activation or deactivation of the confirmed mode 0: deactivation 1: activation |
| 312 | 4 | 10 | Maximum delay between 2 authentication attempts | 43200 (12h) | 60-2592000 | X 1 second ⇒ Period : 1 minute to 30 days |
| 313 | 2 | 10 | Weighting factor for initial authentication attempts | 1 | 1-65535 | |
| 314 | 1 | 10 | Number of tries for each authentication attempt | 10 | 1-255 | |

1.3.2 Sigfox Network Registers

| Register | Size (bytes) | Base | Description | Default Value | Range (Min-Max) | Comments |
|----------|--------------|------|------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--|
| 307 | 2 | 10 | Sigfox Downlink period | 1440 (24h) | 0-65535 | X 1 minute ⇒ Period: 1 min to 45 days |
| 317 | 1 | 10 | Sigfox Duty Cycle | 1 | 0-1 | 0: duty cycle activated 1: duty cycle deactivated |

1.3.3 NB-IoT Network Registers

| Register | Size (bytes) | Base | Description | Default Value | Range (Min-Max) | Comments |
|----------|--------------|-------|--|---------------|-----------------|---|
| 303 | 4 | 16 | Frequency Bands configuration | 0x00080084 | 0 - 0xFFFFFFFF | |
| 305 | 4 | 10 | Operator selection | 0 | 0 - 4294967295 | MCC/MNC of the network operator Use 0 for automatic operator selection |
| 307 | 31 | ASCII | Access Point Name (APN) | "" | - | max 31 characters |
| 312 | 31 | ASCII | IP address (or domain name) of remote server | "" | - | max 31 characters |
| 313 | 2 | 10 | Port of remote server | 0 | 65535 | |
| 314 | 2 | 10 | Local port | 0 | 65535 | |

2. RADIO PROTOCOL

Data with size greater than 1 byte will be transmitted MSB first.
 In LoRaWAN, frames are sent on port 1.

2.1 Status byte

All frames sent by the product contain a status byte. Its format is identical for all IoT Adeunis products.

| Alarm Status | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|--------------------|---------------|-------|-------|----------|----------|-----------|---------|--------|
| | Frame Counter | | | AppFlag2 | AppFlag1 | Timestamp | Low Bat | Config |
| No Error | 0x00 to 0x07 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration done | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Low bat | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Timestamp | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| AppFlag1 | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| AppFlag2 | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

The status byte provides two bits reserved for a specific use of each product (AppFlag1 and AppFlag2).
 For this product:

- AppFlag1: configuration inconsistency
 - o Samples lost in periodic data frame because the payload is not enough.

2.2 Uplink Frame format

2.2.1 Product configuration (0x10)

2.2.1.1 LoRaWAN EU868 and NB-IoT

This frame is sent following the reception of a frame with code 0x01, or at the start of the product.

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|------------------|--------|---|
| 0 | 0x10 | Frame code |
| 1 | Status | Status byte |
| 2 | S306 | Product mode |
| 3 – 4 | S301 | Transmit period, expressed in number of historizations |
| 5 | S320 | Input configuration (Channels A et B) |
| 6 - 7 | S321 | Historization period (x2 seconds) |
| 8 | S322 | Debounce durations (channels A and B) |
| 9 – 10 | S325 | Flow calculation period (minute) |
| 11 – 12 | S326 | Flow threshold (channel A) |
| 13 – 14 | S327 | Flow threshold (channel B) |
| 15 – 16 | S328 | Leak threshold (channel A) |
| 17 – 18 | S329 | Leak threshold (channel B) |
| 19 – 20 | S330 | Number of daily periods under leak threshold (channel A) |
| 21 – 22 | S331 | Number of daily periods under leak threshold (channel B) |
| 23 | S332 | Sampling period for tamper 1 |
| 24 | S333 | Number of sampling necessary before sending the tamper alarm for tamper 1 |
| 25 | S334 | Sampling period for tamper 2 |
| 26 | S335 | Number of sampling necessary before sending the tamper alarm for tamper 2 |
| 27 | S340 | Number of redundant samples per frame |

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| 0 | 0x10 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x00 | Frame counter: 0 Bit1@0: configuration consistent |
| 2 | 0x01 | mode PRODUCTION activated |
| 3 – 4 | 0x0002 | S301=0x0002 = 2 (decimal): 1 sending every 2 historizations/savings. |
| 5 | 0x39 | : input configuration (Channels A and B): • Channel A: activated, meter different than gas, tamper input activated • Channel B: activated, gas meter and tamper input deactivated |
| 6 - 7 | 0x012C | C=300 (decimal), so 1 historization every 10 minutes (300x2sec=600) |
| 8 | 0x57 | Debounce durations Channel A = 500ms and Channel B = 100ms |
| 9 – 10 | 0x003C | =60 decimal, flow calculation period is set to 60min |
| 11 – 12 | 0x2710 | =10 000 decimal, over-flow threshold detection on channel A set to 10 000 impulses per hour |
| 13 – 14 | 0x7530 | =30 000 decimal, over-flow threshold detection on channel B set to 30 000 impulses per hour |
| 15 – 16 | 0x000A | =10 decimal, threshold tamper detection Channel A set to 10 impulses per hour |
| 17 – 18 | 0x0000 | threshold tamper detection Channel B set to 0 impulse per hour |
| 19 – 20 | 0x0003 | number of daily periods under tamper threshold (Channel A) set to 3 |
| 21 – 22 | 0x0005 | number of daily periods under tamper threshold (Channel B) set to 5 |
| 23 | 0x01 | sampling period of tamper 1 set to 1 |
| 24 | 0x03 | number of sampling necessary before tamper alarm for tamper 1 set to 3 |
| 25 | 0x06 | sampling period of tamper 2 set to 6 |
| 26 | 0x0A | number of sampling necessary before tamper alarm for tamper 2 set to 10 |
| 27 | 0x0D | number of redundant samples per frame set to 13 |

2.2.1.1 Sigfox / LoRaWAN US915 / LoRaWAN AS923

These frames are sent following the reception of a frame with code 0x01, or at the start of the product.

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|--|
| 0 | 0x10 | Frame code |
| 1 | Status | Status byte |
| 2 | S306 | Product mode |
| 3 – 4 | S301 | Transmit period, expressed in number of historizations |
| 5 | S320 | Input configuration (Channels A et B) |
| 6 - 7 | S321 | Historization period (x2 seconds) |
| 8 | S322 | Anti-bounce filter period (channels A and B) |
| 9 – 10 | S325 | Flow calculation period (minute) |

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| 0 | 0x10 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x00 | Frame counter: 0 Bit1@0: configuration consistent |
| 2 | 0x01 | mode PRODUCTION activated |
| 3 – 4 | 0x0002 | S301=0x0002 = 2 (decimal): 1 sending every 2 historizations/savings. |
| 5 | 0x39 | Input configuration (Channels A and B): • Channel A: activated, meter different than gas, tamper input activated • Channel B: activated, gas meter and tamper input deactivated |
| 6 - 7 | 0x012C | C=300 (decimal), so 1 historization every 10 minutes (300x2sec=600) |
| 8 | 0x57 | anti-bounce filter Channel A = 500ms and Channel B = 100ms |
| 9 – 10 | 0x003C | =60 decimal, flow calculation period is set to 60min |

In order to optimize the sending of the start frames, the 0x11 frame is only sent if the over-flow or leak alarm is active. If at least one of the following conditions is checked, the frame is sent:

- S326!=0
- S327!=0
- S330!=0
- S331!=0

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| 0 | 0x11 | Frame code |
| 1 | Status | Status byte |
| 2 - 3 | S326 | Flow threshold (channel A) |
| 4 - 5 | S327 | Flow threshold (channel B) |
| 6 - 7 | S328 | Leak threshold (channel A) |
| 8 - 9 | S329 | Leak threshold (channel B) |

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| 0 | 0x11 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x20 | Frame counter: 1 Bit1@0: configuration consistent |
| 2 - 3 | 0x2710 | =10 000 decimal, over-flow threshold detection on channel A set to 10 000 impulses per hour |
| 4 - 5 | 0x7530 | =30 000 decimal, over-flow threshold detection on channel B set to 30 000 impulses per hour |
| 6 - 7 | 0x000A | =10 decimal, threshold tamper detection Channel A set to 10 impulses per hour |
| 8 - 9 | 0x0000 | threshold tamper detection Channel B set to 0 impulse per hour |

To optimize the sending of start frames, the 0x12 frame is only sent if the leak or fraud alarm is active or if there is redundancy. If at least one of the following conditions is checked, the frame is sent:

- S330! = 0
- S331! = 0
- (S320 & 0x88)! = 0
- S340! = 0

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| 0 | 0x12 | Frame code |
| 1 | Status | Status byte |
| 2 - 3 | S330 | Number of daily periods under leak threshold (channel A) |
| 4 - 5 | S331 | Number of daily periods under leak threshold (channel B) |
| 6 | S332 | Sampling period for tamper 1 |
| 7 | S333 | Number of sampling necessary before sending the tamper alarm for tamper 1 |
| 8 | S334 | Sampling period for tamper 2 |
| 9 | S335 | Number of sampling necessary before sending the tamper alarm for tamper 2 |
| 10 | S340 | Number of redundant samples per frame |

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| 0 | 0x12 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x40 | Frame counter: 2 Bit1@0: configuration consistent |
| 2 - 3 | 0x0003 | number of daily periods under tamper threshold (Channel A) set to 3 |
| 4 - 5 | 0x0005 | number of daily periods under tamper threshold (Channel B) set to 5 |
| 6 | 0x01 | sampling period of tamper 1 set to 1 |
| 7 | 0x03 | number of sampling necessary before tamper alarm for tamper 1 set to 3 |
| 8 | 0x06 | sampling period of tamper 2 set to 6 |
| 9 | 0x0A | number of sampling necessary before tamper alarm for tamper 2 set to 10 |
| 10 | 0x0D | number of redundant samples per frame set to 13 |

2.2.2 Network configuration (0x20)

This frame is sent following the reception of a frame with code 0x02, or at the start of the product.

2.2.2.1 LoRaWAN EU868 / LoRaWAN US915 / LoRaWAN AS923

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| 0 | 0x20 | Frame code |
| 1 | Status | Status byte |
| 2 | S220 | LoRaWAN options Bit 0: Activation of the ADR ON (1)/OFF (0) Bit 1: Reserved Bit 2: DUTYCYCLE ON (1)/DUTYCYCLE OFF (0) Bits 3 & 4: Reserved Bits 5 to 7: Reserved |
| 3 | S221 | Provisioning mode (0: ABP, 1: OTAA) |

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|------|--|
| 0 | 0x20 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x20 | Frame counter: 1 Bit1@0: no Low Bat |
| 2 | 0x05 | Duty cycle activated ADR ON |
| 3 | 0x01 | OTAA |

2.2.2.2 Sigfox

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|-------------|
| 0 | 0x20 | Frame code |
| 1 | Status | Status byte |
| 2 | S202 | Retry count |

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|------|--|
| 0 | 0x20 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x20 | Frame counter: 1 Bit1@0: no Low Bat |
| 2 | 0x02 | 2 retries |

2.2.2.1 NB-IoT

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|--|
| 0 | 0x20 | Frame code |
| 1 | Status | Status byte |
| 2 - 32 | S312 | ASCII string of IP address (or domain name) of remote server |
| 33 - 34 | S313 | Port of remote server |
| 35 - 36 | S314 | Local port |
| 37 - 67 | S307 | ASCII string of Access Point Name (APN) |

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--|--|
| 0 | 0x20 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x20 | Frame counter: 1 Bit1@0: no Low Bat |
| 2 - 32 | 34 36 2E 32 31 38 2E 37 35 2E 33 33 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | "46.218.75.33" |
| 33 - 34 | 0x26A0 | 9888 |
| 35 - 36 | 0x2328 | 9000 |
| 37 - 67 | 69 6F 74 69 6E 74 65 72 6E 65 74 00 | "iotinternet" |

2.2.3 Software version (0x37)

This frame is sent at the start of the product only if KARE+ is enabled.

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|-------------|--|
| 0 | 0x37 | Frame code |
| 1 | Status | Status byte |
| 2-4 | APP version | Byte 5 : MAJOR Byte 6 : MINOR Byte 7 : PATCH |
| 5-7 | RTU version | Byte 5 : MAJOR Byte 6 : MINOR Byte 7 : PATCH |

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| 0 | 0x37 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x20 | Frame counter: 1 Bit1@0: no LowBat |
| 2-4 | 0x020100 | APP v2.1.0 |
| 5-7 | 0x020001 | RTU v2.0.1 |

2.2.4 Keep alive frame (0x30)

This frame (0x30) is transmitted 24 hours after the startup of the application or after the transmission of the previous Keep Alive frame.

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| 0 | 0x30 | Frame code |
| 1 | Status | Status byte |
| 2 | Alarms | bit to 1 if the alarm is activated else 0: • Bit 0 – Exceeding flow on channel A • Bit 1 – Exceeding flow on channel B • Bit 2 – Tamper detected on channel A • Bit 3 – Tamper detected on channel B • Bit 4 – Leak detected on channel A • Bit 5 – Leak detected on channel B • Bit 6/7 – Reserved |
| 3 - 4 | Max flow - channel A | maximum measured flow on channel A within the last 24 hours |
| 5 - 6 | Max flow - channel B | maximum measured flow on channel B within the last 24 hours |
| 7 - 8 | Min flow - channel A | minimum measured flow on channel A within the last 24 hours |
| 9 - 10 | Min flow - channel B | minimum measured flow on channel B within the last 24 hours |
| 11 - 14 | Timestamp | Only for LoRaWAN EU868 or NB-IoT products with timestamping enabled. Timestamp of the frame in EPOCH 2013 format |

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| 0 | 0x30 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x22 | Frame counter: 1 Bit1@1: Low Bat detected |
| 2 | 0x19 | (00011001) binary which gives: • Bit 0 = 1 – Exceeding flow on channel A • Bit 1 = 0 – No exceeding flow on channel B • Bit 2 = 0 – No tamper detected on channel A • Bit 3 = 1 – Tamper detected on channel B • Bit 4 = 1 – Leak detected on channel A • Bit 5 = 0 – No leak detected on channel B • Bit 6/7 – Reserved |
| 3 - 4 | 0x310A | = 0x310A so 12,554 pulses per hour |
| 5 - 6 | 0x12C4 | = 0x12C4 so 4,804 pulses per hour |
| 7 - 8 | 0x0010 | = 0x0010 so 16 pulses per hour |
| 9 - 10 | 0x0000 | = 0x0000 so 0 pulse per hour |

2.2.5 Periodic data without historization (0x46)

This frame (0x46) is transmitted at the frequency defined in register S321 and only if register 301 is set to 1.

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|---------------------|---|
| 0 | 0x46 | Frame code |
| 1 | Status | Status byte |
| 2 – 5 | Counter - channel A | Counter value for channel A when transmitting the frame |
| 6 - 9 | Counter - channel B | Counter value for channel B when transmitting the frame |
| 10 - 13 | Timestamp | Only for LoRaWAN EU868 or NB-IoT products with timestamping enabled. Timestamp of the last index in EPOCH 2013 format. |

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|------------|--|
| 0 | 0x46 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x20 | Frame counter: 1 Bit1@0: Low Bat not detected |
| 2 – 5 | 0x00015C4F | = 89,167 pulses |
| 6 - 9 | 0x0000F74A | = 63,306 pulses |

2.2.6 Alarm frame (0x47)

This frame (0x47) is sent if the measured flow of one of the channels exceeds the configured threshold for this channel (registers S326 and S327).

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---|
| 0 | 0x47 | Frame code |
| 1 | Status | Status byte |
| 2 – 3 | Measured flow - channel A | Measured flow on channel A when detecting the exceeding of flow, in pulses per hour |
| 4 - 5 | Measured flow - channel B | Measured flow on channel B when detecting the exceeding of flow, in pulses per hour |
| 6 - 9 | Timestamp | Only for LoRaWAN EU868 or NB-IoT products with timestamping enabled. Timestamp of the frame in EPOCH 2013 format |

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|-----------|--|
| 0 | 0x47 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0xA0 | Frame counter: 5 Bit1@0: Low Bat not detected |
| 2 - 3 | 0x2904 | = 10,500 pulses per hour |
| 4 - 5 | 0x206C | = 8,300 pulses per hour |
| 6 - 9 | 0xED9C520 | Timestamp : 2020-11-23 17:06:40 |

2.2.7 Periodic frame with historization (0x5A / 0x5B)

These frames (0x5A et 0x5B) are sent, if the corresponding channels are activated (S320), at the period defined by registers S321 x S301.

Maximum number of samples per frame:

- | | |
|--------------------------|--|
| • LoRaWAN EU868: | 23 index samples (21 samples with time stamping) |
| • Sigfox: | 4 index samples |
| • LoRaWAN US915 / AS923: | 3 index samples |
| • NB-IoT: | 498 index samples (496 samples with time stamping) |

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|---|--|
| 0 | 0x5A / 0x5B | Frame code Channel A: 0x5A Channel B: 0x5B |
| 1 | Status | Status byte |
| 2 - 5 | Index at t0 | |
| 6 - 7 | Variation of the index Between t0 and t-1 | WARNING: if max capacity in the frame is reached the warning bit appeared in status byte. In this case, the product will send the most recent samples at the expense of the oldest ones that will be lost. |
| 8 - 9 | Variation of the index Between t-1 and t-2 | |
| ... | | |
| | Timestamp | Only for LoRaWAN EU868 or NB-IoT products with timestamping enabled. Timestamp of the last index in EPOCH 2013 format |

Decoding example (for 2 samples):

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|------------|--|
| 0 | 0x5A | this frame is for channel A |
| 1 | 0x82 | Frame counter: 4 Bit1@1: Low Bat detected |
| 2-5 | 0x00015C4F | 89 167 impulses at t0 |
| 4-5 | 0xE6F3 | 59 123 impulses of difference between t0 and t-1 |

2.2.8 Response to Get register request (0x31)

Following reception of a downlink frame with the code 0x40, the frame 0x31 is transmitted. It contains all the values of the registers requested in the downlink frame 0x40.

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|---------|---------------------------------|
| 0 | 0x31 | Frame code |
| 1 | Status | Status byte |
| 2-3 | Value 1 | If value 1 is a 2-byte register |
| 4 | Value 2 | If value 2 is a 1-byte register |
| 5-8 | Value 3 | If value 3 is a 4-byte register |
| ... | | |

If an error is detected in the request, the returned 0x31 frame will be empty.

Note: the size of the data registers is variable depending on the register number. Refer to the list of registers to determine the size of each one and to deduce the total size of the data returned by the 0x31 frame.

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|------------|--|
| 0 | 0x31 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x80 | Frame counter: 4 Bit1@0: Low Bat not detected |
| 2-3 | 0x1234 | 4660 (considering that value 1 is a 2-byte register) |
| 4 | 0xFF | 255 (considering that value 2 is a 1-byte register) |
| 5-8 | 0x00000000 | 0 (considering that value 3 is a 4-byte register) |
| ... | | |

2.2.9 Response to Set register request (0x33)

Following reception of a downlink frame with the code 0x41, the frame 0x33 is transmitted. It shows whether the downlink frame (0x41) has been received and gives information on the support status of the latter.

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|----------------|---|
| 0 | 0x33 | Frame code |
| 1 | Status | |
| 2 | Request status | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 0x00: N/A - 0x01: success - 0x02: success – no update (value to set is the current register value) - 0x03: error – coherency - 0x04: error – invalid register - 0x05: error – invalid value - 0x06: error – truncated value - 0x07: error – access not allowed - 0x08: error – other reason |
| 3-4 | Register Id | Indicates to the user the register that caused the error (only if "Request Status" is different from 0x01). |

CAUTION: if the request 0x41 concerns several registers, the device will stop the analysis of the Downlink request at the first error and will send the Status frame with the reason and the identifier of the register concerned.

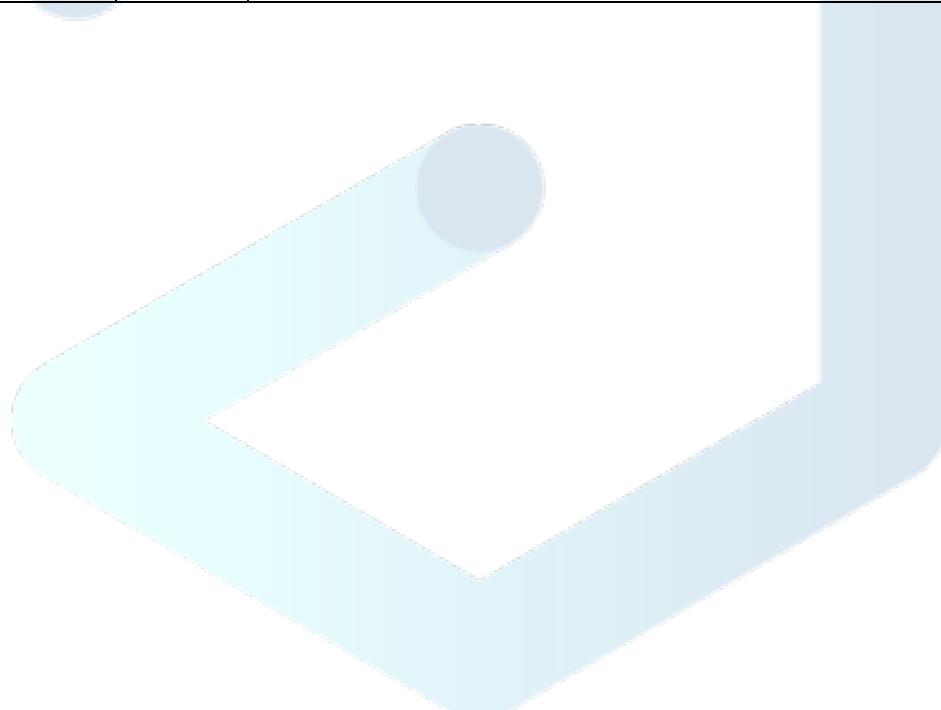
In the event of an error, if a partial reconfiguration has taken place before the error was detected, the device restarts and returns to its last valid configuration. As a result, you will have to configure the device again with the new data.

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|--|
| 0 | 0x33 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x80 | Frame counter: 4 Bit1@0: Low Bat not detected |
| 2 | 0x04 | invalid register |
| 3-4 | 0x013F | 319: register S319 does not exist (should be S3XX) |

2.2.10 Transmit conditions

| Description | Network | Frame code | Sending conditions |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------|---|
| Status (product configuration) | LoRaWAN EU868 / NB-IoT | 0x10 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Start of the product (switch to OPERATION mode). Exit configuration mode (AT command) 0x01 frame reception (product config recovery) |
| | Sigfox / LoRaWAN US915 / LoRaWAN AS923 | 0x10, 0x11, 0x12 | |
| Network status | All | 0x20 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Start of the product (switch to OPERATION mode). Out of configuration mode (AT command) 0x02 frame reception (network config recovery) |
| Daily frame (keep alive) | All | 0x30 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 24 hours have passed since the start or last sending of this frame |
| Software version | LoRaWAN EU868 / Sigfox | 0x37 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Start of the product (only if KARE+ is activated) |
| Periodic data frame without history | All | 0x46 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Start of the product (switch to OPERATION mode). Exit configuration mode (AT command) Shipping period reached (period defined by register S321 with S301 to 1) |
| Alarm frame | All | 0x47 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exceeding the over-flow alarm threshold on one of the two lanes (sending only if over-flow control is activated by writing a different value of zero in the S326 or S327 register). |
| Periodic data frame with history | All | 0x5A 0x5B | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transmit period reached (period defined by registers S321 and S301) Frame 0x5A for Track A Frame 0x5B for track B |



2.3 Downlink Frame format

2.3.1 Get applicative configuration (0x01)

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|------------------|------|-------------|
| 0 | 0x01 | Frame code |

When the device receives the downlink, it will generate a product configuration frame (0x10).

2.3.2 Get network configuration (0x02)

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|------------------|------|-------------|
| 0 | 0x02 | Frame code |

When the device receives the downlink, it will generate a network configuration frame (0x20).

2.3.3 Add offset to pulse counters (0x03)

2.3.3.1 LoRaWAN EU868, LoRaWAN US915, LoRaWAN AS923, NB-IoT (0x03)

This frame allows to add an offset to the counter value on each channel.

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|------------------|--------------------|--|
| 0 | 0x03 | Frame code |
| 1 - 4 | Offset - channel A | Offset - channel A: numbers of pulses to add to current index of the meter (channel A) (unsigned 32-bits, MSB first) |
| 5 - 8 | Offset - channel B | Offset - channel B: numbers of pulses to add to current index of the meter (channel B) (unsigned 32-bits, MSB first) |

Coding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| 0 | 0x03 | Frame code |
| 1 - 4 | 0x00000015 | 21 pulses to add to channel A counter |
| 5 - 8 | 0x00000050 | 80 pulses to add to channel B counter |

2.3.3.1 Sigfox (0x03 & 0x04)

These frames allow to add an offset to the counter value on each channel.

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|------------------|--------------------|--|
| 0 | 0x03 | Frame code |
| 1 - 4 | Offset - channel A | Offset - channel A: numbers of pulses to add to current index of the meter (channel A) (unsigned 32-bits, MSB first) |

Coding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| 0 | 0x03 | Frame code |
| 1 - 4 | 0x00000015 | 21 pulses to add to channel A counter |

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 0 | 0x04 | Frame code |
| 1 - 4 | Offset - channel B | Offset - channel B : numbers of pulses to add to current index of the meter (channel B) (unsigned 32-bits, MSB first) |

Coding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| 0 | 0x04 | Frame code |
| 1 - 4 | 0x00000050 | 80 pulses to add to channel A counter |

2.3.4 Get registers (0x40)

This frame (0x40) allows you to inform the device through the network that it must send the values of specific S3XX registers in an uplink frame (0x31).

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|---------|--|
| 0 | 0x40 | Frame code |
| 1 | CONFID1 | Index of the register to be sent. The corresponding register is 300 + CONFIDX value. |
| 2 | CONFID2 | |
| 3 | CONFID3 | |

IMPORTANT: the user can specify several CONF IDs in the downlink frame but it is up to the user's responsibility to verify that according to the protocol, the size of the data available in a downlink will be large enough to contain all the desired data. Otherwise, the application will send only the first values.

In Sigfox mode: backend may request to send 8 bytes in a downlink. All unused bytes should set to 0xFF to ask the product to stop the downlink frame parsing.

Coding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|------------|----------------------------|
| 0 | 0x40 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x00 | Get register S300 |
| 2 | 0x14 | Get register S320 |
| 3 | 0x20 | Get register S332 |
| 4-7 | 0xFFFFFFFF | In SFX: ignored by product |

2.3.5 Set registers (0x41)

This frame (0x41) allows you to change the value of requested S3XX registers.

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---|
| 0 | 0x41 | Frame code |
| 1 | CONFID1 | Index of the register to be changed. The corresponding register is “300 + CONFID1” |
| 2 | Value of CONF ID 1 | Value to set In this example, its value is contained in 1 byte |
| 3 | CONFID2 | Index of the register to be changed. The corresponding register is “300 + CONFID2” |
| 4-5 | Value of CONF ID 2 | Value to set In this example, its value is contained in 2 bytes |
| ... | | |

Following the sending of the downlink 0x41, the associated uplink 0x33 is immediately returned. If the update of the register(s) went well, the device will perform a backup and begin its restart procedure automatically. In addition, the Config bit of the status byte will be set to 1 in the next scheduled uplink frame (periodic or alarm or keep alive frame) if everything went well.

Coding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| 0 | 0x41 | Frame code |
| 1 | 0x14 | Register to modify is S320 |
| 2-3 | 0x00AA | Value to set in S320 is 170 (S320 is a 2-byte register) |
| 4 | 0x1D | Register to modify is S329 |
| 5 | 0x02 | Value to set in S330 is 2 (S329 is a 1-byte register) |
| ... | | |

2.3.6 Reboot (0x48)

This frame (0x48) allows you to reboot the device.

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|-------|--|
| 0 | 0x48 | Frame code |
| 1-2 | delay | Delay before reboot in minutes (from 1 to 65535) |

Following the sending of the downlink 0x48, an uplink ACK (0x2F) is sent. After the specified delay, the device will then begin its restart procedure.

Coding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------|--|
| 0 | 0x48 | Frame code |
| 1-2 | 0x05A0 | Reboot of the product in 24 hours (1440 minutes) |

2.3.7 Set time (0x49)

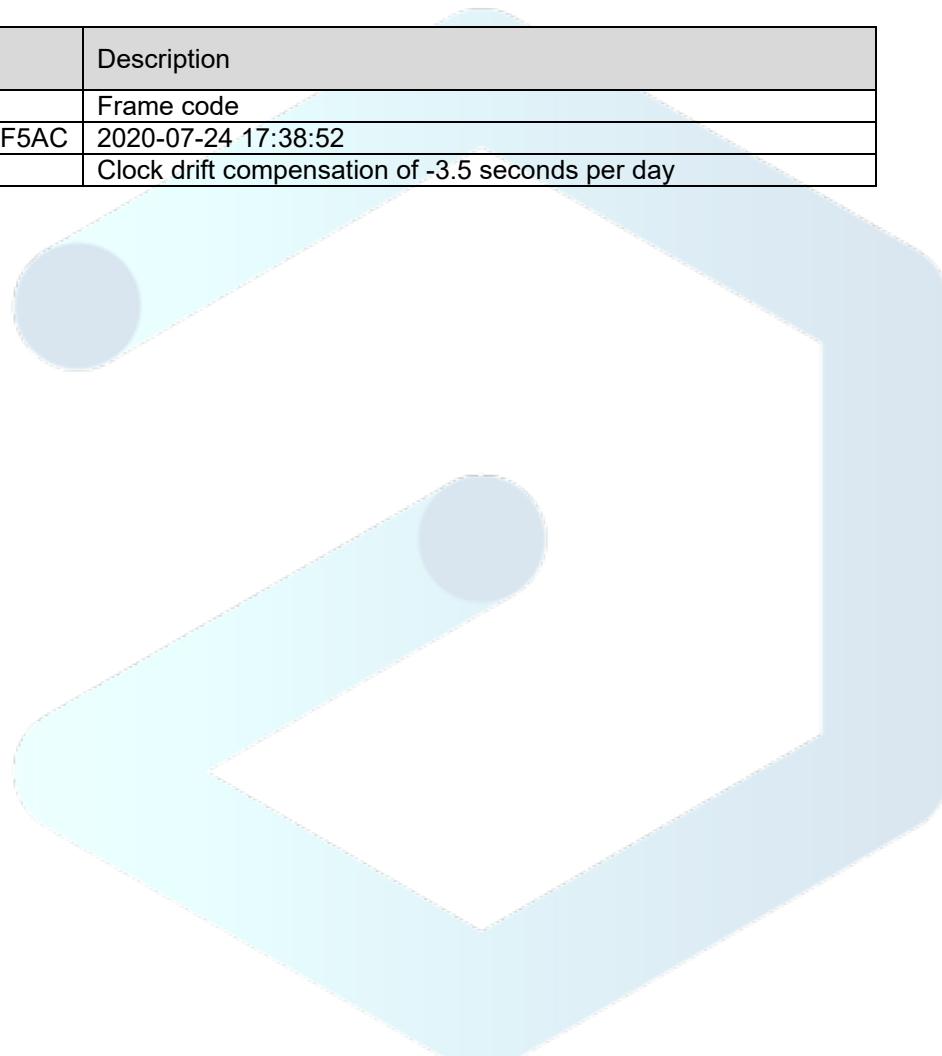
This frame (0x49) allows you to set the time of the device.

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 0 | 0x49 | Frame code |
| 1-4 | Date / time | Date / time to set (EPOCH2013 format). Date / time is valid from 2020/01/01 00:00:00 to 2089/12/31 23:59:59 Use 0xFFFFFFFF value to not change current time. |
| 5 | Clock drift compensation | Compensation of the clock drift (in tenth of seconds per day). Valid values are from -100 to 100 (-10.0 to 10.0 seconds per day). Use 0x80 value to not change current drift compensation. |

Following the sending of the downlink 0x49, an uplink ACK (0x2F) is sent.

Coding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|------------|--|
| 0 | 0x49 | Frame code |
| 1-4 | 0x0E38F5AC | 2020-07-24 17:38:52 |
| 5 | 0xDD | Clock drift compensation of -3.5 seconds per day |



2.4 NB-IoT Header

NB-IoT products send and receive UDP frames.

Compared to Sigfox and LoRa frames, NB-IoT frames have an additional header.

2.4.1 Uplink frames

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| 0-7 | IMEI | International Mobile Equipment Identity (IMEI) of the product (15 digits in BCD format). |
| 8 | Radio Signal quality | Value from 0 to 5. |
| 9-12 | Frame counter | Frame counter since product reset. |

Decoding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0-7 | 86 84 46 03 81 30 52 80 | IMEI : 868446038130528 |
| 8 | 3 | Radio Quality : 3 / 5 |
| 9-12 | 10 2A 12 55 | Frame counter : 271192661 |

2.4.2 Downlink frames

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|------|---|
| 0-7 | IMEI | International Mobile Equipment Identity (IMEI) of the product (BCD format). |

Coding example:

| Offset (in byte) | Data | Description |
|---------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 0-7 | 86 84 46 03 81 30 52 80 | IMEI : 868446038130528 |