
PB01 -- LoRaWAN Button User Manual

last modified by Xiaoling

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1. Introduction

1.1 What is PB01 LoRaWAN Push Button

PB01 LoRaWAN Button is a LoRaWAN wireless device with one **push button**. Once user push the button, PB01 will transfer the signal to IoT server via Long Range LoRaWAN wireless protocol. PB01 also senses the **environment temperature & humidity** and will also uplink these data to IoT Server.

PB01 supports **2 x AAA batteries** and works for a long time up to several years*. User can replace the batteries easily after they are finished.

PB01 has a built-in speaker, it can pronouns different sound when press button and get reply from server. The speaker can by disable if user want it.

PB01 is fully compatible with LoRaWAN v1.0.3 protocol, it can work with standard LoRaWAN gateway.

*Battery life depends how often to send data, please see [battery analyzer](#).

1.2 Features

- Wall Attachable.
- LoRaWAN v1.0.3 Class A protocol.
- 1 x push button. Different Color available.
- Built-in Temperature & Humidity sensor
- Built-in speaker
- Frequency Bands: CN470/EU433/KR920/US915/EU868/AS923/AU915
- AT Commands to change parameters
- Remote configure parameters via LoRaWAN Downlink
- Firmware upgradable via program port
- Support 2 x AAA LR03 batteries.
- IP Rating: IP52

1.3 Specification

Built-in Temperature Sensor:

- Resolution: 0.01 °C
- Accuracy Tolerance: Typ ± 0.2 °C
- Long Term Drift: < 0.03 °C/yr

- Operating Range: -10 ~ 50 °C or -40 ~ 60 °C (depends on battery type, see [FAQ](#))

Built-in Humidity Sensor:

- Resolution: 0.01 %RH
- Accuracy Tolerance: Typ ±1.8 %RH
- Long Term Drift: < 0.2% RH/yr
- Operating Range: 0 ~ 99.0 %RH(no Dew)

1.4 Power Consumption

PB01 : Idle: 5uA, Transmit: max 110mA

1.5 Storage & Operation Temperature

-10 ~ 50 °C or -40 ~ 60 °C (depends on battery type, see [FAQ](#))

1.6 Applications

- Smart Buildings & Home Automation
- Logistics and Supply Chain Management
- Smart Metering
- Smart Agriculture
- Smart Cities
- Smart Factory

2. Operation Mode

2.1 How it work?

Each PB01 is shipped with a worldwide unique set of LoRaWAN OTAA keys. To use PB01 in a LoRaWAN network, user needs to input the OTAA keys in LoRaWAN network server. After this, if PB01 is under this LoRaWAN network coverage, PB01 can join the LoRaWAN network and start to transmit sensor data. The default period for each uplink is **20 minutes**.

2.2 How to Activate PB01?

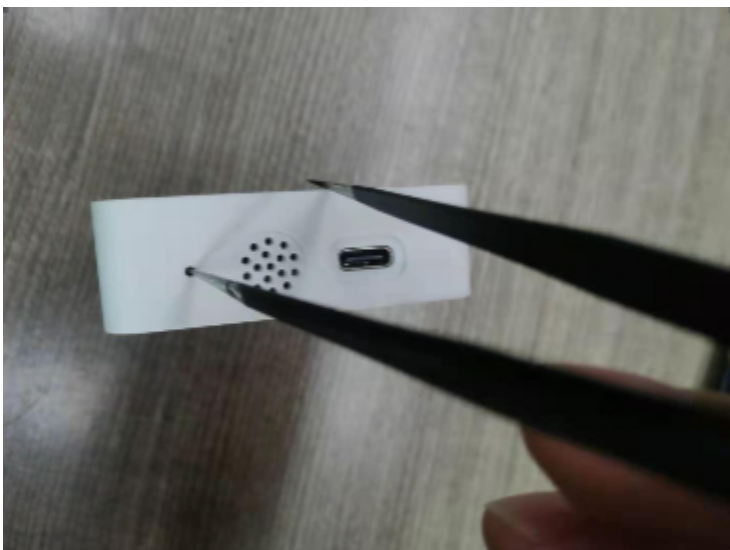
- 1. Open enclosure from below position.**



2. Insert 2 x AAA LR03 batteries and the node is activated.



3. Under the above conditions, users can also reactivate the node by long pressing the ACT button.

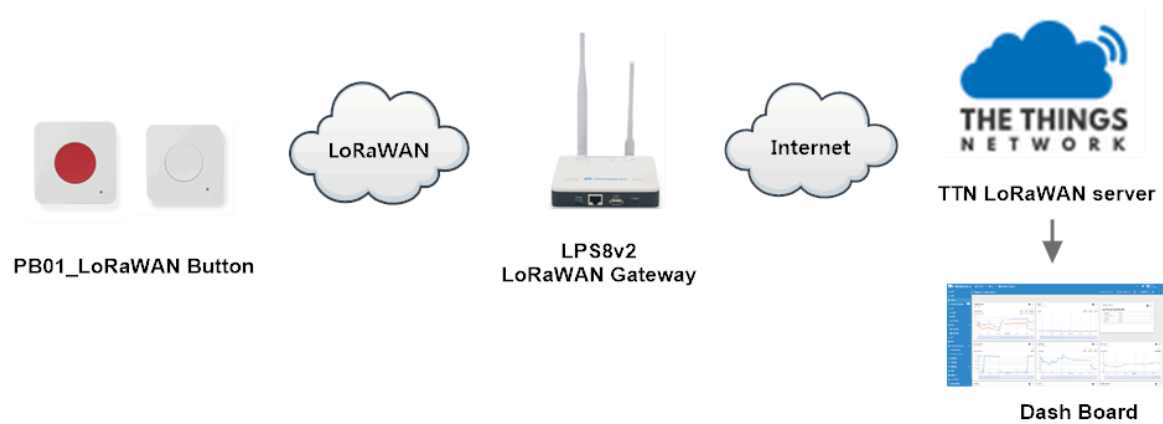


User can check [LED Status](#) to know the working state of PB01.

2.3 Example to join LoRaWAN network

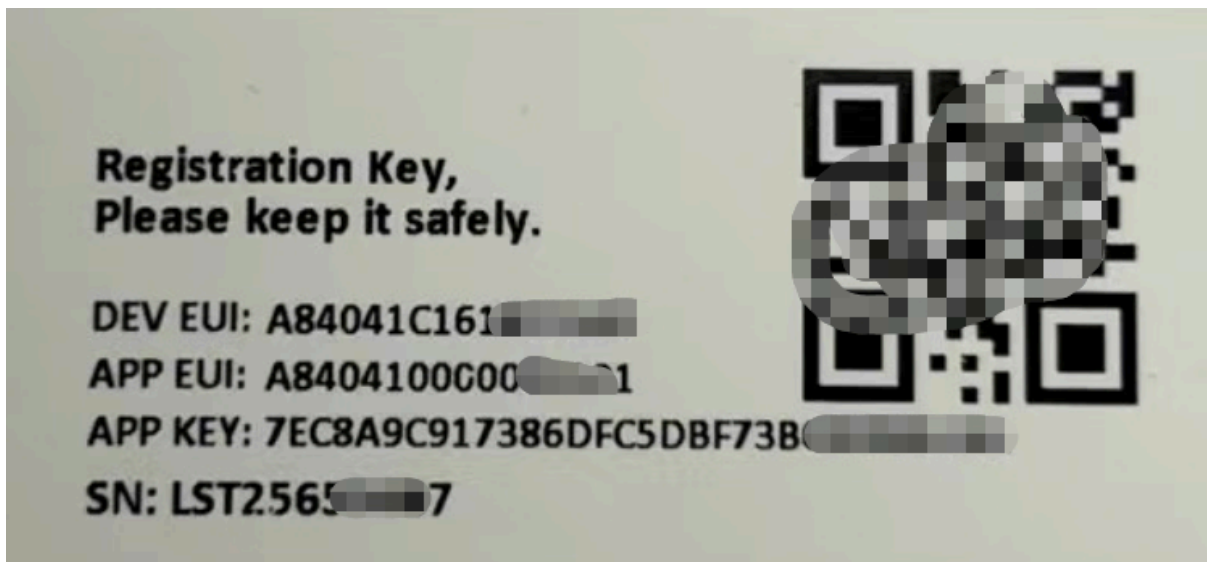
This section shows an example for how to join the [TheThingsNetwork](#) LoRaWAN IoT server. Usages with other LoRaWAN IoT servers are of similar procedure.

Assume the LPS8v2 is already set to connect to [TTN V3 network](#). We need to add the PB01 device in TTN V3 portal.



Step 1: Create a device in TTN V3 with the OTAA keys from PB01.

Each PB01 is shipped with a sticker with the default DEV EUI as below:



Enter these keys in the LoRaWAN Server portal. Below is TTN V3 screen shot:

Create application.

choose to create the device manually.

Add JoinEUI(AppEUI), DevEUI, AppKey.

The screenshot shows the 'Applications' management page in the LoRaWAN dashboard. The navigation bar includes 'Overview', 'Applications' (highlighted with a red box), 'Gateways', and 'Organizations'. The 'Applications' page title is 'Create application'. Below the title, there is a brief explanation of applications and a link to a guide on 'Adding Applications'. The form contains three input fields: 'Application ID*' with the value 'my-new-application', 'Application name' with the value 'My new application', and 'Description' with the value 'Description for my new application'. A red box highlights the 'Create application' button at the bottom of the form.

Applications

Overview Gateways Organizations

Create application

Within applications, you can register and manage end devices and their network data. After setting up your device fleet, use one of our many integration options to pass relevant data to your external services.
Learn more in our guide on [Adding Applications](#).

Application ID*
my-new-application

Application name
My new application

Description
Description for my new application

Optional application description; can also be used to save notes about the application

Create application

The screenshot displays the LoRaWAN application management interface. At the top, there are navigation tabs for Overview, Applications, Gateways, and Organizations. The 'Applications' tab is selected, showing the details for an application named 'zero' (ID: zero). The interface includes a sidebar with navigation options like Overview, End devices, Live data, Payload formatters, Integrations, Collaborators, API keys, and General settings. The main content area shows the application's general information, including its ID, creation and update dates, and a live data feed of uplink messages. Below this is a table of end devices (23 total) with columns for ID, Name, DevEUI, JoinEUI, and Last activity. A red box highlights the '+ Register end device' button in the top right of the end devices section.

Applications > zero

zero
ID: zero

Last activity 3 minutes ago

23 End devices 2 Collaborators 0 API keys

General Information

Application ID: zero

Created at: Aug 21, 2023 17:03:32

Last updated at: Aug 21, 2023 17:03:32

Live data

- 14:10:20 eui-fa2345... Forward uplink data message
- 14:15:36 eui-003586... Forward uplink data message
- 14:12:26 eui-a84041... Forward uplink data message
- 14:10:26 eui-a84041... Forward uplink data message
- 14:10:17 eui-fa2345... Forward uplink data message
- 14:00:26 eui-a84041... Forward uplink data message

End devices (23)

Search Import end devices + Register end device

ID	Name	DevEUI	JoinEUI	Last activity
eui-fa23455555555555	PB01	FA 23 45 55 55 55 55 55	FF AA 23 45 42 42 41 11	3 min. ago
eui-003586ec8db99ea	RS485LB	00 35 86 EC 00 B9 9E 01	F1 88 FB D9 FC 68 F1 00	7 days ago
eui-a840414a818519ae	CPL01新固件	A8 40 41 4A 01 85 19 AE	A8 40 41 00 00 00 01 01	9 min. ago
eui-70b3d57ed006ff4		70 83 D5 7E 00 06 6F F4	00 25 0C 00 00 01 00 00	yesterday

The screenshot shows the 'Register end device' page in the LoRaWAN management interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Overview', 'Applications' (highlighted in red), 'Gateways', and 'Organizations'. The left sidebar contains various menu items, with 'End devices' selected. The main content area is titled 'Register end device' and includes a QR code scanning option and a link for 'Device registration help'. Under the 'End device type' section, the 'Input method' is set to 'Enter end device specifics manually' (highlighted in red). Below this, there are three dropdown menus for 'Frequency plan' (Europe 863-870 MHz), 'LoRaWAN version' (LoRaWAN Specification 1.0.3), and 'Regional Parameters version' (RP001: Regional Parameters 1.0.3 revision A). A 'Show advanced activation, LoRaWAN class and cluster settings' link is visible. The 'Provisioning information' section shows the 'JoinEUI' field (highlighted in red) with a 'Confirm' button. A note at the bottom states: 'To continue, please enter the JoinEUI of the end device so we can determine onboarding options'.

Select the end device in the LoRaWAN Device Repository

Enter end device specifics manually

Frequency plan [ⓘ] *

Europe 863-870 MHz (SF12 for RX2)

LoRaWAN version [ⓘ] *

LoRaWAN Specification 1.0.3

Regional Parameters version [ⓘ] *

RP001 Regional Parameters 1.0.3 revision A

[Show advanced activation, LoRaWAN class and cluster settings](#) v

Provisioning information

JoinEUI [ⓘ] *

00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

This end device can be registered on the network

DevEUI [ⓘ] *

..... 9/50 used

AppKey [ⓘ] *

.....

End device ID [ⓘ] *

my-new-device

This value is automatically prefilled using the DevEUI

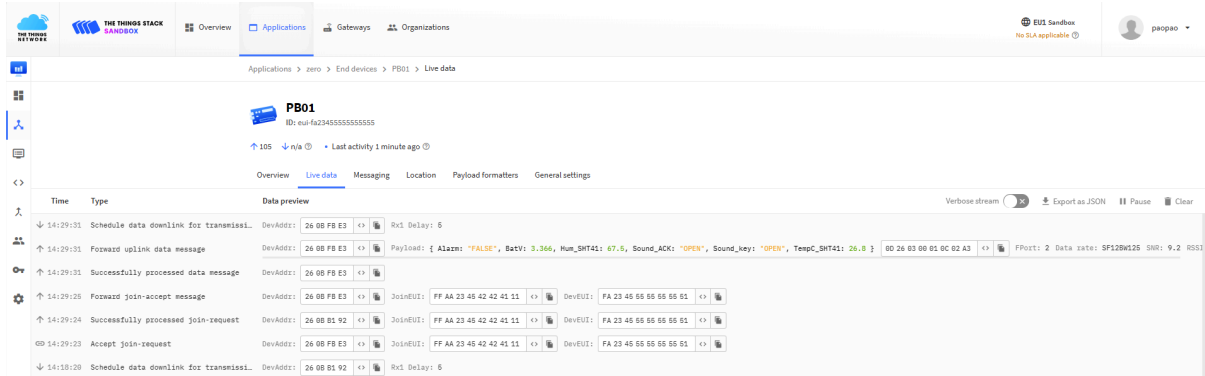
After registration

View registered end device

Register another end device of this type

Default mode OTAA

Step 2: Use ACT button to activate PB01 and it will auto join to the TTN V3 network. After join success, it will start to upload sensor data to TTN V3 and user can see in the panel.



2.4 Uplink Payload

Uplink payloads include two types: Valid Sensor Value and other status / control command.

- Valid Sensor Value: Use FPORT=2
- Other control command: Use FPORT other than 2.

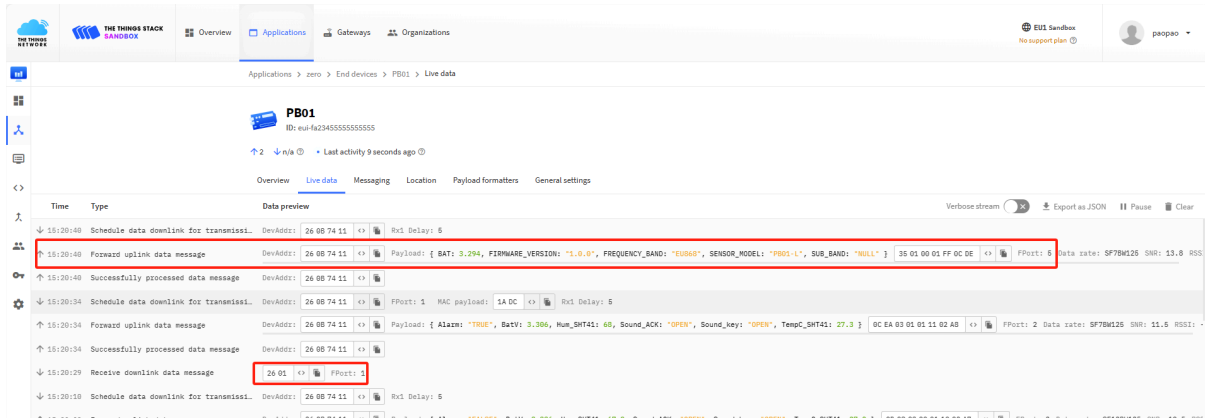
2.4.1 Uplink FPORT=5, Device Status

Users can get the Device Status uplink through the downlink command:

Downlink: 0x2601

Uplink the device configures with FPORT=5.

Size(bytes)	1	2	1	1	2
Value	Sensor Model	Firmware Version	Frequency Band	Sub-band	BAT



Example Payload (FPort=5): **35 01 00 01 FF 0C DE**

Sensor Model: For PB01, this value is 0x35.

Firmware Version: 0x0100, Means: v1.0.0 version.

Frequency Band:

- *0x01: EU868
- *0x02: US915
- *0x03: IN865
- *0x04: AU915
- *0x05: KZ865
- *0x06: RU864
- *0x07: AS923
- *0x08: AS923-1
- *0x09: AS923-2
- *0x0a: AS923-3

Sub-Band: value 0x00 ~ 0x08(only for CN470, AU915,US915. Others are0x00)

BAT: shows the battery voltage for PB01.

Ex1: 0x0C DE = 3294mV

2.4.2 Uplink FPORT=2, Real time sensor value

PB01 will send this uplink after Device Status uplink once join LoRaWAN network successfully. And it will periodically send this uplink. Default interval is 20 minutes and [can be changed](#).

Uplink uses FPORT=2 and every 20 minutes send one uplink by default.

Size(bytes)	2	1	1	2	2
Value	Battery	Sound_ACK	Alarm	Temperature	Humidity
		&Sound_key			

Example in TTN.

The screenshot shows the TTN Live data interface for device PB01. It displays a list of messages with details such as Time, Type, DevAddr, and Payload. Two uplink messages are highlighted with red boxes, showing a payload of { Alarm: "FALSE", BatV: 3.474, Hum_SHT41: 72.5, Sound_ACK: "OPEN", Sound_key: "OPEN", Temp_SHT41: 25.3 } and a data rate of SF7BW125 SNR: 13.6 RSSI: -100. The FPort field is highlighted in red and set to 2.

Example Payload (FPort=2): **0C EA 03 01 01 11 02 A8**

Battery:

Check the battery voltage.

- Ex1: 0x0CEA = 3306mV
- Ex2: 0x0D08 = 3336mV

Sound_ACK & Sound_key:

Key sound and ACK sound are enabled by default.

- Example1: 0x03
Sound_ACK: (03>>1) & 0x01=1, OPEN.
Sound_key: 03 & 0x01=1, OPEN.
- Example2: 0x01
Sound_ACK: (01>>1) & 0x01=0, CLOSE.
Sound_key: 01 & 0x01=1, OPEN.

Alarm:

Key alarm.

- Ex1: 0x01 & 0x01=1, TRUE.
- Ex2: 0x00 & 0x01=0, FALSE.

Temperature:

- Example1: 0x0111/10=27.3°C
- Example2: (0xFF0D-65536)/10=-24.3°C

If payload is: FF0D : (FF0D & 8000 == 1) , temp = (FF0D - 65536)/100 =-24.3°C

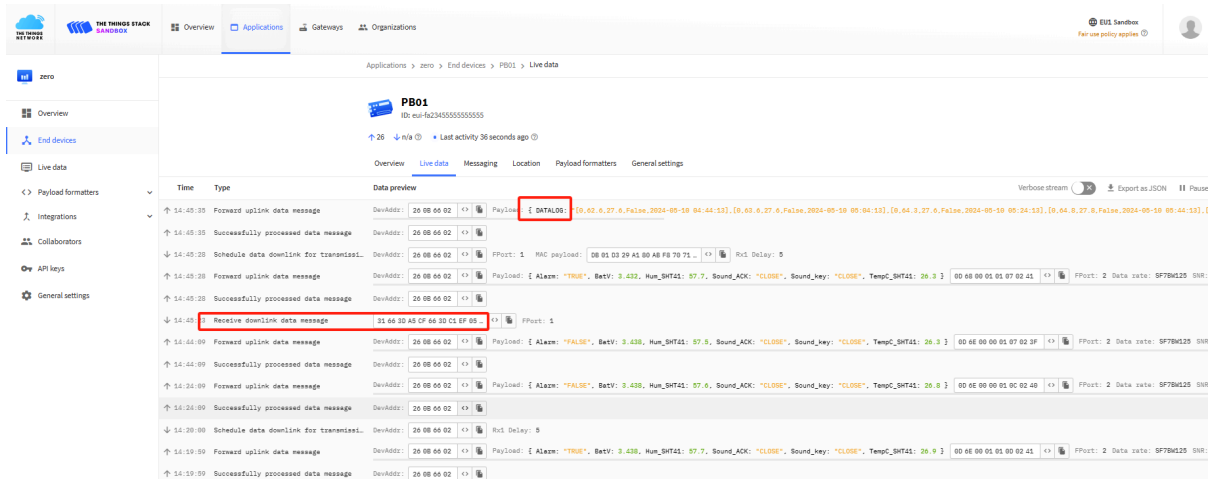
(FF0D & 8000: Judge whether the highest bit is 1, when the highest bit is 1, it is *negative*)

Humidity:

- Humidity: 0x02A8/10=68.0%

2.4.3 Uplink FPORT=3, Datalog sensor value

PB01 stores sensor value and user can retrieve these history value via downlink command. The Datalog sensor value are sent via FPORT=3.



- Each data entry is 11 bytes, to save airtime and battery, PB01 will send max bytes according to the current DR and Frequency bands.

For example, in US915 band, the max payload for different DR is:

1. **DR0**: max is 11 bytes so one entry of data
2. **DR1**: max is 53 bytes so devices will upload 4 entries of data (total 44 bytes)
3. **DR2**: total payload includes 11 entries of data
4. **DR3**: total payload includes 22 entries of data.

Notice: PB01 will save 178 set of history data, If device doesn't have any data in the polling time. Device will uplink 11 bytes of 0.

See more info about the [Datalog feature](#).

2.4.4 Decoder in TTN V3

In LoRaWAN protocol, the uplink payload is HEX format, user need to add a payload formatter/decoder in LoRaWAN Server to get human friendly string.

In TTN , add formatter as below:

The screenshot shows the 'Payload formatters' configuration page for a device named 'PB01'. The breadcrumb trail is 'Applications > zero > End devices > PB01 > Payload formatters > Uplink'. The 'Payload formatters' tab is highlighted with a red box. Below it, the 'Uplink' section is also highlighted with a red box. A dropdown menu for 'Formatter type*' is set to 'Custom Javascript formatter', with a red arrow pointing to it. The 'Formatter code*' field contains the following JavaScript code:

```
1 function dataLog(i,bytes){
2   var aa= parseFloat(((bytes[0+i]<<24>>16 | bytes[1+i])/10).toFixed(1));
3   var bb= parseFloat(((bytes[2+i]<<24>>16 | bytes[3+i])/10).toFixed(1));
4   var cc= parseFloat(((bytes[4+i]<<24>>16 | bytes[5+i])/10).toFixed(1));
5   var dd= (bytes[6+i]&0x01) ? 'True':'False';
6   var ee= getDate((bytes[7+i]<<24 | bytes[8+i]<<16 | bytes[9+i]<<8 | bytes[10+i]).toStrin
7   var string='['+aa+', '+bb+', '+cc+', '+dd+', '+ee+'],'+','';
8
9   return string;
10 }
11
12 function getc(c_num){
13   if(parseInt(c_num) < 10)
14     c_num = '0' + c_num;
15
16   return c_num;
17 }
18
19 function getMyDate(str){
20   var c_Date;
21   if(str > 9999999999)
22     c_Date = new Date(parseInt(str));
23   else
24     c_Date = new Date(parseInt(str) * 1000);
25 }
```

At the bottom of the page, a 'Save changes' button is highlighted with a red arrow. On the right side, there are sections for 'Test' (Byte payload, Decoded test payload) and 'Complete uplink data'.

Please check the decoder from this link: <https://github.com/dragino/dragino-end-node-decoder>

2.5 Show data on Datacake

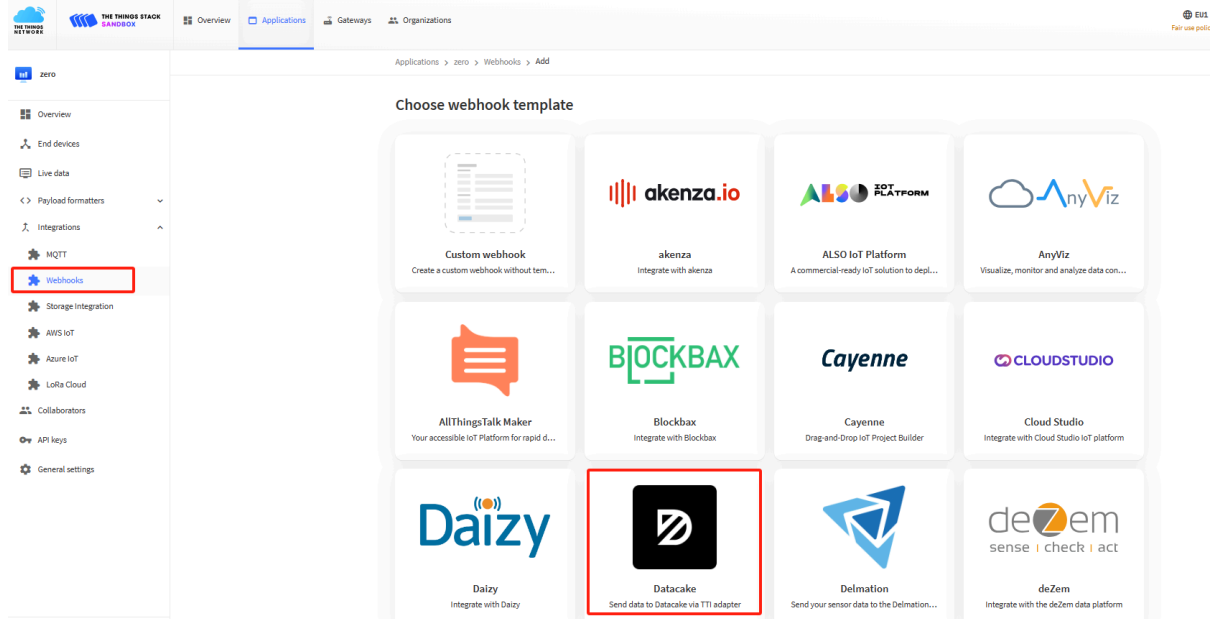
Datacake IoT platform provides a human friendly interface to show the sensor data in charts, once we have sensor data in TTN V3, we can use Datacake to connect to TTN V3 and see the data in Datacake. Below are the steps:

Step 1: Be sure that your device is programmed and properly connected to the LoRaWAN network.

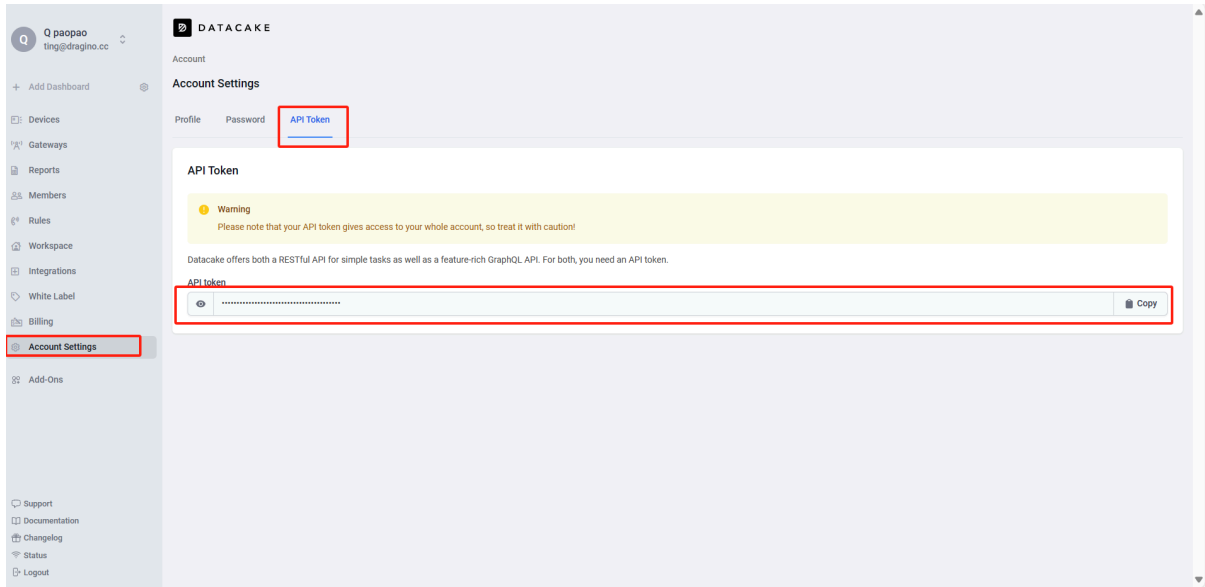
Step 2: Configure your Application to forward data to Datacake you will need to add integration. Go to TTN V3 Console --> Applications --> Integrations --> Add Integrations.

1. Add Datacake:
2. Select default key as Access Key:
3. In Datacake console (<https://datacake.co/>) , add PB01:

Please refer to the figure below.



Log in to DATACAKE, copy the API under the account.

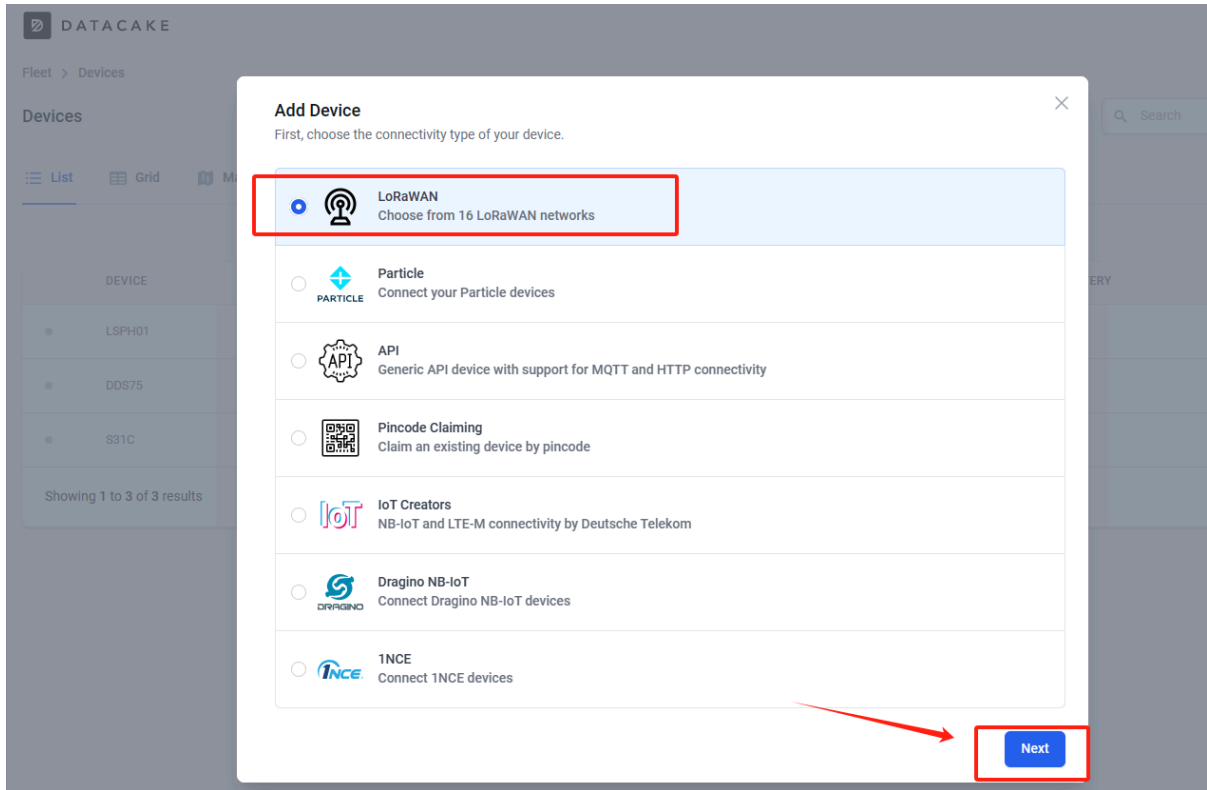


The screenshot displays the 'Setup webhook for Datacake' configuration page in the LoRaWAN dashboard. The sidebar on the left contains navigation items: Overview, End devices, Live data, Payload formatters, Integrations, MQTT, Webhooks (highlighted), Storage Integration, AWS IoT, Azure IoT, LoRa Cloud, Collaborators, API keys, and General settings. The main content area shows the following configuration details:

- Webhook ID:** pb01-l
- Token:** A masked field (represented by dots) with an eye icon to toggle visibility. A red box highlights this field, and a red arrow points to it with the text "Paste the API here".
- Datacake API Token:** A label below the token field.
- Create Datacake webhook:** A blue button with white text, highlighted by a red box and a red arrow.

The screenshot shows the 'Datacake' interface for managing devices. The 'Devices' tab is selected and highlighted with a red box. In the top right corner, there is a search bar, a 'Columns' dropdown menu, and a '+ Add Device' button, which is also highlighted with a red box. A red arrow points from the 'Columns' dropdown towards the '+ Add Device' button. Below the navigation bar, there are three view options: 'List' (selected), 'Grid', and 'Map'. The main content area displays a table with the following columns: 'DEVICE', 'PRIMARY', 'SECONDARY', 'DEVICE SIGNAL', and 'DEVICE BATTERY'. There are two rows of data in the table, each with a device ID and 'N/A' values for the other columns. To the right of each row, there are icons for visibility and actions.

DEVICE	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	DEVICE SIGNAL	DEVICE BATTERY	Actions
LSPH01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
DDS75	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	



Add LoRaWAN Device ✕

STEP 1 Product **STEP 2** Network Server **STEP 3** Devices **STEP 4** Plan

Datacake Product

You can add devices to an existing product on Datacake, create a new empty product or start with one of the templates. Products allow you to share the same configuration (fields, dashboard and more) between devices.

New Product from template
Create new product from a template

Existing Product
Add devices to an existing product

New Product
Create new empty product

New Product

If your device is not available as a template, you can start with an empty device. You will have to create the device definition (fields, dashboard) and provide the payload decoder in the device's configuration.

Product Name

BackNext

Add LoRaWAN Device



STEP 1
Product







STEP 2
Network Server

STEP 3
Devices

STEP 4
Plan

Network Server

Please choose the LoRaWAN Network Server that your devices are connected to.

<input type="radio"/>		Datacake LNS AUTOMATIC SETUP Start and scale easily with a managed LNS	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input checked="" type="radio"/>		The Things Stack V3 TTN V3 / Things Industries	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input type="radio"/>		Helium Use your own console	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input type="radio"/>		LORIoT	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input type="radio"/>		ChirpStack	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input type="radio"/>		Actility	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>

Showing 1 to 5 of 15 results

Add LoRaWAN Device ✕


STEP 1 Product **STEP 2** Network Server **STEP 3** Devices **STEP 4** Plan



Add Devices


Manual Import from The Things Stack

Please provide one or multiple LoRaWAN device EUIs along with the corresponding names they should have on Datacake.

Alternatively, you can choose to upload a CSV file that contains the DevEUI, device Name, location, and a set of tags. For more information on how to format the file, please refer to [our documentation](#).

 Drag and drop a .csv file here or click to choose one

DEVEUI	NAME	LOCATION	TAGS
<div style="border: 2px solid red; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> FA 23 45 55 55 55 51 8 bytes</div>	<div style="border: 2px solid red; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> PB01</div>	<input type="text" value="Location"/>	<input type="text" value="Add tag"/> <input type="text" value="Ad"/>



DATA CAKE

Fleet > PB01

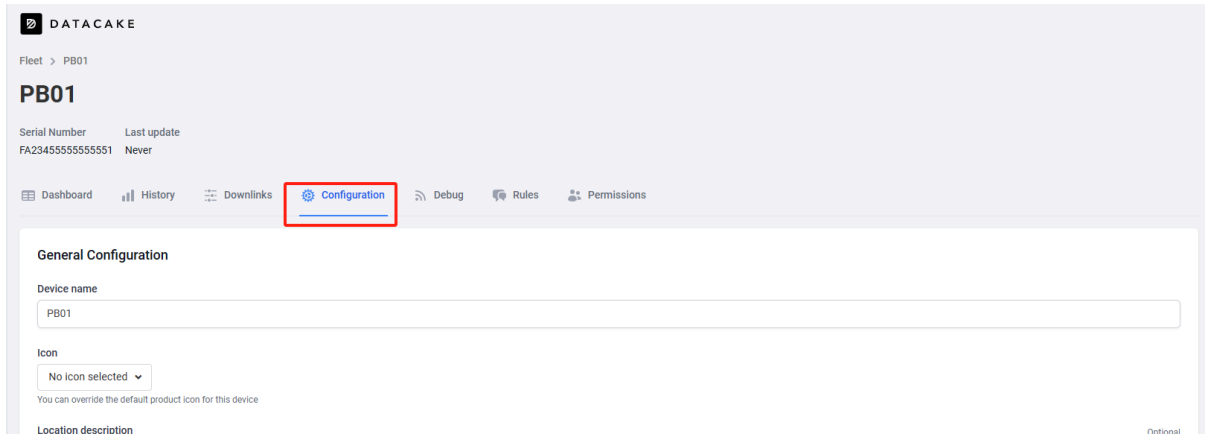
PB01

Serial Number: FA2345555555551 Last update: Never

Dashboard History Downlinks Configuration **Debug** Rules Permissions

Debug Log

Time	Title	Details
15:38:22	Recorded measurements from payload decoder	Decoder returned: {"Alarm": "TRUE", "BatV": 3.488, "Hum_SHT41": 57.2, "S... Log: null Recorded measurements: {"ALARM": "
15:38:22	Recorded measurements from payload decoder	Decoder returned: {"Alarm": "TRUE", "BatV": 3.488, "Hum_SHT41": 57.2, "S... Log: null Recorded measurements: {"ALARM": "
15:38:22	Recorded measurements from payload decoder	Decoder returned: {"Alarm": "TRUE", "BatV": 3.488, "Hum_SHT41": 57.2, "S... Log: null Recorded measurements: {"ALARM": "
15:38:22	Received webhook data from tti	{"end_device_ids":{"device_id":"eu1-fa23455555555555"},"...



Copy and paste the [TTN decoder](#) here and save.

Payload Decoder

Product-wide setting

When your devices sends data, the payload will be passed to the payload decoder, alongside the event's name. The payload decoder then transforms it to measurements.

```

1 * function datalog(l,bytes){
2   var aa= parseFloat((bytes[0]<<24>>16 | bytes[1]<<16 | bytes[2]<<16).toFixed(1));
3   var bb= parseFloat((bytes[3]<<24>>16 | bytes[4]<<16 | bytes[5]<<16).toFixed(1));
4   var cc= parseFloat((bytes[6]<<24>>16 | bytes[7]<<16 | bytes[8]<<16).toFixed(1));
5   var dd= (bytes[9]<<8) ? "True":"False";
6   var ee= getMyDate((bytes[10]<<24 | bytes[11]<<16 | bytes[12]<<8 | bytes[13]<<16).toString(10));
7   var string=["aa",bb,cc,dd,ee].join(",");
8   return string;
9 }
10
11
12 * function getzf(c_num){
13   if(parseInt(c_num) < 10)
14     c_num = '0' + c_num;
15   return c_num;
16 }
17
18
19 * function getMyDate(str){
20   var c_Date;
21   if(str > 9999999999)
22     c_Date = new Date(parseInt(str));
23   else
24     c_Date = new Date(parseInt(str) * 1000);
25
26   var c_Year = c_Date.getFullYear(),
27       c_Month = c_Date.getMonth()+1,
28       c_Day = c_Date.getDate(),
29       c_Hour = c_Date.getHours(),
30       c_Min = c_Date.getMinutes(),
31       c_Sec = c_Date.getSeconds();
32   var c_Time = c_Year + '-' + getzf(c_Month) + '-' + getzf(c_Day) + ' ' + getzf(c_Hour) + ':' + getzf(c_Min) + ':' + getzf(c_Sec);
33   return c_Time;
34 }
35
36

```

Visual widgets please read the DATAKE documentation.

2.6 Datalog Feature

When user want to retrieve sensor value, he can send a poll command from the IoT platform to ask sensor to send value in the required time slot.

2.6.1 Unix TimeStamp

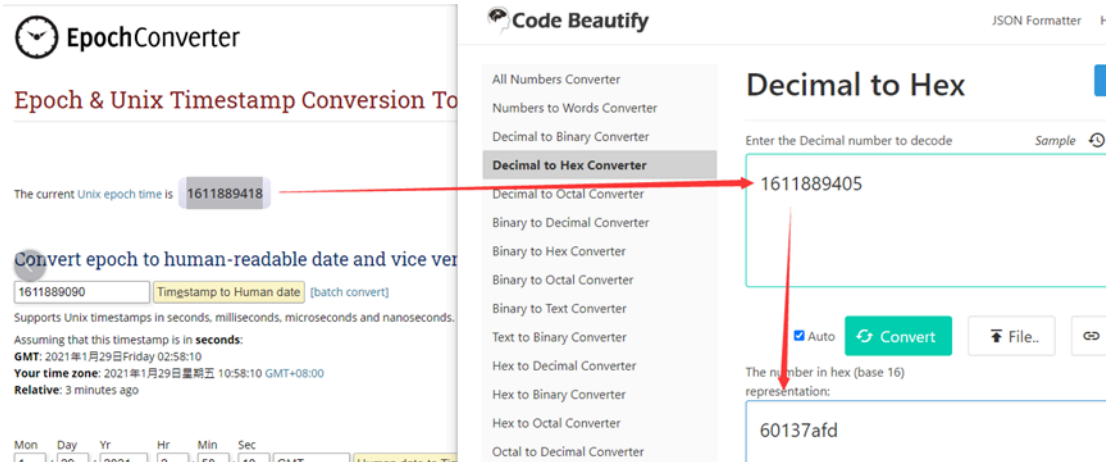
Unix TimeStamp shows the sampling time of uplink payload. format base on

Size (bytes)	4	1
DeviceTimeAns Payload	32-bit unsigned integer : Seconds since epoch*	8bits unsigned integer: fractional-second in 1/2^8 second steps

Figure 10 : DeviceTimeAns payload format

User can get this time from link: <https://www.epochconverter.com/> :

For example: if the Unix Timestamp we got is hex 0x60137afd, we can convert it to Decimal: 1611889405. and then convert to the time: 2021 – Jan -- 29 Friday 03:03:25 (GMT)



2.6.2 Poll sensor value

User can poll sensor value based on timestamps from the server. Below is the downlink command.

Timestamp start and Timestamp end use Unix TimeStamp format as mentioned above. Devices will reply with all data log during this time period, use the uplink interval.

For example, downlink command `31 5FC5F350 5FC6 0160 05`

Is to check 2020/12/1 07:40:00 to 2020/12/1 08:40:00's data

Uplink Internal =5s, means PB01 will send one packet every 5s. range 5~255s.

2.6.3 Datalog Uplink payload

See [Uplink FPORT=3, Datalog sensor value](#)

2.7 Button

- ACT button

Long press this button PB01 will reset and join network again.



- Alarm button

Press the button PB01 will immediately uplink data, and alarm is "TRUE".



2.8 LED Indicator

The PB01 has a triple color LED which for easy showing different stage.

Hold the ACT green light to rest, then the green flashing node restarts, the blue flashing once upon request for network access, and the green constant light for 5 seconds after successful network access

In a normal working state:

- When the node is restarted, hold the ACT **GREEN** lights up , then the **GREEN** flashing node restarts. The **BLUE** flashing once upon request for network access, and the **GREEN** constant light for 5 seconds after successful network access.
- During OTAA Join:
 - **For each Join Request uplink:** the **GREEN LED** will blink once.
 - **Once Join Successful:** the **GREEN LED** will be solid on for 5 seconds.
- After joined, for each uplink, the **BLUE LED** or **GREEN LED** will blink once.
- Press the alarm button, The **RED** flashes until the node receives the ACK from the platform and the **BLUE** light stays 5s.

2.9 Buzzer

The PB01 has **button sound** and **ACK sound** and users can turn on or off both sounds by using [AT+SOUND](#).

- **Button sound** is the music produced by the node after the alarm button is pressed.

Users can use [AT+OPTION](#) to set different button sounds.

- **ACK sound** is the notification tone that the node receives ACK.

3. Configure PB01 via AT command or LoRaWAN downlink

Users can configure PB01 via AT Command or LoRaWAN Downlink.

- AT Command Connection: See [FAQ](#).
- LoRaWAN Downlink instruction for different platforms: [IoT LoRaWAN Server](#)

There are two kinds of commands to configure PB01, they are:

- **General Commands:**

These commands are to configure:

- General system settings like: uplink interval.

- LoRaWAN protocol & radio-related commands.

They are the same for all Dragino Devices which supports DLWS-005 LoRaWAN Stack(Note**). These commands can be found on the wiki: [End Device Downlink Command](#)

- **Commands special design for PB01**

These commands are only valid for PB01, as below:

3.1 Downlink Command Set

Command Example	Function	Response	Downlink
AT+TDC=?		1200000 OK	Default 1200000(ms)
	View current TDC time		
AT+TDC=300000	Set TDC time	OK	0X0100012C: 01: fixed command 00012C: 0X00012C= 300(seconds)
ATZ	Reset node		0x04FF
AT+FDR	Restore factory settings		0X04FE
AT+CFM=?	View the current confirmation mode status	0,7,0 OK	Default 0,7,0
AT+CFM=1,7,1	Confirmed uplink mode, the maximum number of retries is seven, and uplink fcnt increase by 1 for each retry	OK	05010701 05: fixed command 01:confirmed uplink 07: retry 7 times 01: fcnt count plus 1
AT+NJM=?	Check the current network connection method	1 OK	Default 1
AT+NJM=0	Change the network connection method to ABP	Attention:Take effect after ATZ OK	0X2000: ABP 0x2001: OTAA 20: fixed command
AT+RPL=?	View current RPL settings	0 OK	Default 0
AT+RPL=1	set RPL=1	OK	0x2101: 21: fixed command 01: for details, check wiki
AT+ADR=?	View current ADR status	1 OK	Default 0
AT+ADR=0	Set the ADR state to off	OK	0x2200: close 0x2201: open 22: fixed command
AT+DR=?	View the current DR settings	OK	
AT+DR=1	set DR to 1 It takes effect only when ADR=0	OK	0X22000101: 00: ADR=0 01: DR=1 01: TXP=1 22: fixed command
AT+TXP=?	View the current TXP	OK	

AT+TXP=1	set TXP to 1 It takes effect only when ADR=0	OK	0X22000101: 00: ADR=0 01: DR=1 01: TXP=1 22: fixed command
AT+RJTDC=10	Set RJTDC time interval	OK	0X26000A: 26: fixed command 000A: 0X000A=10(min) for details, check wiki
	Retrieve stored data for a specified period of time		0X3161DE7C7061DE8A800A: 31: fixed command 61DE7C70:0X61DE7C70=2022/1/12 15:0 61DE8A80:0X61DE8A80=2022/1/12 16:0 0A: 0X0A=10(second) View details 2.6.2
AT+DDETECT=?	View the current DDETECT setting status and time	1,1440,2880 OK	Default 1,1440,2880(min)
AT+DDETECT= 1,1440,2880	Set DDETECT setting status and time <i>(When the node does not receive the downlink packet within the set time, it will re-enter the network)</i>	OK	0X320005A0: close 0X320105A0: open 32: fixed command 05A0: 0X05A0=1440(min)

3.2 Set Password

Feature: Set device password, max 9 digits.

AT Command: AT+PASSWORD

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+PASSWORD=?	Show password	123456 OK
AT+PASSWORD=999999	Set password	OK

Downlink Command:

No downlink command for this feature.

3.3 Set button sound and ACK sound

Feature: Turn on/off button sound and ACK alarm.

AT Command: AT+SOUND

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+SOUND=?	Get the current status of button sound and ACK sound	1,1 OK
AT+SOUND=0,1	Turn off the button sound and turn on ACK sound	OK

Downlink Command: 0xA1

Format: Command Code (0xA1) followed by 2 bytes mode value.

The first byte after 0XA1 sets the button sound, and the second byte after 0XA1 sets the ACK sound. **(0: off, 1: on)**

- Example:** Downlink Payload: A10001 // Set AT+SOUND=0,1 Turn off the button sound and turn on ACK sound.

3.4 Set buzzer music type(0~4)

Feature: Set different alarm key response sounds. There are five different types of button music.

AT Command: AT+OPTION

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+OPTION=?	Get the buzzer music type	3 OK
AT+OPTION=1	Set the buzzer music to type 1	OK

Downlink Command: 0xA3

Format: Command Code (0xA3) followed by 1 byte mode value.

- **Example:** Downlink Payload: A300 // Set AT+OPTION=0 Set the buzzer music to type 0.

3.5 Set Valid Push Time

Feature: Set the holding time for pressing the alarm button to avoid miscontact. Values range from 0 ~1000ms.

AT Command: AT+STIME

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+STIME=?	Get the button sound time	0 OK
AT+STIME=1000	Set the button sound time to 1000ms	OK

Downlink Command: 0xA2

Format: Command Code (0xA2) followed by 2 bytes mode value.

- **Example:** Downlink Payload: A203E8 // Set AT+STIME=1000

Explain: Hold the alarm button for 10 seconds before the node will send the alarm packet.

4. Battery & How to replace

4.1 Battery Type and replace

PB01 uses 2 x AAA LR03(1.5v) batteries. If the batteries running low (shows 2.1v in the platform). Users can buy generic AAA battery and replace it.

Note:

1. The PB01 doesn't have any screw, users can use nail to open it by the middle.



2. Make sure the direction is correct when install the AAA batteries.



4.2 Power Consumption Analyze

Dragino battery powered product are all runs in Low Power mode. We have an update battery calculator which base on the measurement of the real device. User can use this calculator to check the battery life and calculate the battery life if want to use different transmit interval.

Instruction to use as below:

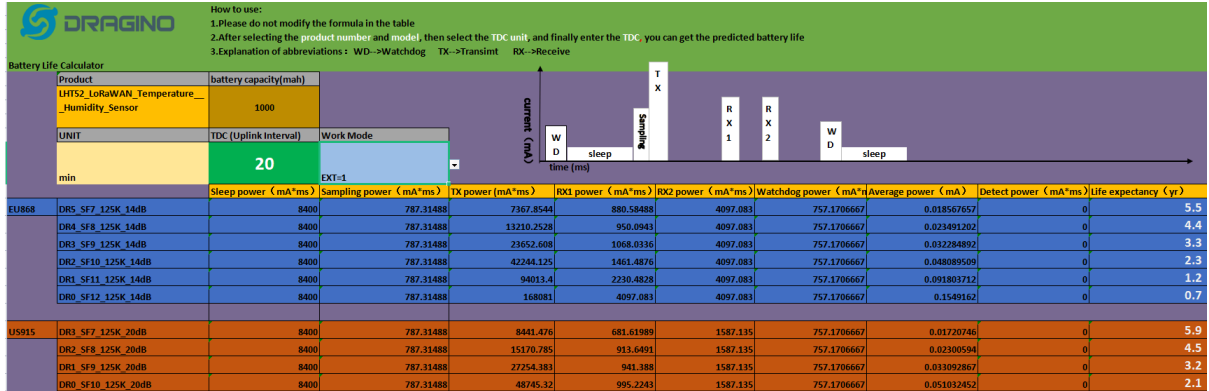
Step 1: Downlink the up-to-date DRAGINO_Battery_Life_Prediction_Table.xlsx from:

[battery calculator](#)

Step 2: Open it and choose

- Product Model
- Uplink Interval
- Working Mode

And the Life expectation in difference case will be shown on the right.



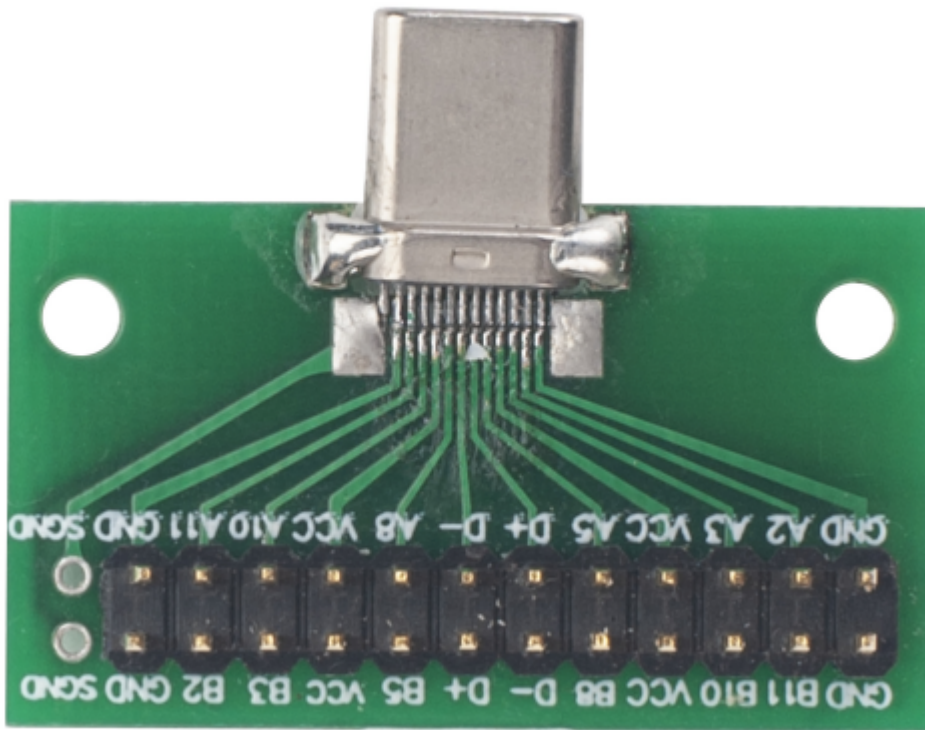
5. Accessories

- Program Converter (AS-02)

AS-02 is an optional accessory, it is USB Type-C converter. AS-02 provide below feature:

1. Access AT console of PB01 when used with USB-TTL adapter. [See this link.](#)

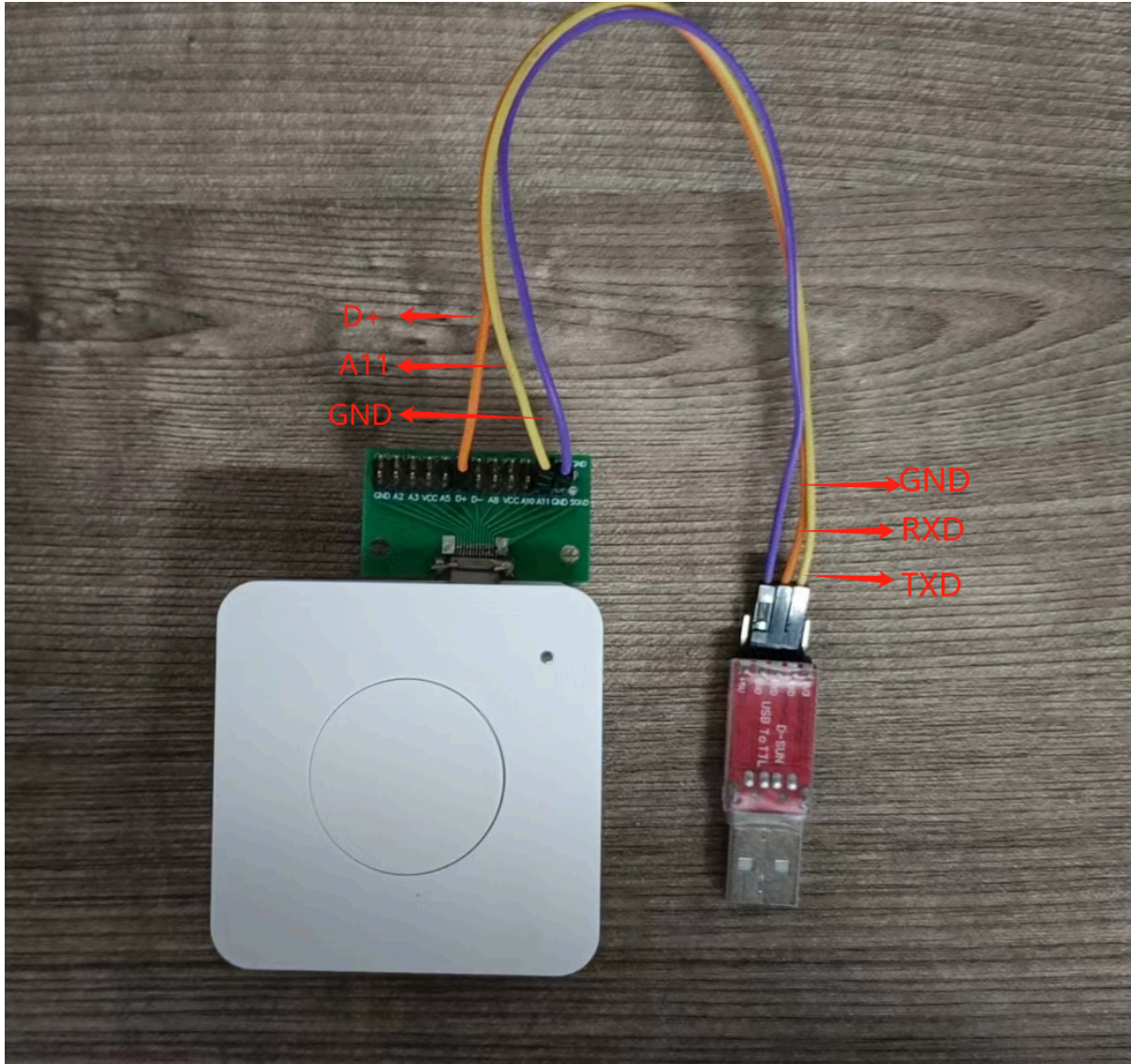
AS-02 USB Type-C Converter



6. FAQ

6.1 How to use AT Command to configure PB01

PB01 supports AT Command set. Users can use a USB to TTL adapter plus the Program Cable to connect to PB01 for using AT command, as below.

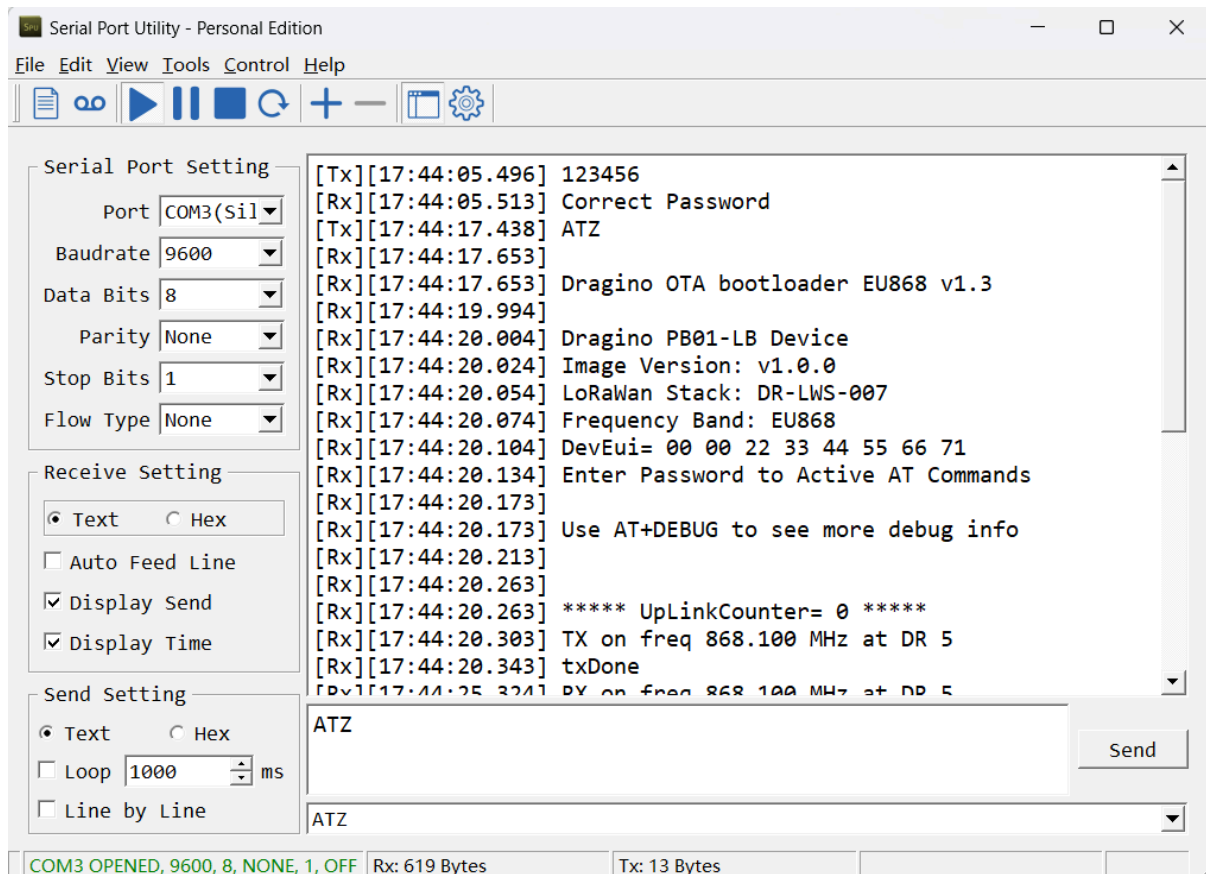


Connection:

- USB to TTL GND <--> Program Converter GND pin
- USB to TTL RXD <--> Program Converter D+ pin
- USB to TTL TXD <--> Program Converter A11 pin

In PC, User needs to set **serial tool**(such as [putty](#), SecureCRT) baud rate to **9600** to access to access serial console for PB01. The AT commands are disable by default and need to enter password (default:**123456**) to active it. Timeout to input AT Command is 5 min, after 5-minute, user need to input password again.

Input password and ATZ to activate PB01, as shown below:



6.2 AT Command and Downlink

Sending ATZ will reboot the node

Sending AT+FDR will restore the node to factory settings

Get the node's AT command setting by sending AT+CFG

Example:

AT+DEUI=FA 23 45 55 55 55 55 51

AT+APPEUI=FF AA 23 45 42 42 41 11

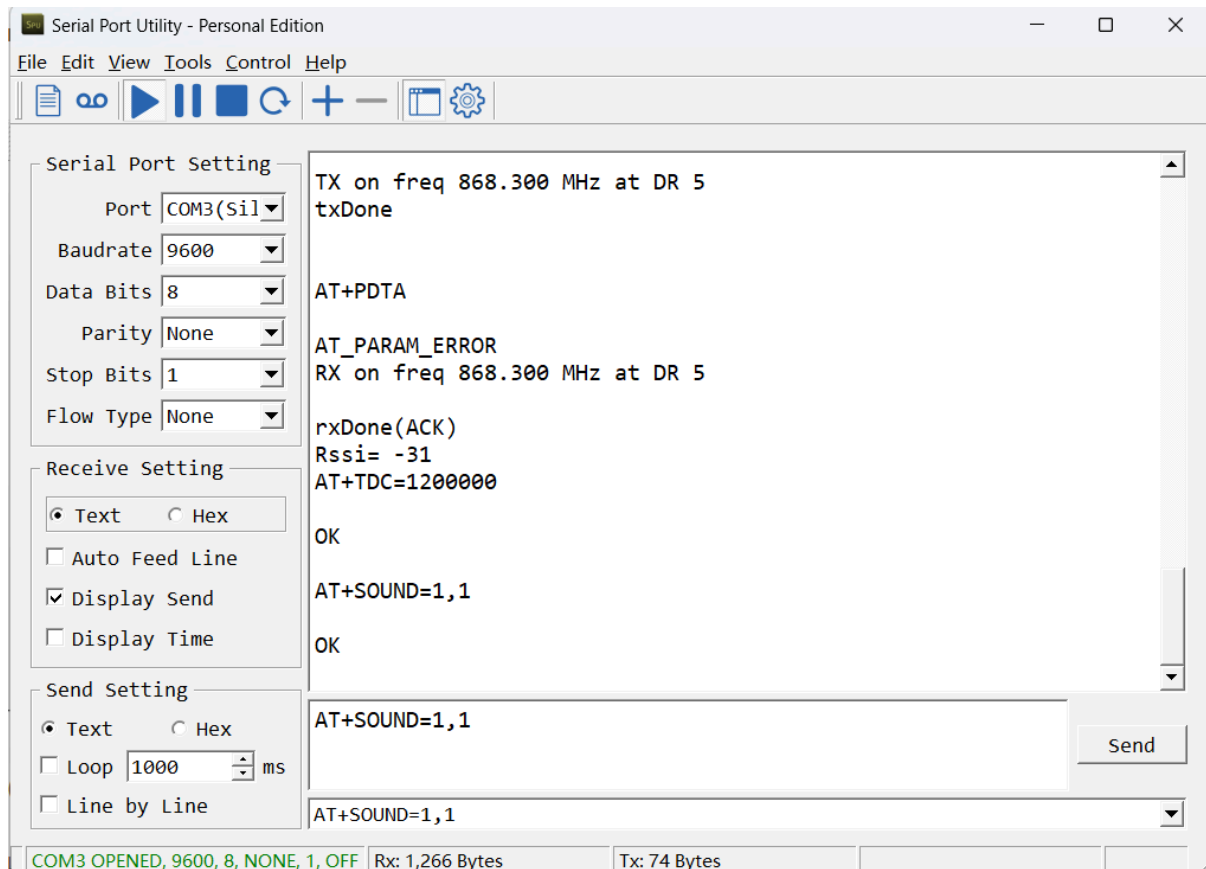
AT+APPKEY=AC D7 35 81 63 3C B6 05 F5 69 44 99 C1 12 BA 95

AT+DADDR=FFFFFFFF

AT+APPSKEY=FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF
AT+NWKSKEY=FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF
AT+ADR=1
AT+TXP=7
AT+DR=5
AT+DCS=0
AT+PNM=1
AT+RX2FQ=869525000
AT+RX2DR=0
AT+RX1DL=5000
AT+RX2DL=6000
AT+JN1DL=5000
AT+JN2DL=6000
AT+NJM=1
AT+NWKID=00 00 00 13
AT+FCU=61
AT+FCD=11
AT+CLASS=A
AT+NJS=1
AT+RECVB=0:
AT+RECV=
AT+VER=EU868 v1.0.0
AT+CFM=0,7,0
AT+SNR=0
AT+RSSI=0
AT+TDC=1200000
AT+PORT=2
AT+PASSWORD=123456
AT+CHS=0
AT+RX1WTO=24
AT+RX2WTO=6
AT+DECRYPT=0
AT+RJTD=20
AT+RPL=0
AT+TIMESTAMP=systemtime= 2024/5/11 01:10:58 (1715389858)
AT+LEAPSEC=18

AT+SYNCMOD=1
AT+SYNCTDC=10
AT+SLEEP=0
AT+ATDC=1
AT+UUID=003C0C53013259E0
AT+DDETECT=1,1440,2880
AT+SETMAXNBTRANS=1,0
AT+DISFCNTCHECK=0
AT+DISMACANS=0
AT+PNACKMD=0
AT+SOUND=0,0
AT+STIME=0
AT+OPTION=3

Example:



6.3 How to upgrade the firmware?

PB01 requires a program converter to upload images to PB01, which is used to upload image to PB01 for:

- Support new features
- For bug fix
- Change LoRaWAN bands.

PB01 internal program is divided into bootloader and work program, shipping is included bootloader, the user can choose to directly update the work program.

If the bootloader is erased for some reason, users will need to download the boot program and the work program.

6.3.1 Update firmware (Assume device have bootloader)

Step 1: Connect UART as per FAQ 6.1

Step 2: Update follow [Instruction for update via DraginoSensorManagerUtility.exe](#).

6.3.2 Update firmware (Assume device doesn't have bootloader)

Download both the boot program and the worker program . After update , device will have bootloader so can use above 6.3.1 method to update woke program.

Step 1: Install [TremoProgrammer](#) first.



Step 2: Hardware Connection

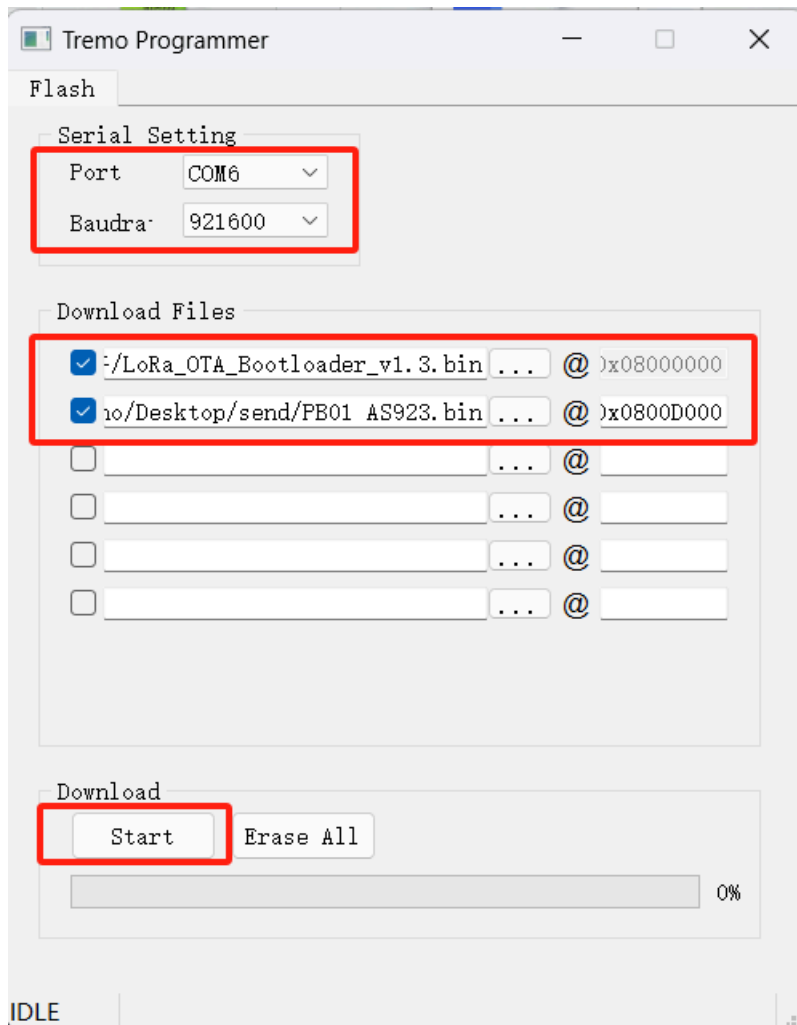
Connect PC and PB01 via USB-TTL adapter .

Note: To download firmware in this way, you need to pull the boot pin(Program Converter D- pin) high to enter the burn mode. After burning, disconnect the boot pin of the node and the 3V3 pin of the USB-TTL adapter, and reset the node to exit the burning mode.

Connection:

- USB-TTL GND <--> Program Converter GND pin
- USB-TTL RXD <--> Program Converter D+ pin
- USB-TTL TXD <--> Program Converter A11 pin
- USB-TTL 3V3 <--> Program Converter D- pin

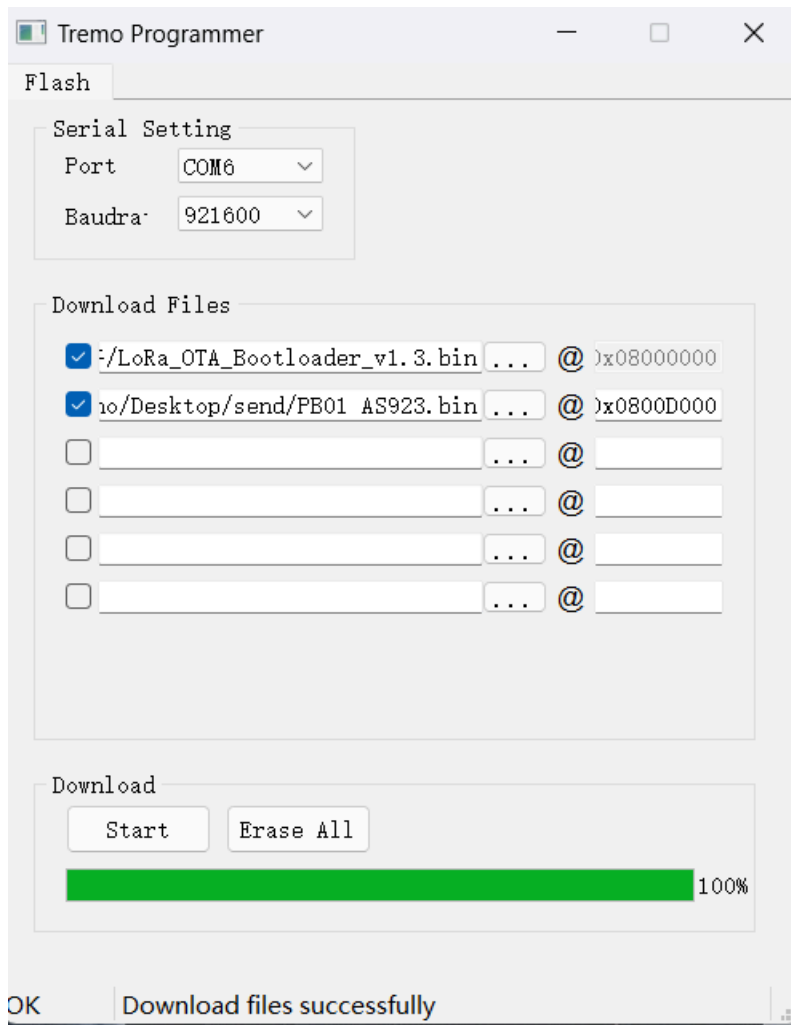
Step 3: Select the device port to be connected, baud rate and bin file to be downloaded.



Users need to reset the node to start downloading the program.

1. Reinstall the battery to reset the node
2. Hold down the ACT button to reset the node (see [2.7](#)).

When this interface appears, it indicates that the download has been completed.



Finally, Disconnect Program Converter D- pin, reset the node again , and the node exits burning mode.

6.4 How to change the LoRa Frequency Bands/Region?

User can follow the introduction for [how to upgrade image](#). When download the images, choose the required image file for download.

6.5 Why i see different working temperature for the device?

The working temperature range of device depends on the battery user choose.

- Normal AAA Battery can support -10 ~ 50°C working range.
- Special AAA battery can support -40 ~ 60 °C working range. For example: [Energizer L92](#)

7. Order Info

7.1 Main Device

Part Number: [PB01-LW-XX](#) (white button) / [PB01-LR-XX](#)(Red Button)

XX : The default frequency band

- **AS923**: LoRaWAN AS923 band
- **AU915**: LoRaWAN AU915 band
- **EU433**: LoRaWAN EU433 band
- **EU868**: LoRaWAN EU868 band
- **KR920**: LoRaWAN KR920 band
- **US915**: LoRaWAN US915 band
- **IN865**: LoRaWAN IN865 band
- **CN470**: LoRaWAN CN470 band

7. Packing Info

Package Includes:

- PB01 LoRaWAN Push Button x 1

8. Support

- Support is provided Monday to Friday, from 09:00 to 18:00 GMT+8. Due to different timezones we cannot offer live support. However, your questions will be answered as soon as possible in the before-mentioned schedule.
- Provide as much information as possible regarding your enquiry (product models, accurately describe your problem and steps to replicate it etc) and send a mail to support@dragino.com.

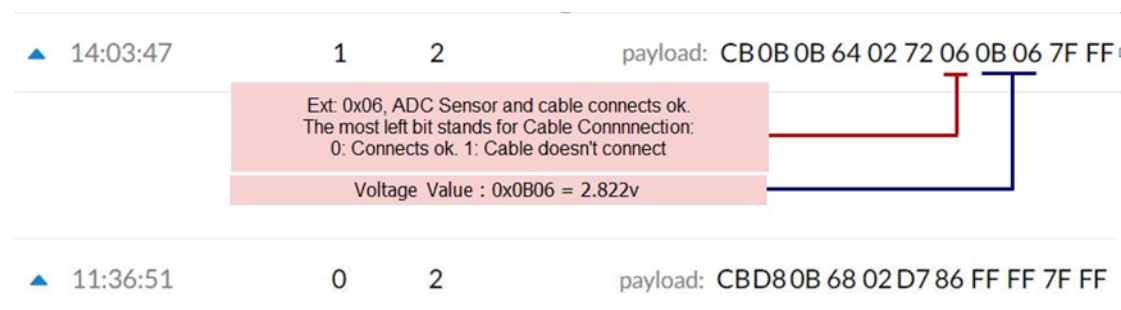
9. Reference material

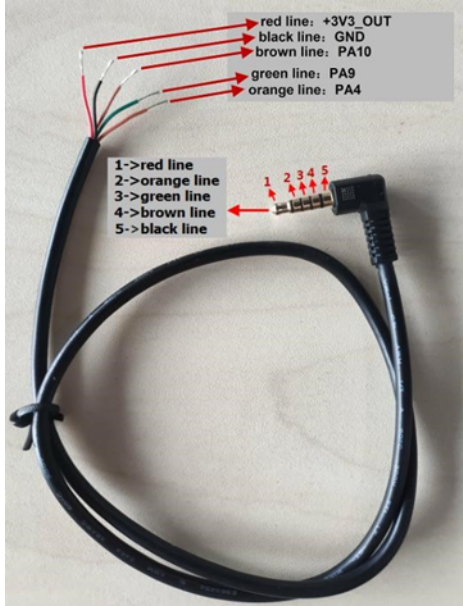
- [Datasheet, photos, decoder, firmware](#)

10. FCC Warning

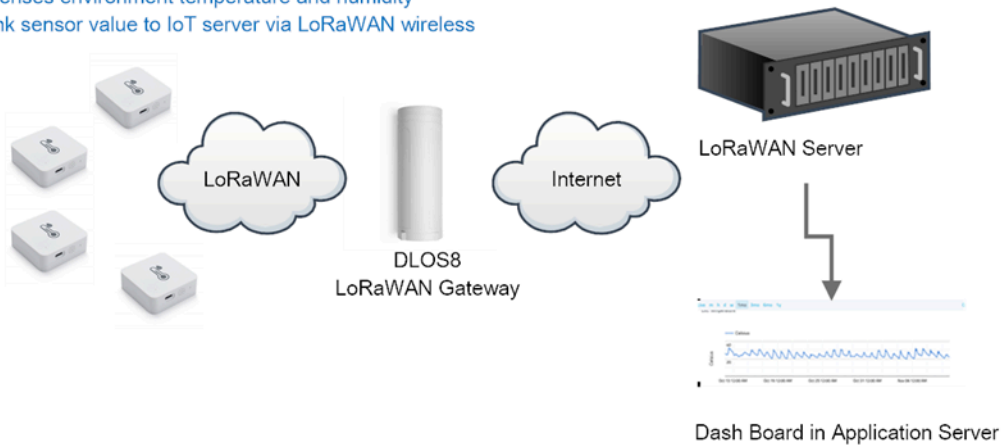
This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules.Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference;
- (2) this device must accept any interference received,including interference that may cause undesired operation.

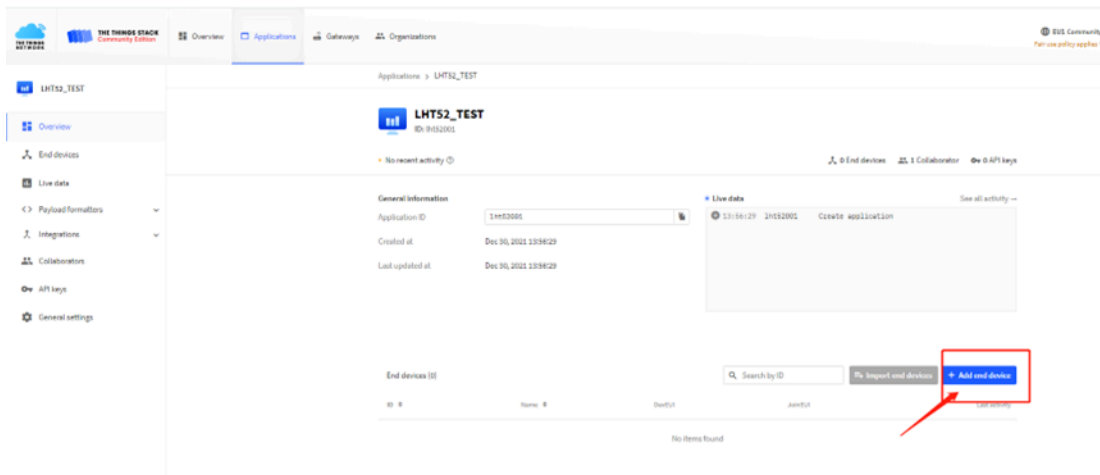
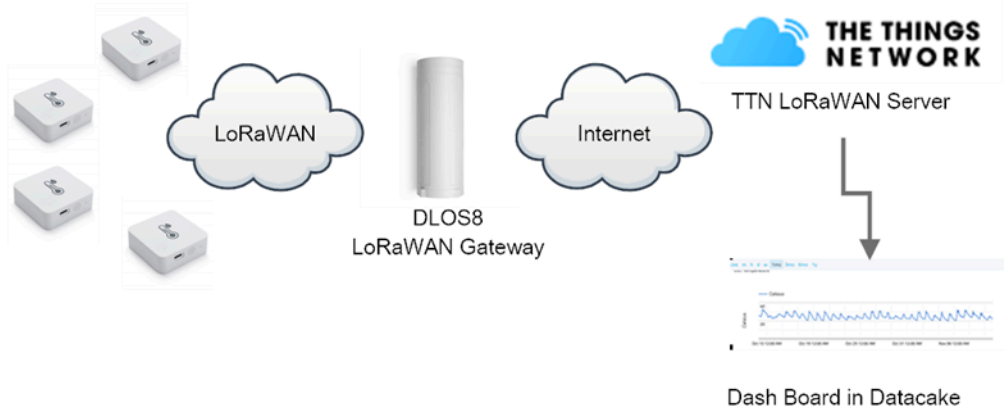




LHT52 senses environment temperature and humidity and uplink sensor value to IoT server via LoRaWAN wireless



Use LHT52 in TTN and Datacake



Applications > LHT52_TEST > End devices > Register manually

Register end device

From The LoRaWAN Device Repository **Manually**

Frequency plan [Ⓞ] *
Europe 863-870 MHz (SF12 for RX2)

LoRaWAN version [Ⓞ] *
MAC V1.0.3

Regional Parameters version [Ⓞ] *
PHY V1.0.3 REV A

Show advanced activation, LoRaWAN class and cluster settings [Ⓞ] v

DevEUI [Ⓞ] *
25 32 12 45 65 26 12 35 Generate 0/50 used

AppEUI [Ⓞ] *
25 32 12 45 65 26 32 16 Fill with zeros

AppKey [Ⓞ] *
25 32 12 45 65 26 32 16 89 48 85 65 45 87 89 55 Generate

End device ID [Ⓞ] *

This value is automatically prefilled using the DevEUI

After registration
 View registered end device
 Register another end device of this type

Register end device

Epoch & Unix Timestamp Conversion Tool

The current Unix epoch time is **1611889418**

Convert epoch to human-readable date and vice versa

[batch convert]

Supports Unix timestamps in seconds, milliseconds, microseconds and nanoseconds.

Assuming that this timestamp is in **seconds**:
GMT: 2021年1月29日 Friday 02:58:10
Your time zone: 2021年1月29日 星期五 10:58:10 GMT+08:00
Relative: 3 minutes ago

Mon	Day	Yr	Hr	Min	Sec
4	1	2021	10	58	10

Decimal to Hex

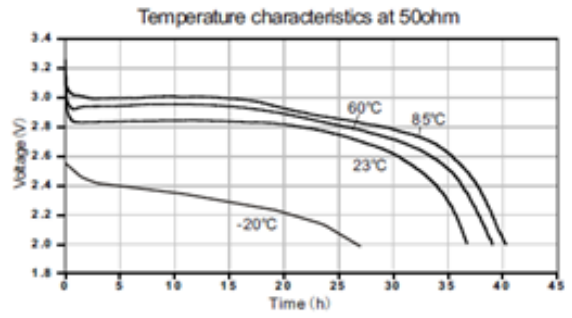
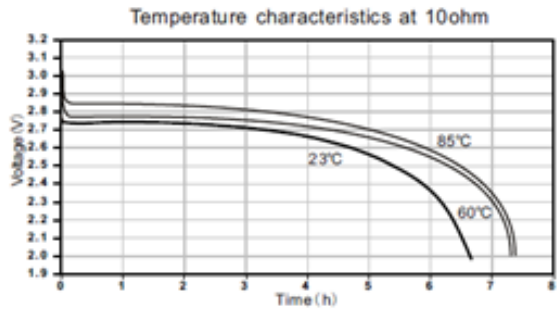
Enter the Decimal number to decode Sample ↺

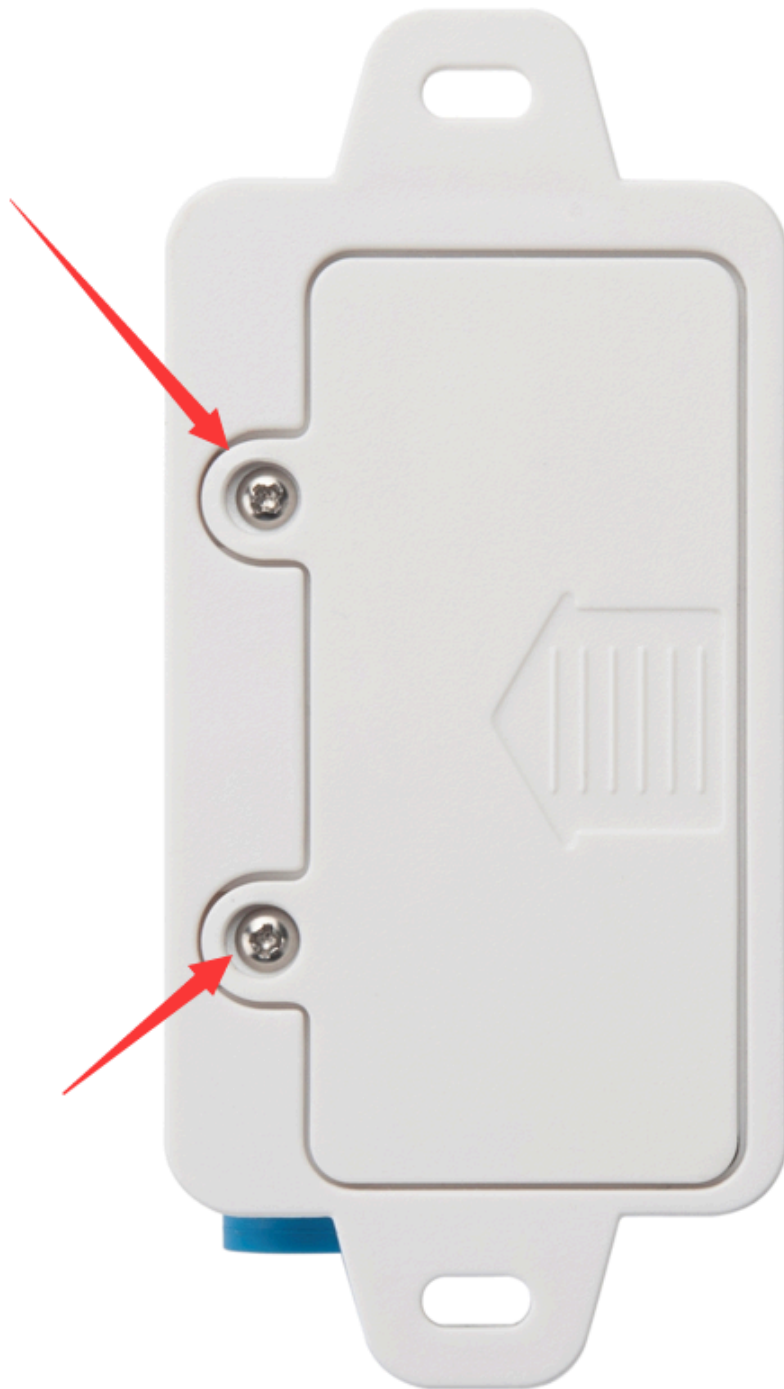
Auto Convert File.. ↺

The number in hex (base 16) representation:
60137afd



Performance



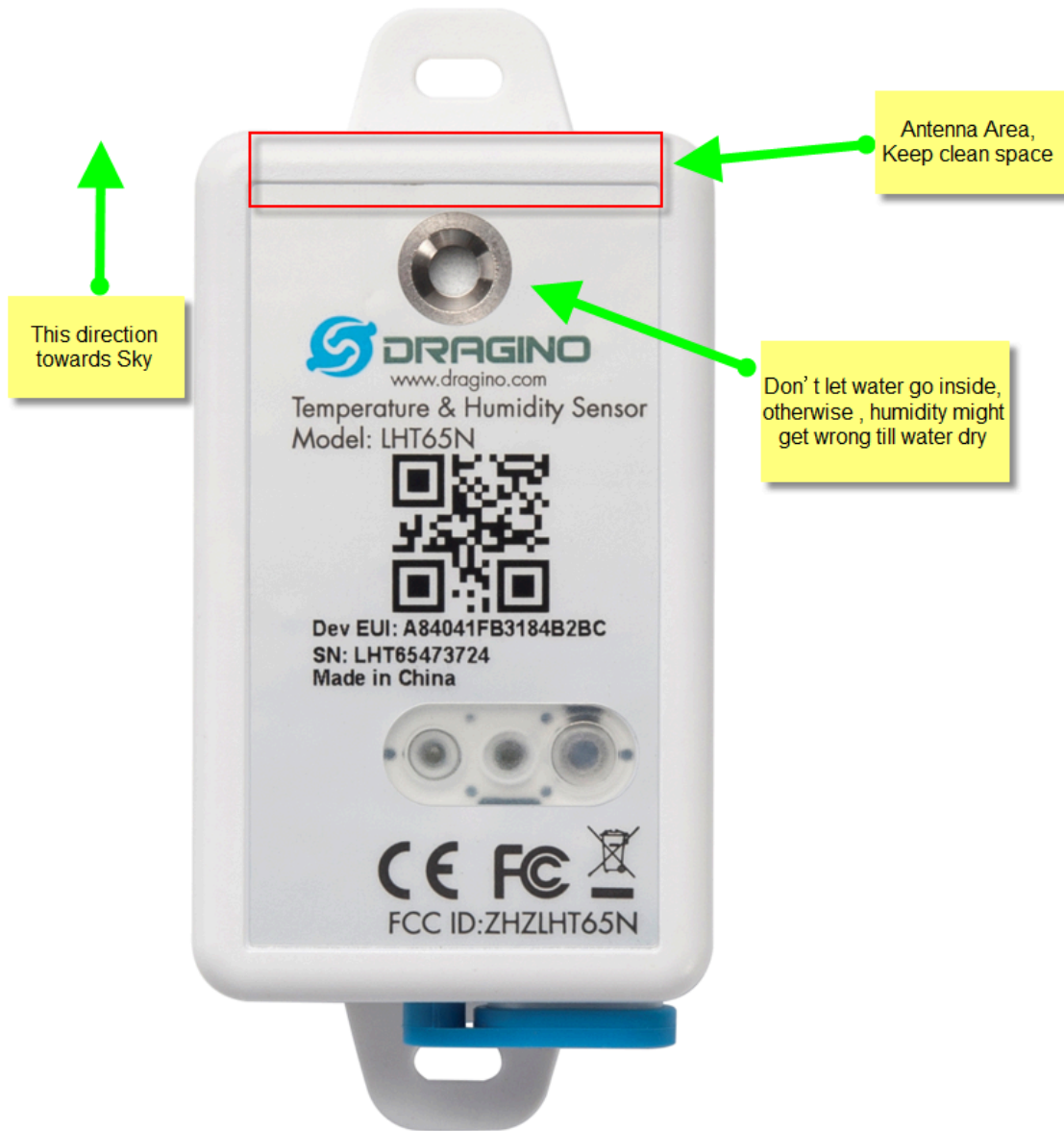




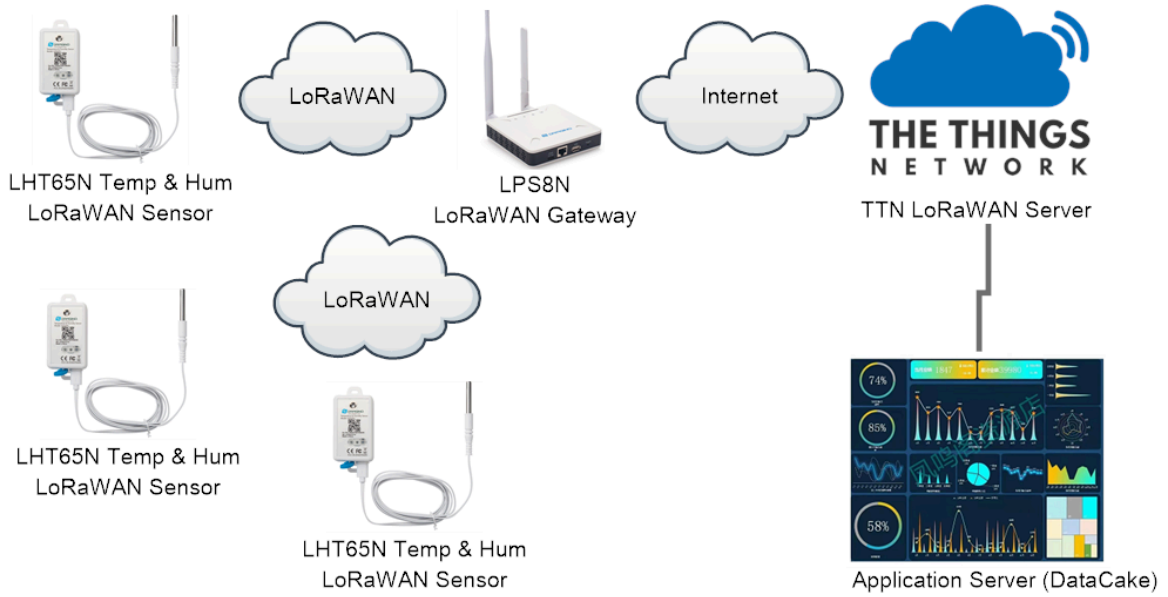








LHT65N in a LoRaWAN Network



S
K

THE THINGS STACK
Community Edition

Overview Applications Gateways Orga

Add application

Owner*

davidhuang

Application ID*

my-new-application

Application name

My new application

Description

Description for my new application

Optional application description; can also be used to save notes about the application

Create application


The screenshot displays the LoRaWAN management interface. At the top, the 'CCC' logo and '123' are visible. Below the header, there are statistics: '4 End Devices', '2 Collaborators', and '2 API keys', along with a 'Created 95 days ago' timestamp. The 'General information' section shows 'Application ID: 123', 'Created at: Feb 2, 2021 11:12:00', and 'Last updated at: Apr 30, 2021 11:00:33'. A 'Live data' section shows a list of messages with timestamps and IDs. Below this, there is a search bar and buttons for 'Import end devices' and '+ Add end device'. A red arrow points to the '+ Add end device' button.

The 'Register end device' section is highlighted with a red arrow. It has two tabs: 'From The LoRaWAN Device Repository' (selected) and 'Manually'. Under '1. Select the end device', there are dropdowns for 'Brand' (set to 'Dragino Technology Co.,...') and 'Model' (with a search input). A red arrow points to the 'Brand' dropdown. Below the 'Model' dropdown, a list of device models is shown: LBT1, LDDS20, LDDS75, LDS01, LGT92, LHT65, LSE01, and LSN50-V2. A red arrow points to the 'LHT65' model in the list. Below the model selection, there is a '2. Enter registration data' section with a 'Please choose an end device first to' message and a 'Register end device' button.



LHT65
MAC V1.0.3, PHY V1.0.3 REV A, Over the air activation (OTAA), Class A
LoRaWAN Temperature & Humidity sensor
[Product website](#)

2. Enter registration data

Frequency plan  *

The frequency plan used by the end device

AppEUI  *

The AppEUI uniquely identifies the owner of the end device. If no AppEUI is provided by the device manufacturer (usually for development), it can be filled with zeros.


DevEUI  *

The DevEUI is the unique identifier for this end device

AppKey  *

2. Enter registration data

Frequency plan  *


The frequency plan used by the end device

AppEUI  *

The AppEUI uniquely identifies the owner of the end device. If no AppEUI is provided by the device manufacturer (usually for dev

DevEUI  *

The DevEUI is the unique identifier for this end device

AppKey  *

The root key to derive session keys to secure communication between the end device and the application

End device ID *

After registration

The image displays a multi-step process of configuring a payload formatter in a LoRaWAN management system. It starts with a message log, moves to the 'Payload formatters' configuration page, and shows the configuration being saved.

Message Log:

Time	Type	Data preview
10:09:42	Forward data message to Applic...	DevAddr: 26 0B B5 9A MAC payload: 79 41 62 C5 18 2A B9 99 5A E2 A7 FPort: 2 SNR: -6.2 RSSI: -126 Bandwidth: 125000
10:09:42	Store upstream data message	DevAddr: 26 0B B5 9A
10:09:42	Forward uplink data message	temperature Sensor*, Hum_SHT: 56.1, Temp_DS: 327.67, Temp_SHT: 38.28 CB F4 0B D4 02 31 01 7F FF 7F FF FPort: 2 SNR: -6.2 RSSI: -126 Ban
10:09:42	Receive uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 0B B5 9A
10:09:42	Successfully processed data me...	DevAddr: 26 0B B5 9A FCnt: 573 FPort: 2 MAC payload: 79 41 62 C5 18 2A B9 99 5A E2 A7 Bandwidth: 125000 SNR: -6.2 RSSI: -126 Raw pay
10:09:42	Drop data message	Uplink is a duplicate
10:09:42	Receive data message	DevAddr: 26 0B B5 9A FCnt: 573 FPort: 2 MAC payload: 79 41 62 C5 18 2A B9 99 5A E2 A7 Bandwidth: 125000 SNR: 7.5 RSSI: -46 Raw paylo

Payload Formatter Configuration:

Overview | Live data | Messaging | Location | **Payload formatters** | Claiming | General settings

Uplink | Downlink

These payload formatters are executed on uplink messages from this end device and take precedence over application level payload formatters.

Formatter type

Use application payload formatter | None | Javascript | GRPC service | CayenneLPP | Repository

Formatter parameter*

```
1 function decodeUplink(input) {
2   return {
3     data: {
4       bytes: input.bytes
5     },
6     warnings: [],
7     errors: []
8   };
9 }
```

Save changes

Overview | Live data | Messaging | Location | **Payload formatters** | Claiming | General settings

Uplink | Downlink

These payload formatters are executed on uplink messages from this end device and take precedence over application level payload formatters.

Formatter type

Use application payload formatter | None | Javascript | GRPC service | CayenneLPP | Repository

Formatter parameter*

```
1 function decodeUplink(input) {
2   return {
3     data: {
4       bytes: input.bytes
5     },
6     warnings: [],
7     errors: []
8   };
9 }
```

Save changes

AC payload: 5F 6B FD 0B 99 51 A3 A8 84 40 37 FPort: 2 SNR: 10.8 RSSI: -41 Bandwidth: 1
 SHT: 60.4, TempC_DS: 327.67, TempC_SHT: 27.47 } CB A4 0A BB 02 5C 01 7F FF 7F FF FPort:

AC payload: 5F 6B FD 0B 99 51 A3 A8 84 40 37 FPort: 2 SNR: 10.8 RSSI: -41 Bandwidth: 1
 SHT: 60.4, TempC_DS: 327.67, TempC_SHT: 27.47 } CB A4 0A BB 02 5C 01 7F FF 7F FF FPort:

▲ 10:02:54 1559 2 payload: CBBDF5C6022E01F54F7FFF

AC payload: 5F 6B FD 0B 99 51 A3 A8 84 40 37 FPort: 2 SNR: 10.8 RSSI: -41 Bandwidth: 1
 SHT: 60.4, TempC_DS: 327.67, TempC_SHT: 27.47 } CB A4 0A BB 02 5C 01 7F FF 7F FF FPort:

APPLICATION DATA

Filters

	time	counter	port	
▲	08:38:57	375	2	payload: CBF60B0D0376010ADD7FFF
▲	10:02:54	1559	2	payload: CBBDF5C6022E01F54F7FFF

The image shows a dashboard with three main data panels: Temperature, Humidity, and Probe. Each panel displays a current value, a trend, a 24-hour average, and a maximum value over the last 10 days. Below the dashboard is a navigation bar with 'THE THINGS STACK Community Edition' and user information 'davidhuang'. The bottom section shows a 'Choose webhook template' screen with a grid of integration options. A red arrow points to the 'Webhooks' menu item in the left sidebar, and another red arrow points to the 'Datacake' template in the grid.

Temperature	Humidity	Probe
Temperature 10 days ago 26.76 °C	Humidity 10 days ago 42.7 %RH	Temperature (Probe) 10 days ago 327.67 °C
Trend 10 days ago +0 °C	Trend 10 days ago +0 %RH	Trend 10 days ago +0 °C
Todays Average 10 days ago 0 °C	Todays Average 10 days ago 0 %RH	Average 10 days ago 0 °C
Maximum 10 days ago 0 °C	Maximum 10 days ago 0 %RH	Maximum 10 days ago 0 °C
Trend 24h 10 days ago 26.76°C	Trend 24h 10 days ago 42.7%	Trend 24h 10 days ago 26.76°C

Choose webhook template

- Ubidots: Integrate with Ubidots over UbiFunctions
- Datacake: Send data to Datacake via TTI adapter
- TagoIO: Integrate with TagoIO
- Akenza Core: Integrate with Akenza Core
- ThingSpeak
- Qubitro
- thethings.io

Applications > lgt92test > Webhooks > Add > Datacake

Add custom webhook

Template information



Datacake

Send data to Datacake via TTI adapter

[About Datacake](#) | [Documentation](#)

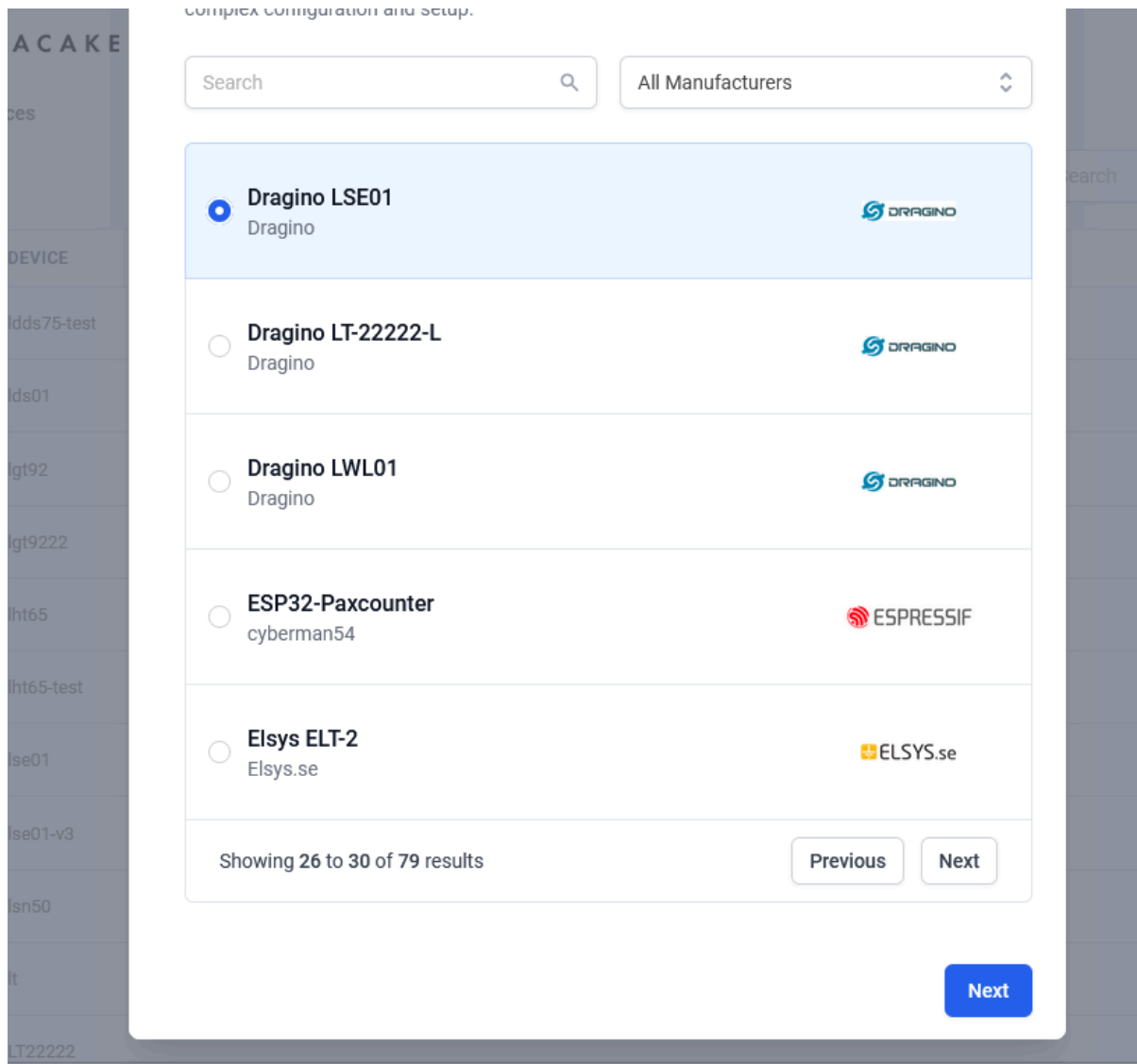
Template settings

Webhook ID *

Token *

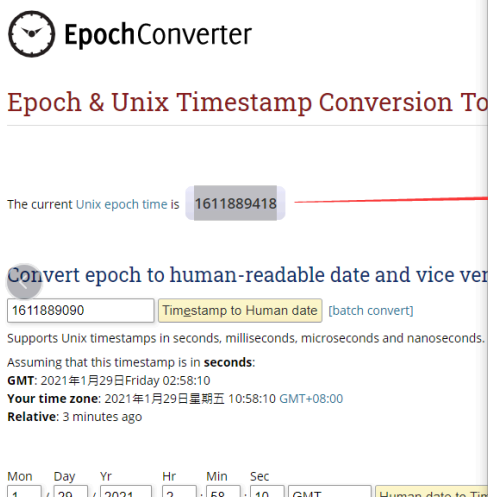
Datacake API Token

Create datacake webhook



Size (bytes)	4	1
DeviceTimeAns Payload	32-bit unsigned integer : Seconds since epoch*	8bits unsigned integer: fractional-second in $\frac{1}{2}^8$ second steps

Figure 10 : DeviceTimeAns payload format



EpochConverter

Epoch & Unix Timestamp Conversion Tool

The current Unix epoch time is **1611889418**

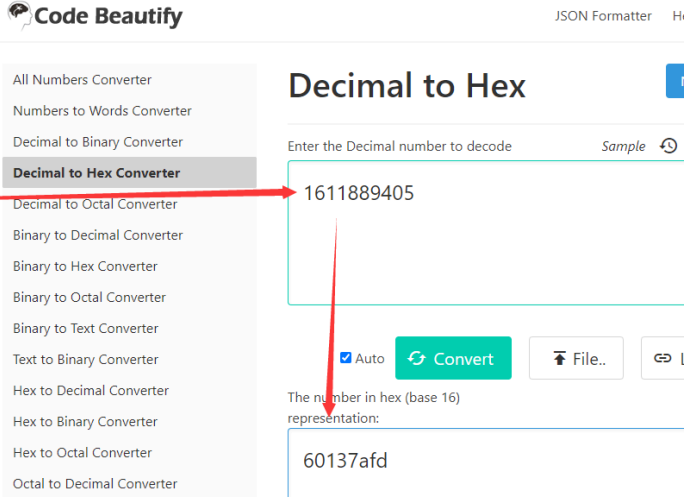
Convert epoch to human-readable date and vice versa

1611889090 Timestamp to Human date [batch convert]

Supports Unix timestamps in seconds, milliseconds, microseconds and nanoseconds.

Assuming that this timestamp is in **seconds**:
GMT: 2021年1月29日Friday 02:58:10
Your time zone: 2021年1月29日星期五 10:58:10 GMT+08:00
Relative: 3 minutes ago

Mon	Day	Yr	Hr	Min	Sec	GMT	Human date to Time
1	1	2021	10	58	10	GMT+08:00	2021年1月29日星期五 10:58:10



Code Beautify

JSON Formatter Hi

Decimal to Hex

All Numbers Converter
Numbers to Words Converter
Decimal to Binary Converter
Decimal to Hex Converter
Decimal to Octal Converter
Binary to Decimal Converter
Binary to Hex Converter
Binary to Octal Converter
Binary to Text Converter
Text to Binary Converter
Hex to Decimal Converter
Hex to Binary Converter
Hex to Octal Converter
Octal to Decimal Converter

Enter the Decimal number to decode Sample ↻

1611889405

Auto **Convert**

The number in hex (base 16) representation:

60137afd



09:57:27 102 2 payload: 7F FF 08 98 01 46 41 60 06 5F 97 7F FF 08 8E 01 4B 41 60 06 60 09 7F FF 08 85 01 4E 41 60 06 60 66 7F FF 08 75 01 51 41 60 06

Uplink

Payload

7F FF 08 98 01 46 41 60 06 5F 97 7F FF 08 8E 01 4B 41 60 06 60 09 7F FF 08 85 01 4E 41 60 06 60 66 7F FF 08 75 01 51 41 60 06

Fields

no fields

Metadata

```
{
  "time": "2021-01-20T01:57:27.690185935Z",
  "frequency": 904.5,
  "modulation": "LORA",
  "data_rate": "SF7BW125",
  "coding_rate": "4/5",
  "gateways": [
    {
      "gtw_id": "eui-a840411cfe60415c",
      "timestamp": 3270993355,
      "time": "2021-01-20T01:57:27.544057Z",
      "channel": 3,
      "rssi": -55,
      "snr": 10
    }
  ]
}
```



Behavior on ACT	Function	Action
Pressing ACT between 1s < time < 3s	Test uplink status	If LHT65N is already Joined to the LoRaWAN network, LHT65N will send an uplink packet, if LHT65N has an external sensor connected, blue led will blink once. If LHT65N has no external sensor, red led will blink once.
Pressing ACT for more than 3s	Active Device	green led will fast blink 5 times, LHT65N will enter working mode and start to JOIN LoRaWAN network. green led will solid turn on for 5 seconds after join in network.
Fast press ACT 5 times	Deactivate Device	red led will solid on for 5 seconds. This means LHT65N is in Deep Sleep Mode.



Flash Addr	Unix Time	Ext	BAT voltage	Value
80196E0	21/1/19 04:27:03	1	3145	sht_temp=22.00 sht_hum=32.6 ds_temp=327.67
80196F0	21/1/19 04:28:57	1	3145	sht_temp=21.90 sht_hum=33.1 ds_temp=327.67
8019700	21/1/19 04:30:30	1	3145	sht_temp=21.81 sht_hum=33.4 ds_temp=327.67
8019710	21/1/19 04:40:30	1	3145	sht_temp=21.65 sht_hum=33.7 ds_temp=327.67
8019720	21/1/19 04:50:30	1	3147	sht_temp=21.55 sht_hum=34.1 ds_temp=327.67
8019730	21/1/19 05:00:30	1	3149	sht_temp=21.50 sht_hum=34.1 ds_temp=327.67
8019740	21/1/19 05:10:30	1	3149	sht_temp=21.43 sht_hum=34.6 ds_temp=327.67
8019750	21/1/19 05:20:30	1	3151	sht_temp=21.35 sht_hum=34.9 ds_temp=327.67

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+TDC?	Show current transmit Interval	30000 OK the interval is 30000ms = 30s
AT+TDC=60000	Set Transmit Interval	OK Set transmit interval to 60000ms = 60 seconds

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+EXT?	Get current external sensor mode	1 OK External Sensor mode = 1
AT+EXT=1	Set external sensor mode to 1	
AT+EXT=9	Set to external DS18B20 with timestamp	

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+PID=1	Enable PID uplink	OK

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+PASSWORD=?	Show password	123456 OK
AT+PASSWORD=999999	Set password	OK

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+DISAT	Quit AT Commands mode	OK

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+SLEEP	Set to sleep mode	Clear all stored sensor data... OK

Command Example	Function
AT+TIMESTAMP=1611104352	OK Set System time to 2021-01-20 00:59:12

Command Example	Function
AT+SYNCMOD=1	Enable Sync system time via LoRaWAN MAC Command (DeviceTimeReq)

Command Example	Function
AT+SYNCTDC=0x0A	Set SYNCTDC to 10 (0x0A), so the sync time is 10 days.

Command Example	Response
AT+PDTA=1,3	8019500 19/6/26 16:48 1 2992 sht_temp=28.21 sht_hum=71.5 ds_temp=27.31
	8019510 19/6/26 16:53 1 2994 sht_temp=27.64 sht_hum=69.3 ds_temp=26.93
	8019520 19/6/26 16:58 1 2996 sht_temp=28.39 sht_hum=72.0 ds_temp=27.06
Print page 1 to 3	8019530 19/6/26 17:03 1 2996 sht_temp=27.97 sht_hum=70.4 ds_temp=27.12
	8019540 19/6/26 17:08 1 2996 sht_temp=27.80 sht_hum=72.9 ds_temp=27.06
	8019550 19/6/26 17:13 1 2998 sht_temp=27.30 sht_hum=72.4 ds_temp=26.68
	8019560 19/6/26 17:22 1 2992 sht_temp=26.27 sht_hum=62.3 ds_temp=26.56
	8019570
	8019580
	8019590
	80195A0
	80195B0
	80195C0
	80195D0
	80195E0
	80195F0
	OK

Command Example	Response
AT+PLDTA=5	Stop Tx and RTP events when read sensor data
	1 19/6/26 13:59 1 3005 sht_temp=27.09 sht_hum=79.5 ds_temp=26.75
	2 19/6/26 14:04 1 3007 sht_temp=26.65 sht_hum=74.8 ds_temp=26.43
Print last 5 entries	3 19/6/26 14:09 1 3007 sht_temp=26.91 sht_hum=77.9 ds_temp=26.56
	4 19/6/26 14:15 1 3007 sht_temp=26.93 sht_hum=76.7 ds_temp=26.75
	5 19/6/26 14:20 1 3007 sht_temp=26.78 sht_hum=76.6 ds_temp=26.43
	Start Tx and RTP events
	OK

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+CLRDTA	Clear date record	Clear all stored sensor data... OK

Bits	7	6	5	4	[3:0]
Status & Ext	Not Defined	Poll Message Flag	Sync time OK	Unix TimeRequest	Ext:0b(1001)

1byte	4bytes	4bytes	1byte
31	Timestamp start	Timestamp end	Uplink Interval

Bits	7	6	5	4	[3:0]
Status & Ext	Not Defined	Poll Message Flag	Sync time OK	Unix Time Request	Ext:0b(1001)

EXT # Value	External Sensor Type
0x01	Sensor E3, Temperature Sensor
0x09	Sensor E3, Temperature Sensor, Datalog Mod

Bit(bit)	[15:14]	[13:0]
Value	BAT Status 00(b): Ultra Low (BAT <= 2.50v) 01(b): Low (2.50v <=BAT <= 2.55v) 10(b): OK (2.55v <= BAT <=2.65v) 11(b): Good (BAT >= 2.65v)	Actually BAT voltage

Behavior on ACT	Function	Action
Pressing ACT between 1s < time < 3s	Test uplink status	If LHT65N is already Joined to the LoRaWAN network, LHT65N will send an uplink packet, if LHT65N has an external sensor connected, blue led will blink once. If LHT65N has no external sensor, red led will blink once.
Pressing ACT for more than 3s	Active Device	green led will fast blink 5 times, LHT65N will enter working mode and start to JOIN LoRaWAN network. green led will solid turn on for 5 seconds after join in network.
Fast press ACT 5 times	Deactivate Device	red led will solid on for 5 seconds. This means LHT65N is in Deep Sleep Mode.

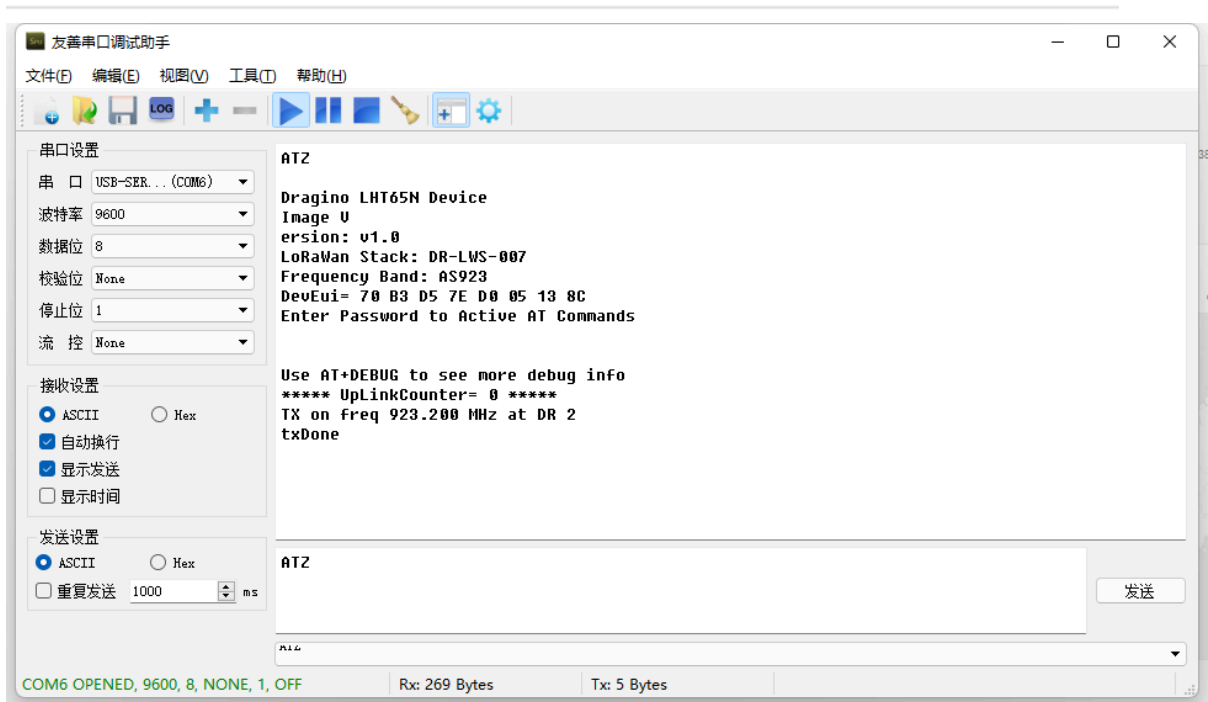
Behavior on ACT	Function	Action
Pressing ACT between 1s < time < 3s	Test uplink status	If LHT65N is already Joined to the LoRaWAN network, LHT65N will send an uplink packet, if LHT65N has an external sensor connected, blue led will blink once. If LHT65N has no external sensor, red led will blink once.
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Behavior on ACT	Function	Action
Pressing ACT between 1s < time < 3s	Test uplink status	If LHT65N is already Joined to the LoRaWAN network, LHT65N will send an uplink packet, if LHT65N has an external sensor connected, blue led will blink once. If LHT65N has no external sensor, red led will blink once.
Pressing ACT for more than 3s	Active Device	green led will fast blink 5 times, LHT65N will enter working mode and start to JOIN LoRaWAN network. green led will solid turn on for 5 seconds after join in network.
Fast press ACT 5 times	Deactivate Device	red led will solid on for 5 seconds. This means LHT65N is in Deep Sleep Mode.

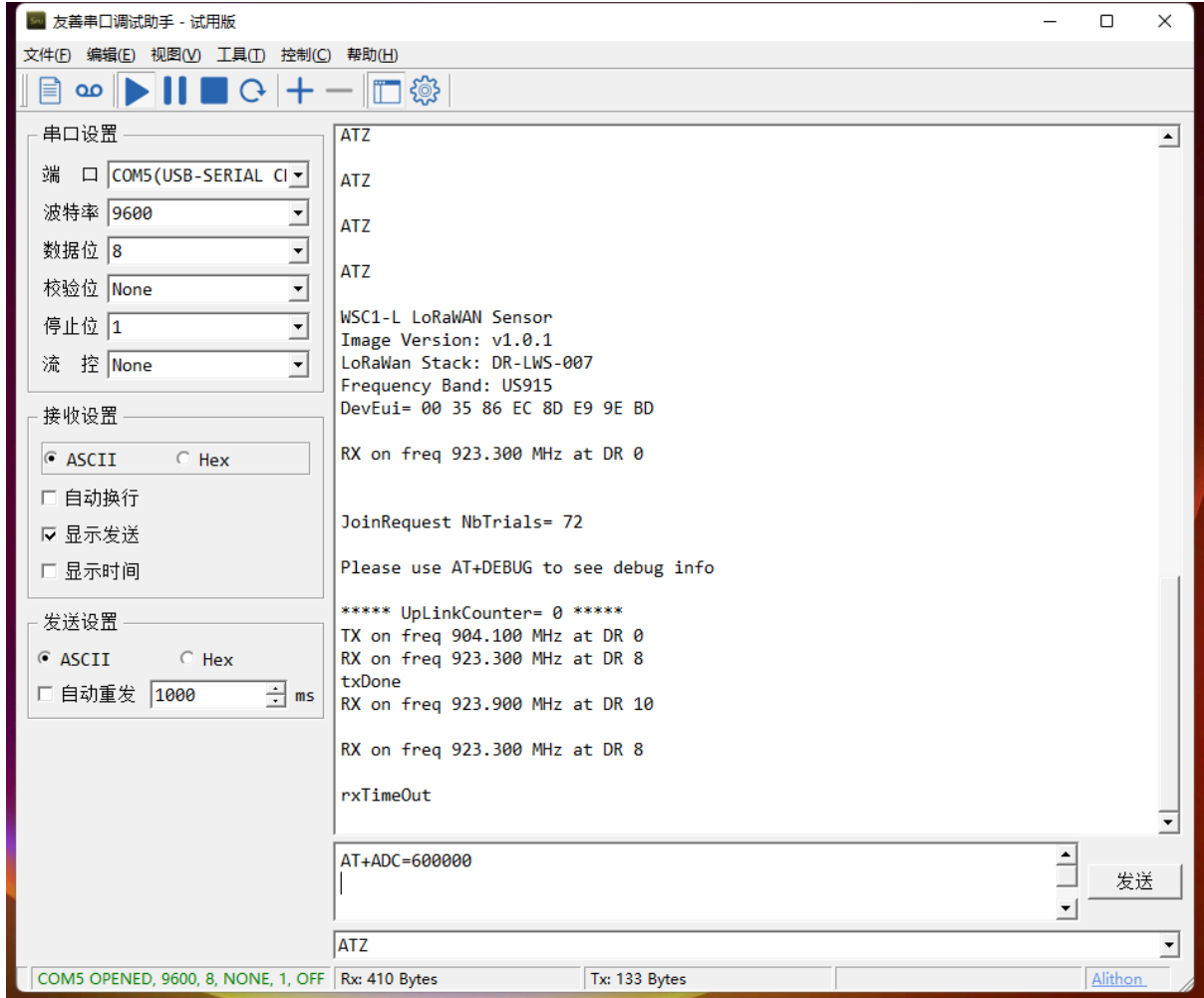
Command Example	Function	Response
AT+PNACKMD=1	Poll None-ACK message	OK



TYPE-CBeta(Male)







Applications > lht111 > End devices > eui-a84041ffff1234dd



eui-a84041ffff1234dd

ID: eui-a84041ffff1234dd

↑ 156 ↓ 156 • Last activity 13 days ago ⓘ

Overview Live data **Messaging** Location Payload formatters General settings

Uplink **Downlink**

Schedule downlink

Insert Mode

- Replace downlink queue
- Push to downlink queue (append)

FPort*

Payload type

- Bytes
- JSON

Payload

The desired payload bytes of the downlink message

Confirmed downlink

Schedule downlink

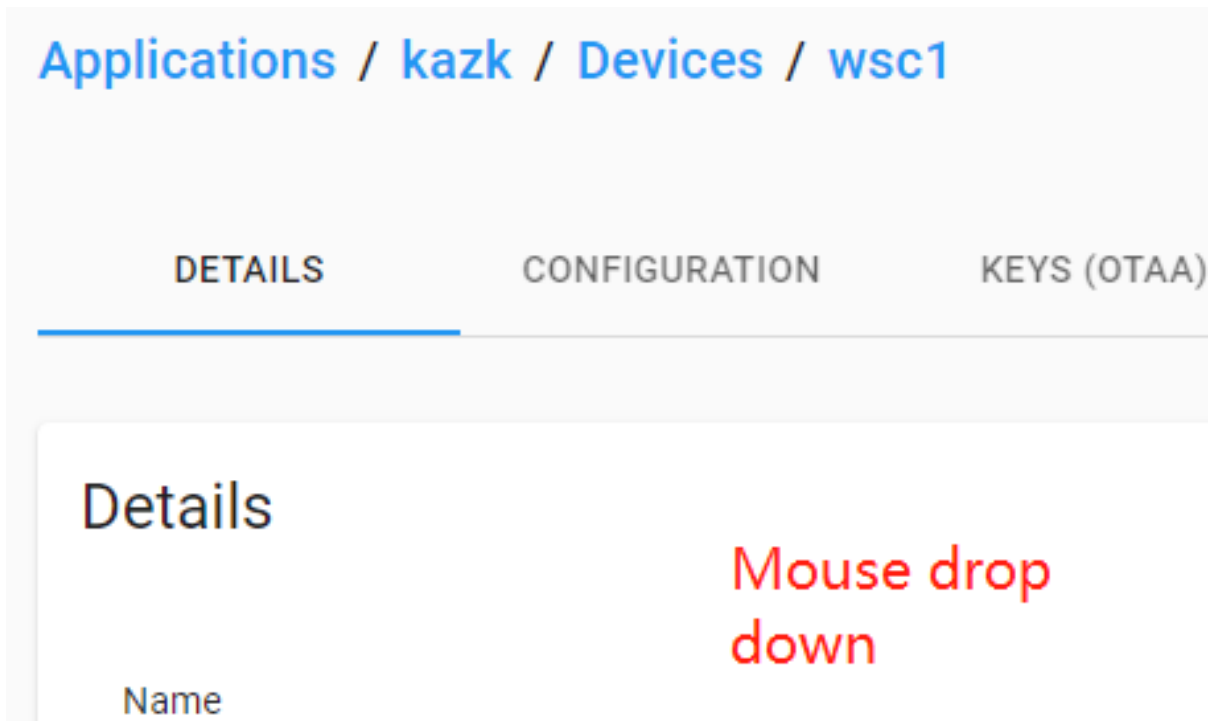
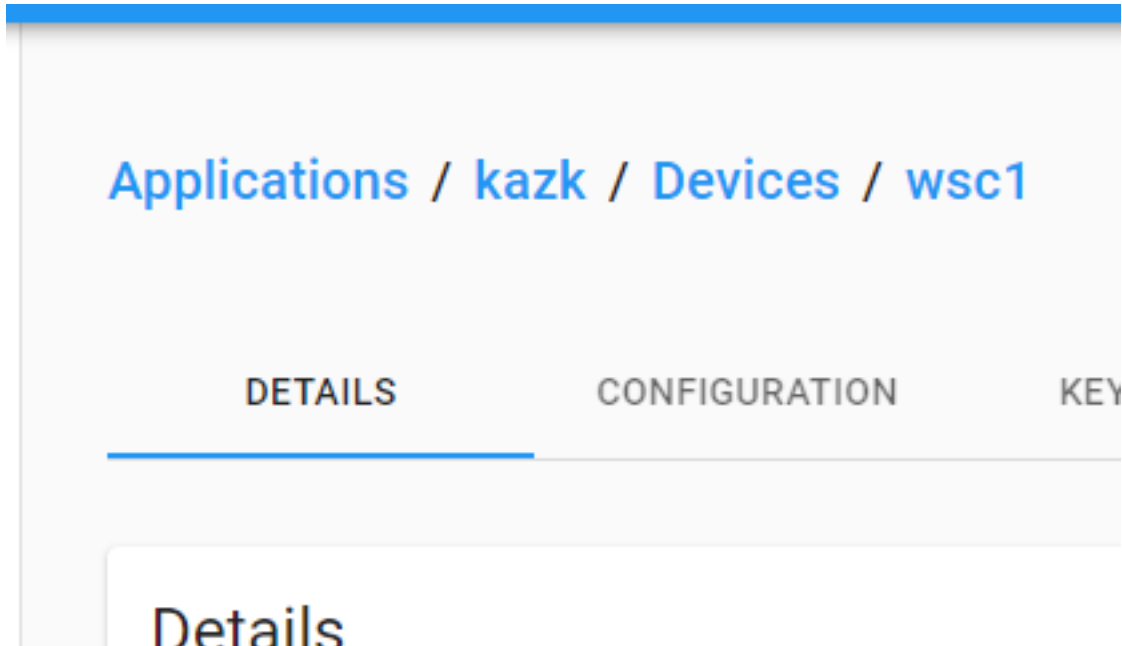
The screenshot displays the AWS IoT console interface. The top section, titled "My Devices", shows the details for a device named "lht65". The "DEVICE DETAILS" section includes fields for Name, ID, Device EUI, App EUI, App Key, Activation Method (OTAA), and Profile. To the right, a "PACKETS TRANSFERRED" summary shows 345 packets for "All Time" and 262 for "Last 30 Days". A red arrow points to a refresh icon in the top right corner of the device details panel.

The bottom section of the screenshot shows the "Device traffic" table, which lists the gateway, DevEUI, RSSI, SNR, frequency, and data rate for the device's last connection. Below the table are sections for "Configuration file", "Downlink message queue", and "label".

The gateway to which it was last connected	DevEUI	RSSI (dBm)	SNR (dB)	frequency	Data rate
a840411e96744159	003586ec8db99ebb	-79	13.25	916800000	3

The message ID	timestamp	FPort	TransmitMode
No downlink message No downlink messages are queued.			

key	value
No labels You don't have any tags attached to this resource.	



Enqueue downlink payload

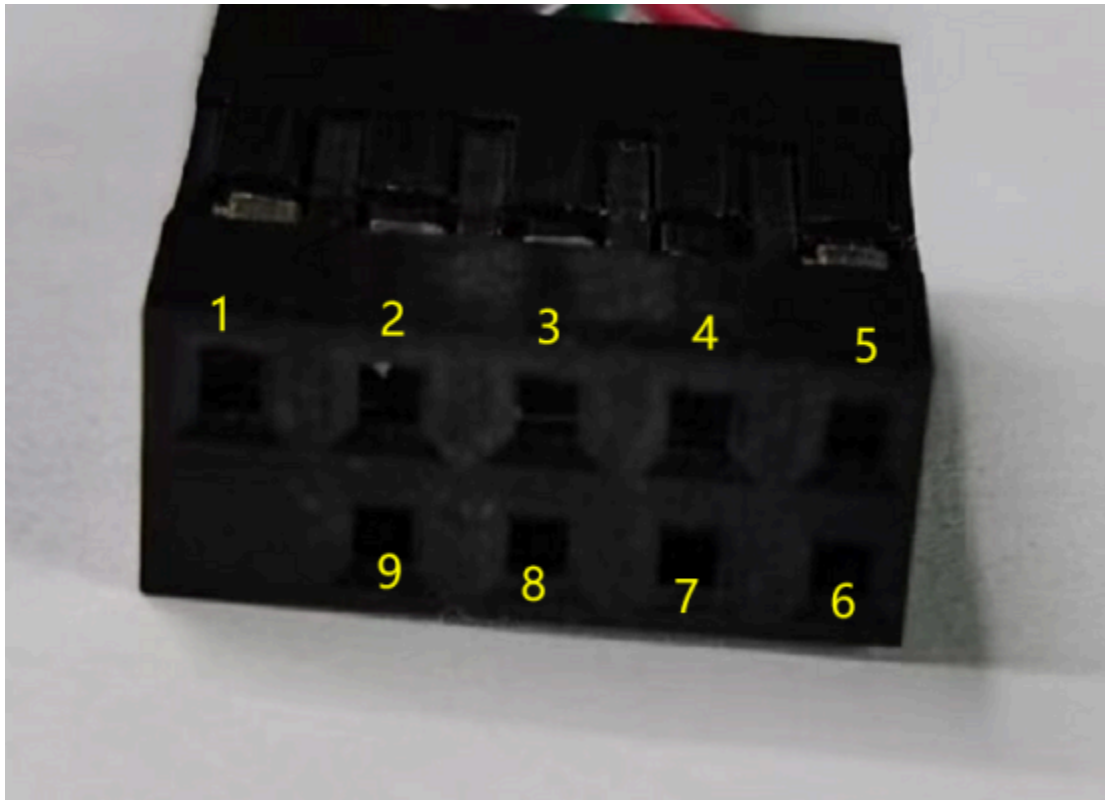
Port *
Please note that the fPort value must be > 0.

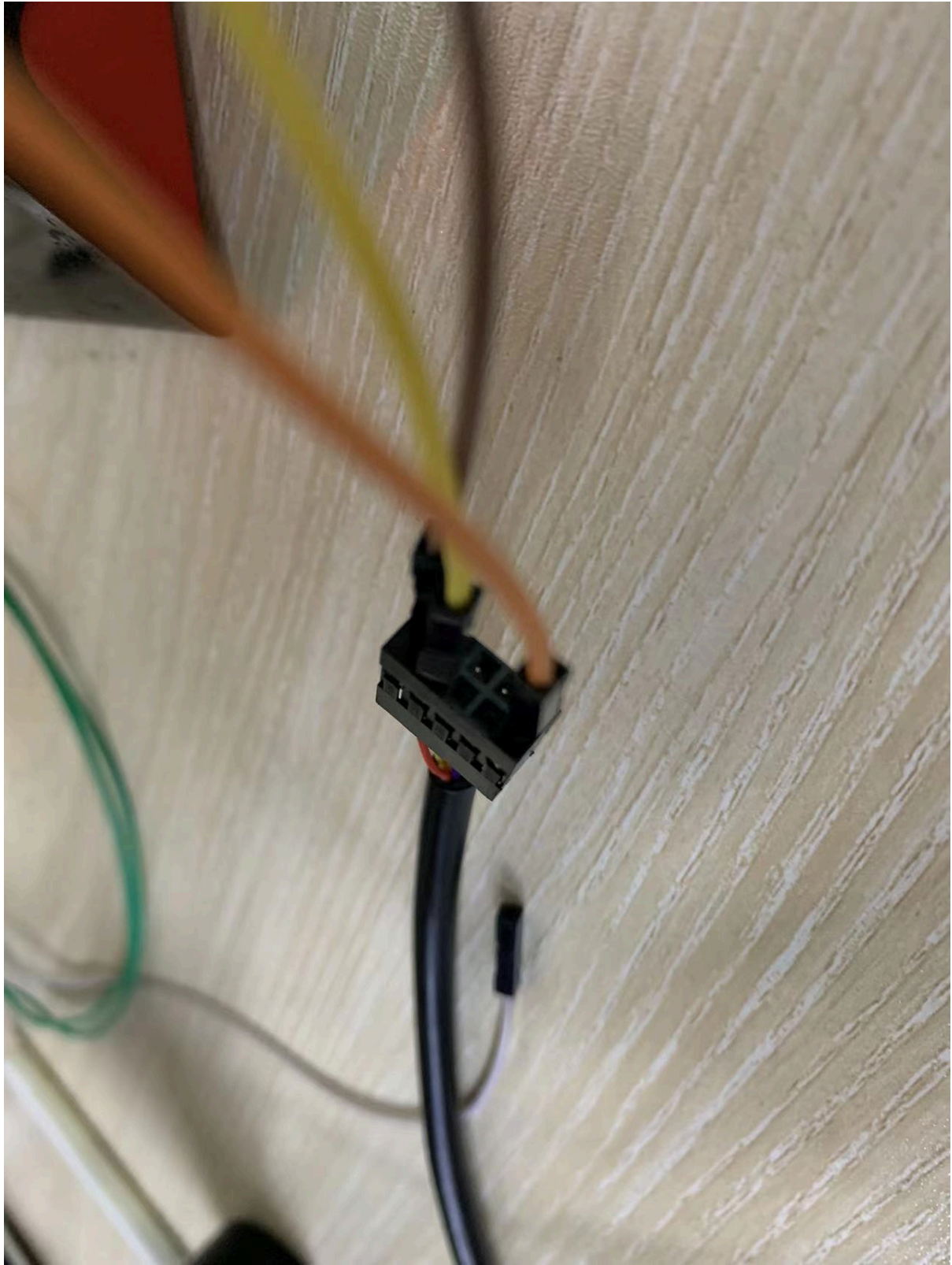
Confirmed downlink

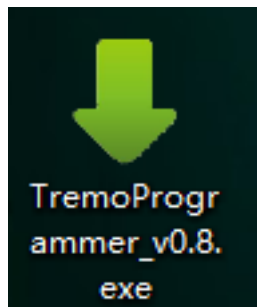
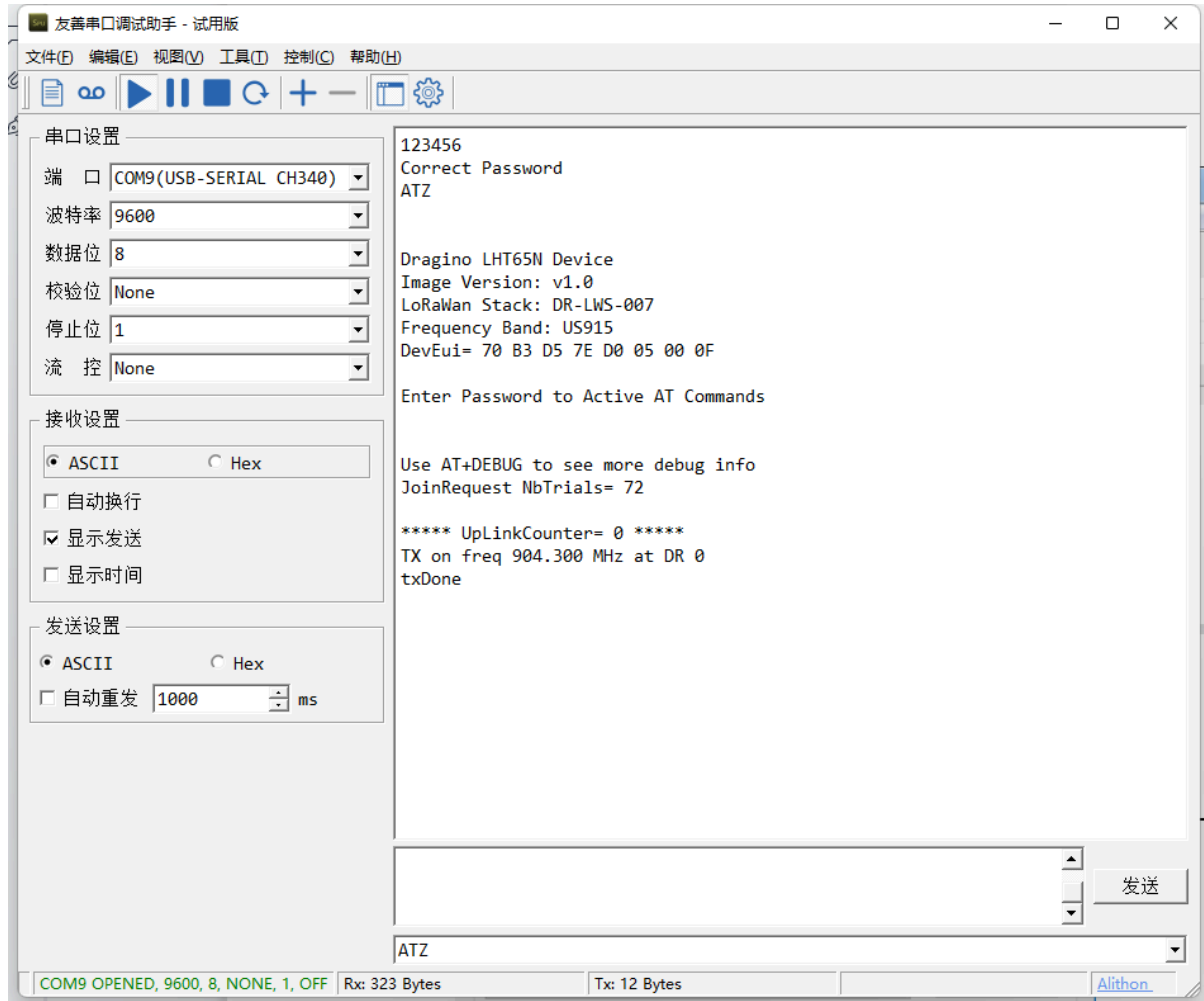
BASE64 ENCODED JSON OBJECT

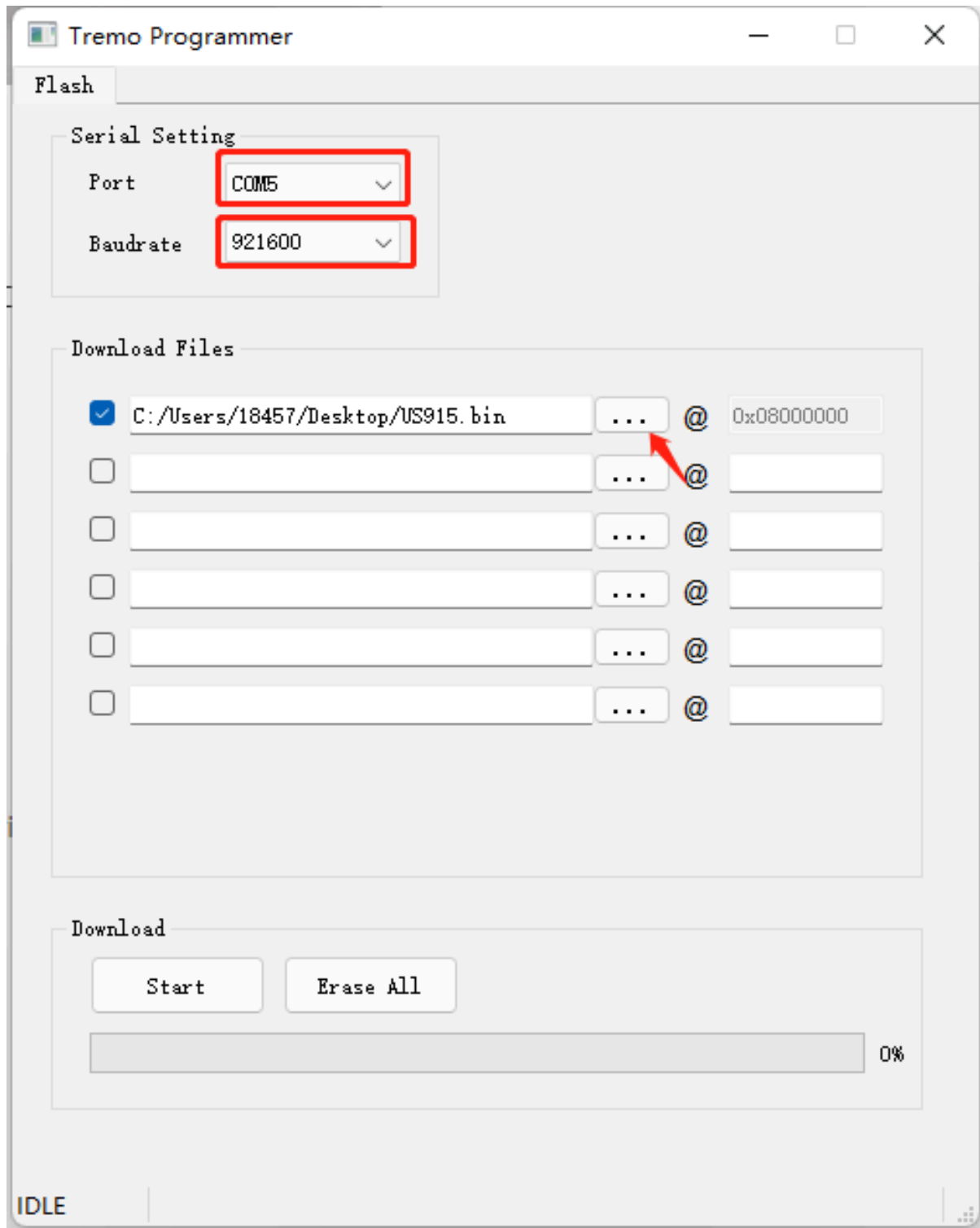
Base64 encoded string *

[ENQUEUE PAYLOAD](#)









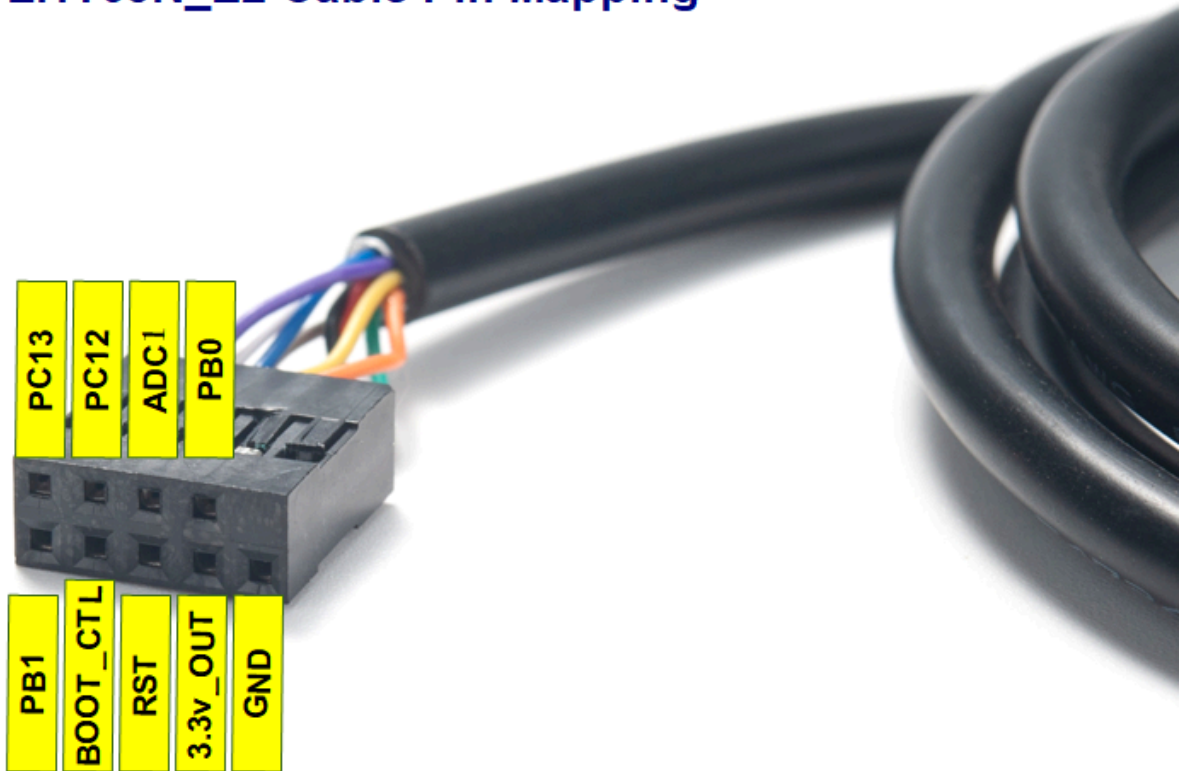


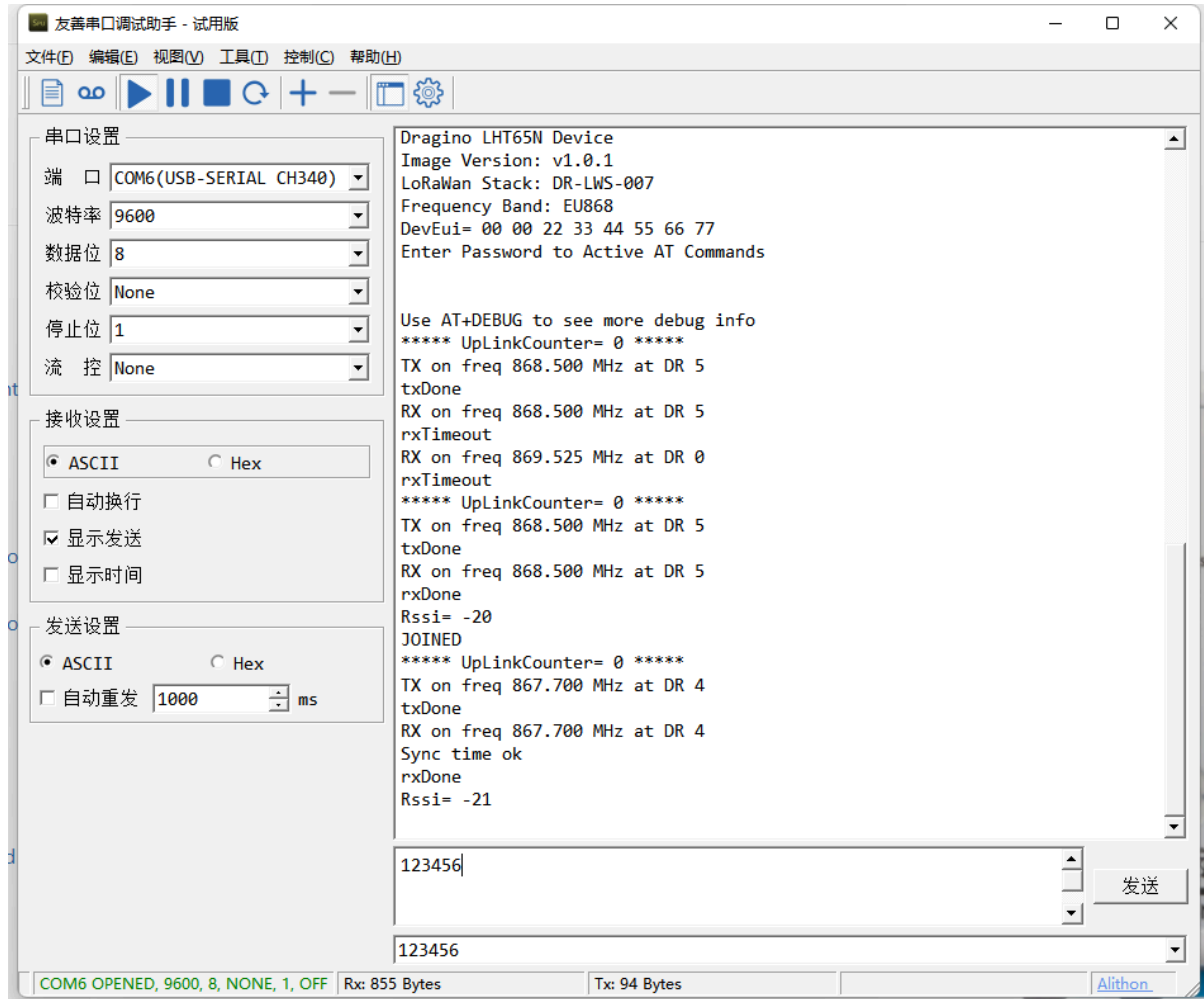


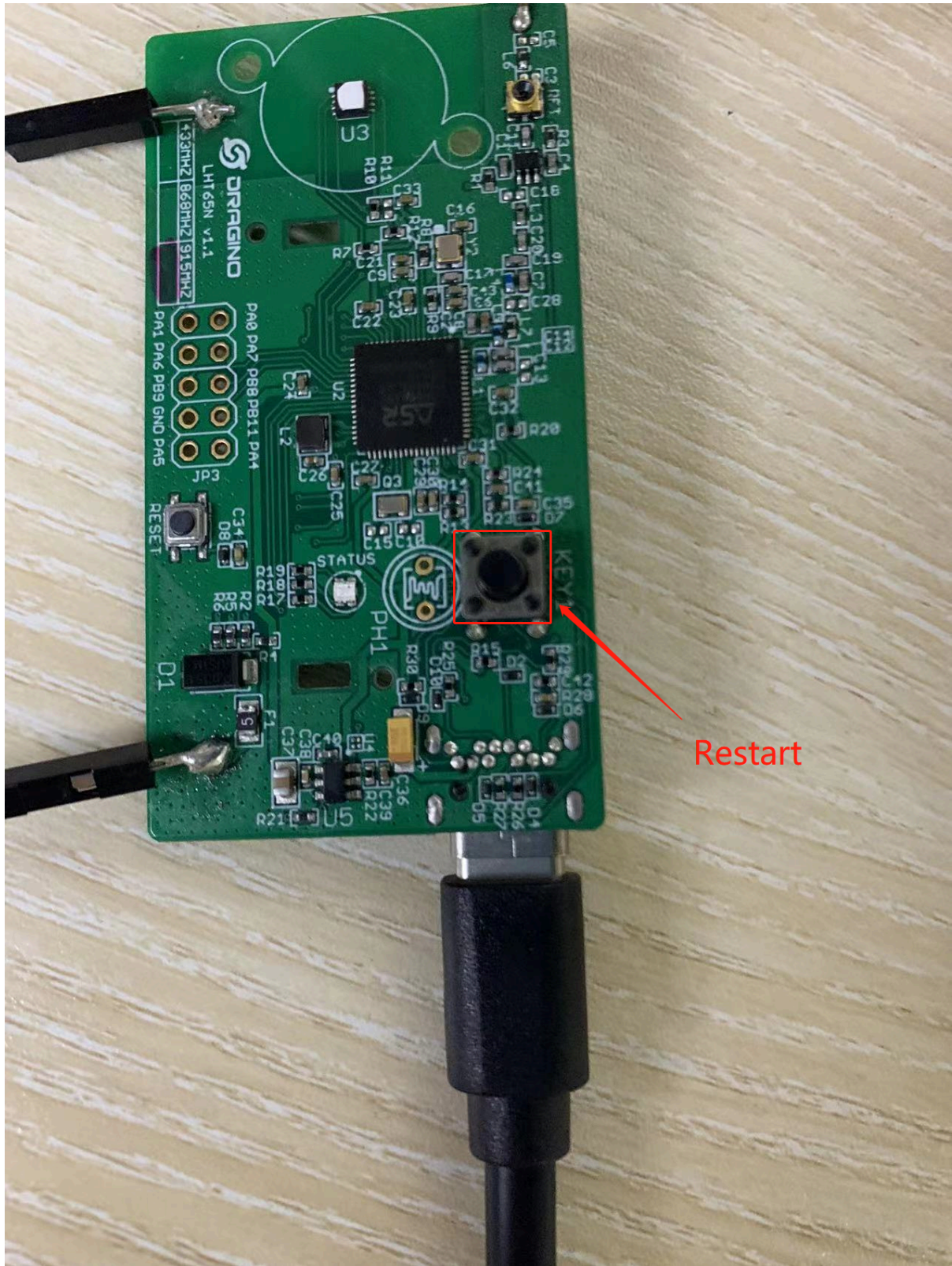
LHT65N-E2

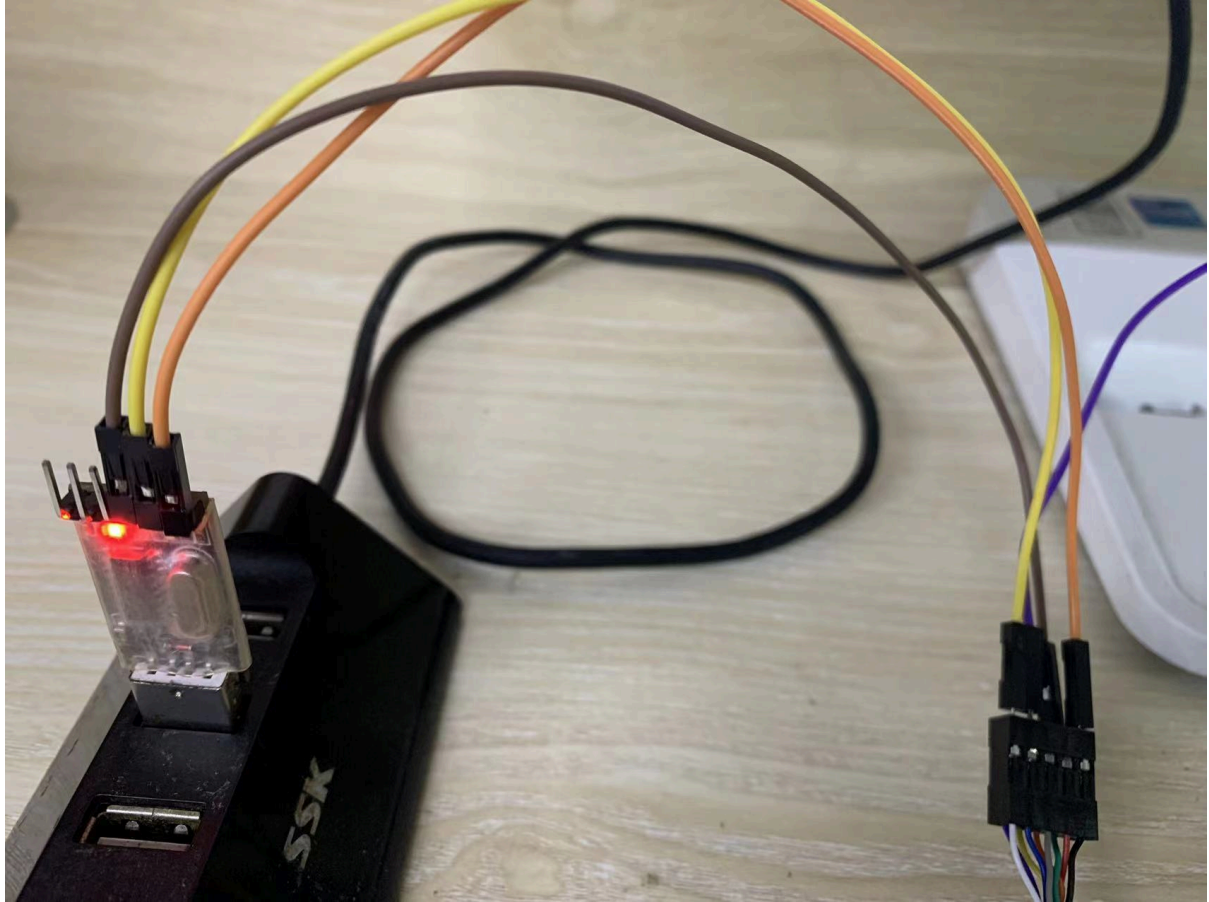


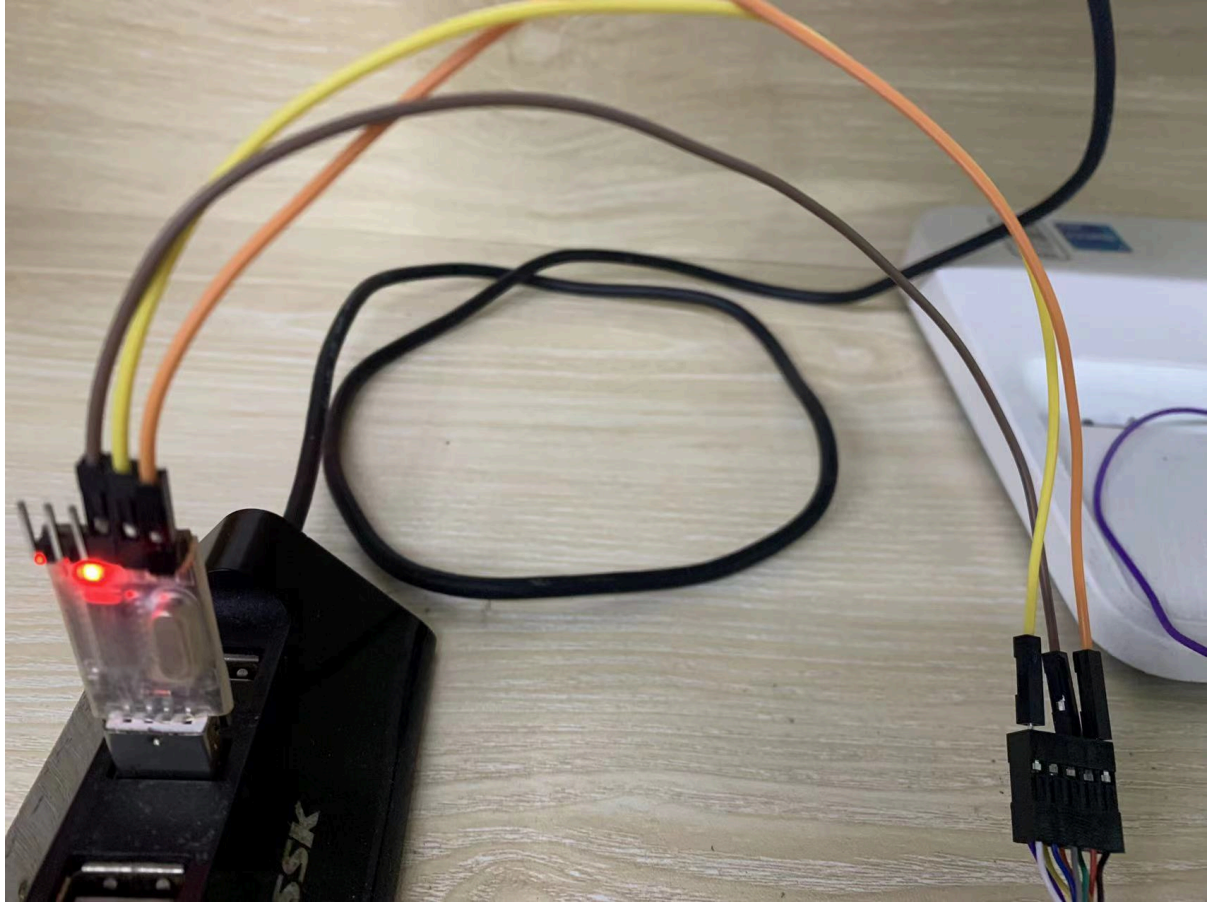
LHT65N_E2 Cable Pin Mapping

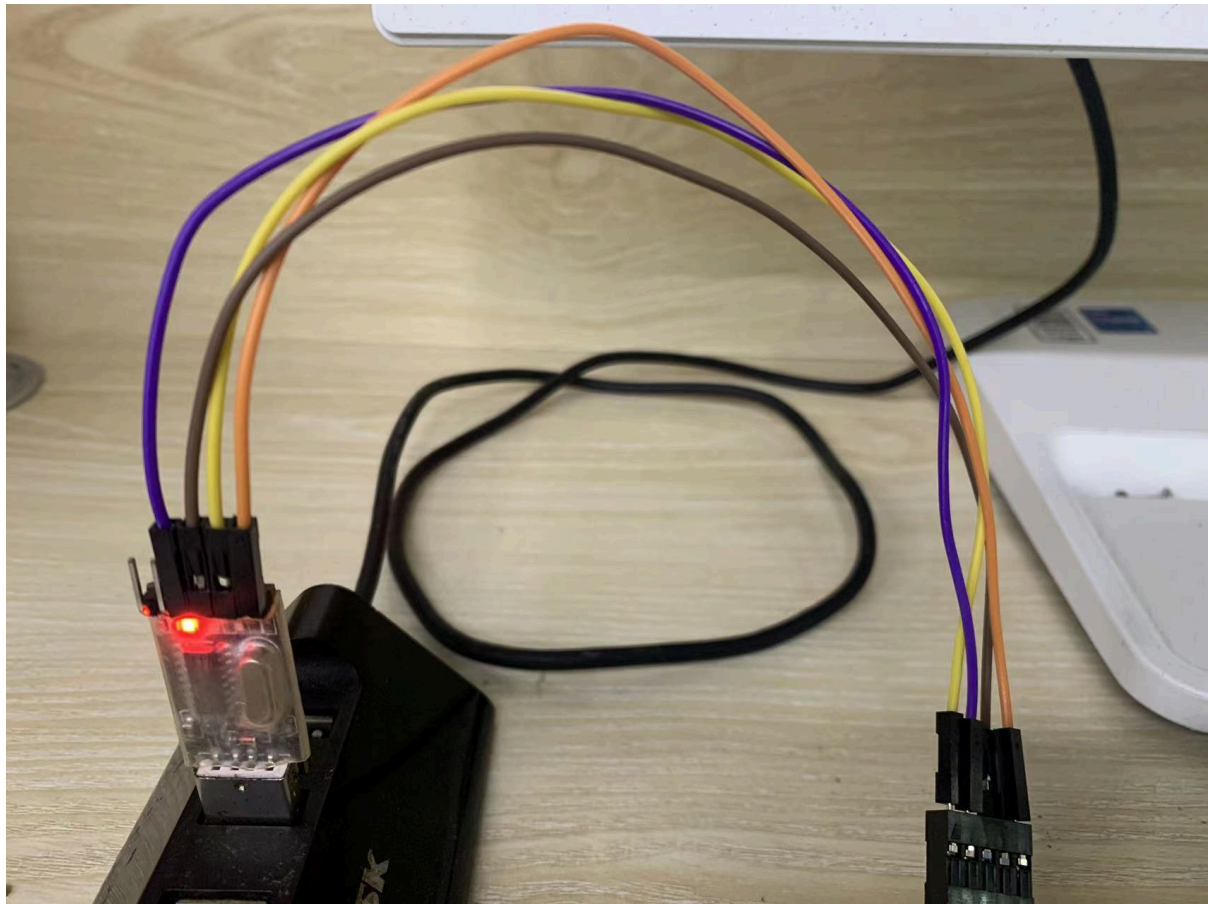


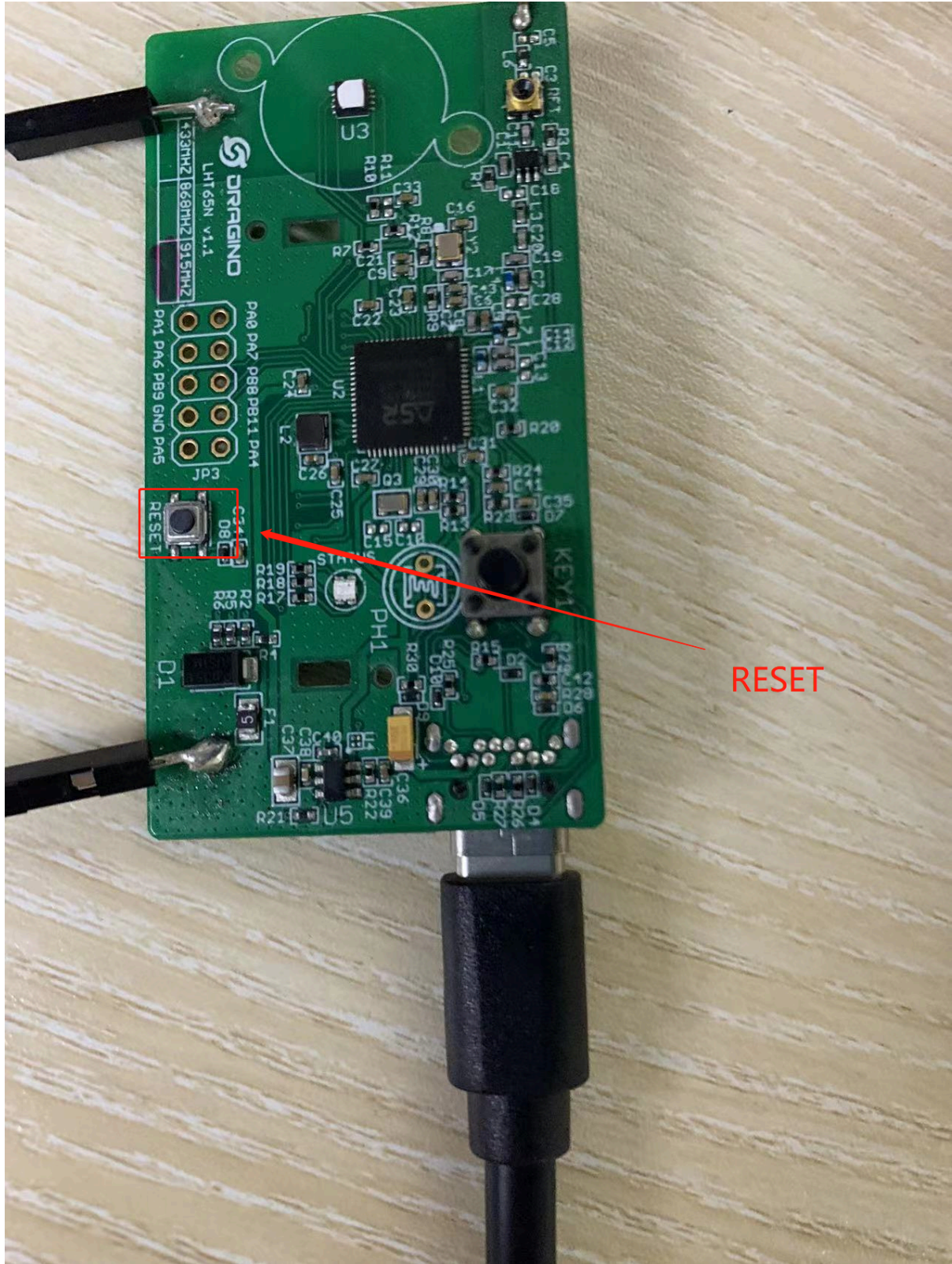


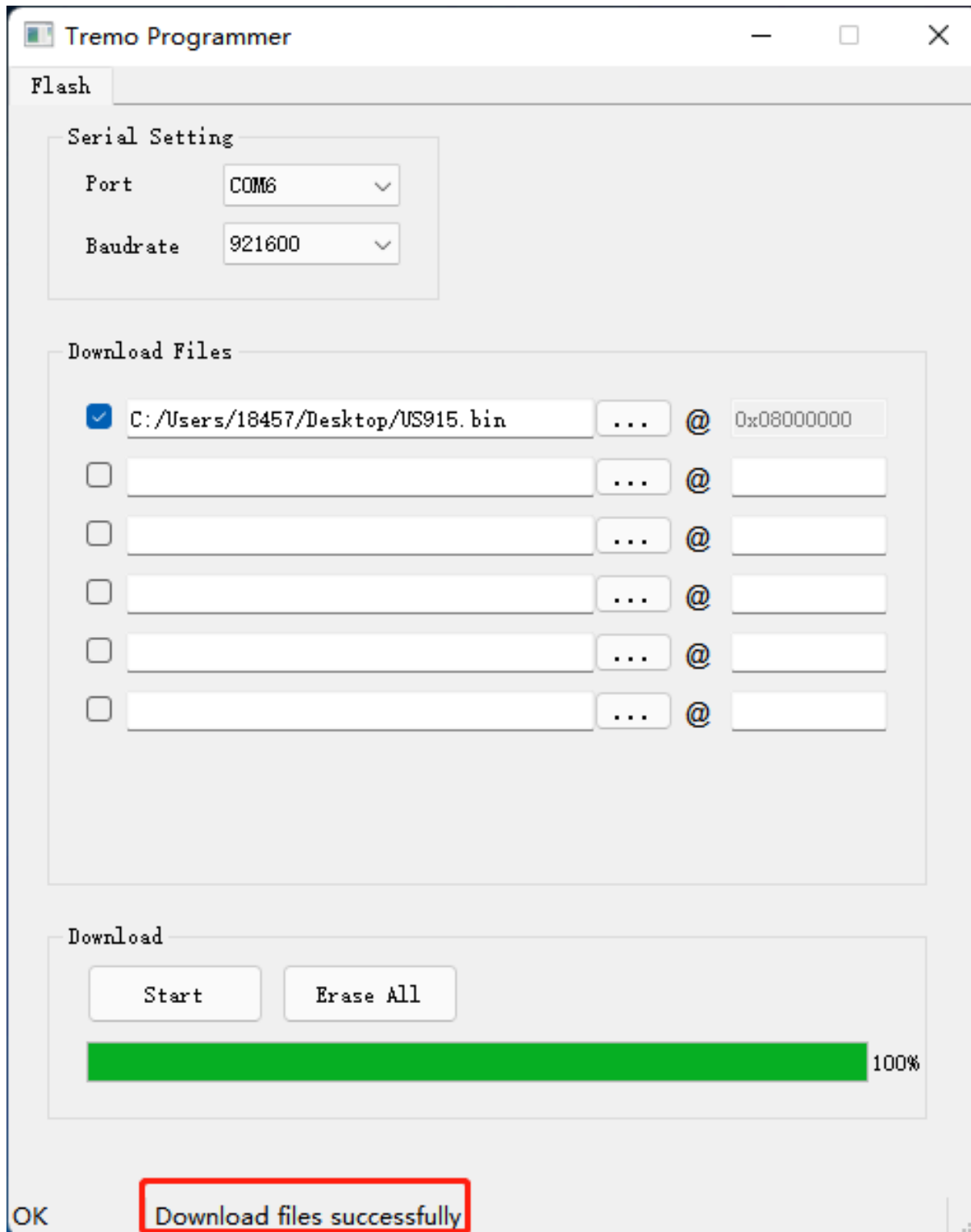




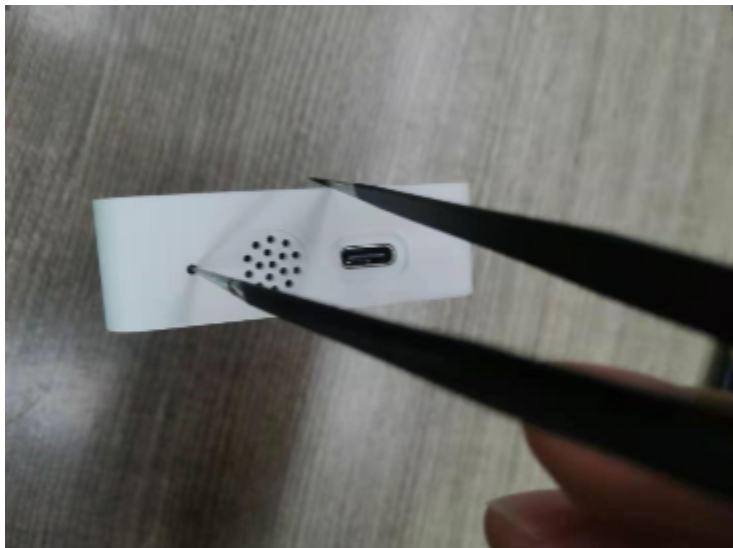












The image displays three sequential screenshots of the 'lht52test01' device's live data log in the Things Stack Applications interface. The interface includes a sidebar with navigation options like 'Overview', 'End devices', 'Live data', and 'Payload formatters'. The main content area shows a list of messages with columns for 'Time', 'Type', and 'Data preview'. The 'Data preview' column contains detailed message information, including payload, device address, and various parameters. Red boxes highlight specific fields in the payload of several messages across the three screenshots.

Screenshot 1 (Top): Shows messages from 14:08:13 to 14:04:50. A red box highlights the payload of a 'Forward uplink data message' at 14:08:04: `[Bat_MV: 2074, Firmware_Version: "100", Freq_Band: 1, Sensor_Model: 9, Sub_Band: 0]`.

Screenshot 2 (Middle): Shows messages from 16:07:23 to 16:03:17. A red box highlights the payload of a 'Forward uplink data message' at 16:07:17: `[Ext: 1, Hum_SHT: 62.6, Systemstamp: 1640851277, Temp_Ds: 327.67, Temp_SHT: 22.82]`. Another red box highlights the payload of a 'Forward downlink data message' at 16:06:18: `[Payload: 23 01]`.

Screenshot 3 (Bottom): Shows messages from 14:17:03 to 14:09:02. A red box highlights the payload of a 'Forward uplink data message' at 14:17:02: `[Ext: 1, Hum_SHT: 64.4, Systemstamp: 1640844021, Temp_Ds: 327.67, Temp_SHT: 22.63]`.

User Manual for LoRaWAN /NB -IoT End Nodes - PB01 -- LoRaWAN Button User Manual

The screenshot displays the LoRaWAN management interface for an application named 'LHTS2_TEST'. It shows the 'Live data' view for a device 'lht52test01'. The interface includes a sidebar with navigation options like Overview, End devices, Live data, Payload formatters, Integrations, and General settings. The main content area shows a list of data messages with details such as Time, Type, and Payload. Two specific messages are highlighted with red boxes:

- Message 1 (15:37:14): Forward uplink data message. Payload: [Ext: 1, Hum_SHT: 01, Systemstamp: 1640849833, Temp_DS: 327.67, Temp_SHT: 23.49] 09 20 01 FE 7F FF 01 61 ... FPort: 2 Data rate: SF7BW126 SNR: 6.5 RSSI: -31
- Message 2 (15:38:20): Forward uplink data message. Payload: [Status: "Data retrieved, your need to parse it by the application server"] 7F FF 08 BF 02 18 41 61 ... FPort: 3 Data rate: SF7BW126 SNR: 7 RSSI: -34

Below the data messages, the 'Default uplink payload formatter' configuration is shown. It includes a 'Setup' section with a 'Formatter type' dropdown set to 'Javascript'. The 'Formatter parameter' field contains a JavaScript function:

```
function vht_uplink(bytes) {  
  var zero = '0';  
  var hex = byte_to_hex_string(16);  
  var tmp = <hex>.length;  
  var zero = zero.substr(0, tmp) + hex;  
}  
  
function Decode(bytes, port) {  
  var decode = [];  
  if (port == 2) {  
    if (bytes.length == 1) {  
      decode.Temp_SHT = parseInt(((bytes[0] << 24) >> 8 | bytes[1]) / 100, 10).toFixed(2);  
    }  
  }  
}
```

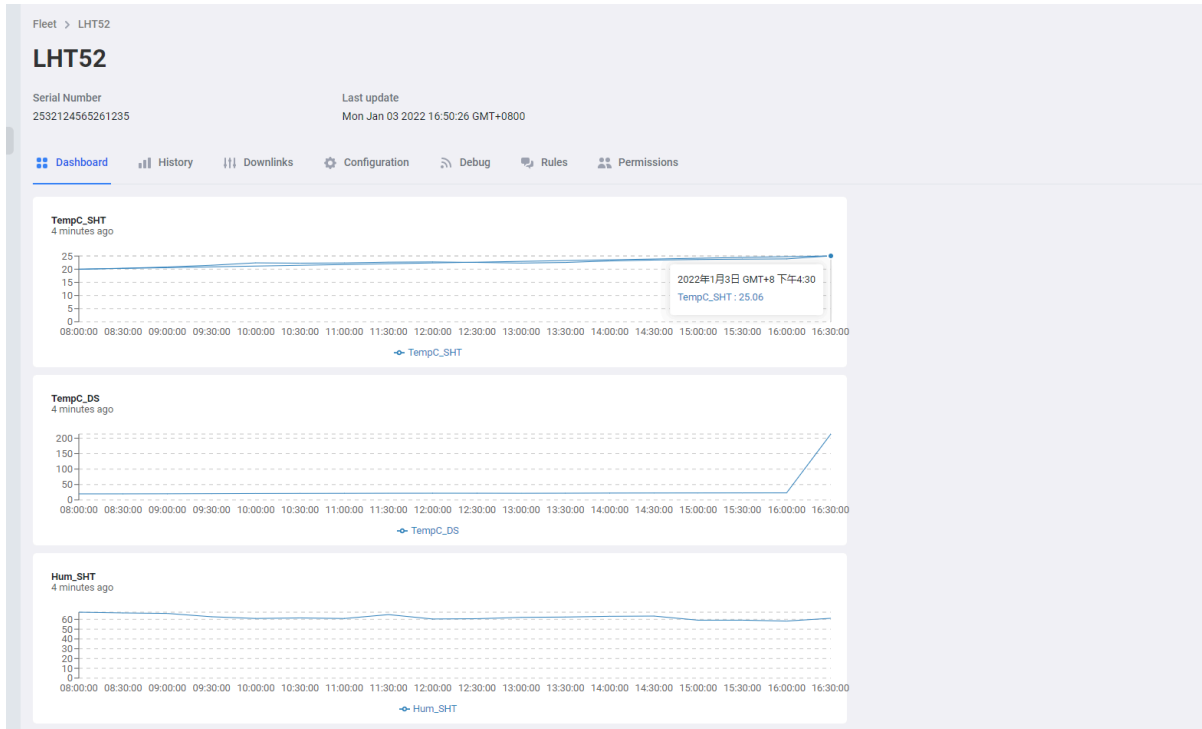
Red arrows point to the 'Formatter type' dropdown and the 'Save changes' button.

09 01 00 01 00 0B 3A

The screenshot is divided into three main sections:

- Top Section: Webhook Template Selection**
 - On the left, a sidebar menu shows 'Integrations' > 'Webhooks' highlighted with a red box. A red arrow points from this menu to the main content area.
 - The main content area is titled 'Choose webhook template' and displays a grid of 12 integration options. The 'Datacake' option is highlighted with a red box, and a red arrow points to it from the 'Webhooks' menu.
- Middle Section: Device Configuration**
 - This section shows the configuration page for a device named 'LHT52' under the 'Datacake' integration.
 - The 'Configuration' tab is selected and highlighted with a red box.
 - A message at the bottom states: 'This device does not have a dashboard, yet. Start by activating the edit mode using the switch in the top right.'
- Bottom Section: Payload Decoder**
 - This section is titled 'Payload Decoder' and contains a code editor with a JavaScript function:

```
1- function Decoder(payload, port) {
2-   /*
3-   */
4-   return [
5-     {
6-       field: "TEST",
7-       value: 123
8-     }
9-   ];
10- }
```
 - A red arrow points from the code editor to the 'Try Decoder' button.
 - Below the code editor, there are input fields for 'Payload' (containing 'Payload') and 'Port' (containing '1').
 - At the bottom, there are sections for 'console.log Output' and 'Recognized measurements'.



DATA CAKE

Fleet > Devices

Devices

DEVICE	LOCATION
LD502WA865IN-LU	

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 results

Left sidebar: kazike lu (45950896@qq.com), Edit Profile (highlighted), Logout, Rules, Workspace, Integrations, White Label, Billing.

My Account | Password | API

Datacake offers both a RESTful API for simple tasks as well as a feature-rich GraphQL API. For both, you need an API token. Please note that your API token gives access to your whole account, so treat it with caution!

You can find your API token below.

***** Show

The screenshot shows the 'Add custom webhook' page in The Things Stack. The breadcrumb trail is 'Applications > LHT52_TEST > Webhooks > Add > Custom webhook'. The left sidebar lists various application integrations, with 'Webhooks' selected. The main content area is titled 'Add custom webhook' and includes the following sections:


- Template information:** Shows the 'Datacake' template with the description 'Send data to Datacake via TTI adapter' and links for 'About Datacake' and 'Documentation'.
- Template settings:** Contains two input fields: 'Webhook ID *' with the value 'lht52testu01' and 'Token *' with a masked value. A red arrow points to the 'Token *' field with the text 'Paste the API here'. Below these fields is the label 'Datacake API Token'.
- Action:** A blue button labeled 'Create datacake webhook' is highlighted with a red box and a red arrow.

The screenshot shows the 'Datacake' 'Devices' page. The breadcrumb trail is 'Fleet > Devices'. The page features a search bar, a 'Columns' dropdown, and a '+ Add Device' button highlighted with a red box and a red arrow. Below the search bar is a table with the following data:


DEVICE	LOCATION
LDS02WAB65N-LU	

At the bottom of the table, it says 'Showing 1 to 1 of 1 results'. There are also controls for '50 per page', 'Previous', and 'Next'.


Add Device ✕




LoRaWAN




PARTICLE




API



D Zero



D Zero LTE



PINCODE

STEP 1
Product

STEP 2
Network Server

STEP 3
Devices

STEP 4
Plan

Datacake Product

You can add devices to an existing product on Datacake, create a new empty product or start with one of the templates. Products allow you to share the same configuration (fields, dashboard and more) between devices.

New Product from template
Create new product from a template

Existing Product
Add devices to an existing product

New Product
Create new empty product

New Product

If your device is not available as a template, you can start with an empty device. You will have to create the device definition (fields, dashboard) and provide the payload decoder in the device's configuration.

Product Name

Next

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Add Device



LoRaWAN



PARTICLE



API



D Zero



D Zero LTE



PINCODE

STEP 1
Product






STEP 2
Network Server

STEP 3
Devices

STEP 4
Plan

Network Server

Please choose the LoRaWAN Network Server that your devices are connected to.

<input checked="" type="radio"/>		The Things Stack V3 TTN V3 / Things Industries	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input type="radio"/>		The Things Network V2 The old Things Network	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input type="radio"/>		Helium	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input type="radio"/>		LOR I O T	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input type="radio"/>		Kerlink Wanesy	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	

Showing 1 to 5 of 8 results

Add Device



LoRaWAN



PARTICLE



API



D Zero



D Zero LTE



PINCODE

STEP 1
Product

STEP 2
Network Server

STEP 3
Devices

STEP 4
Plan

Add Devices

Enter one or more LoRaWAN Device EUIs and the names they will have on Datacake.

New: You can now upload a CSV file with either one column (just the device's DevEUI) or two columns (DevEUI and Name), which will populate the form below.

Drag and drop a .csv file here or click to choose one

DEVEUI

NAME

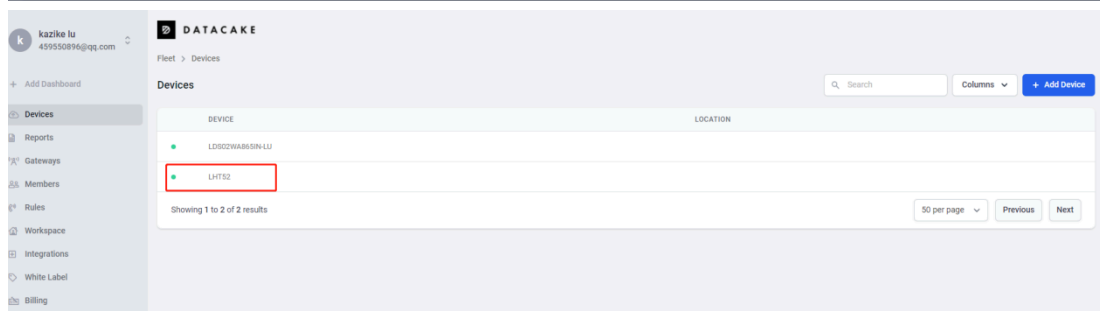
25 32 12 45 65 26 12 30 8 bytes

LHT52

+ Add another device

Back

Next



31 5FC5F350 5FC6 0160 05

The screenshot shows the Serial Port Utility interface with the following settings and output:

- Serial Port Setting:** Port: USB 串行设... (COM3), Baudrate: 115200, Data Bits: 8, Parity: None, Stop Bits: 1, Flow Type: None.
- Receive Setting:** Text selected, Auto Feed Line unchecked, Display Send checked, Display Time unchecked.
- Send Setting:** Text selected, Loop unchecked, 1000 ms.
- Output Log:**

```

123456
Incorrect Password
123456
Correct Password
AT+ARTEMP=15,50
OK
AT+CITEMP=2
OK
AT+WMOD=1
Attention:Take effect after A
OK
ATZ
Dragino LHT52 Device
Image Version:v1.0
LoRaWAN Stack:DR-LWS-005
Frequency Band: EU868
DevEui= 70 B3 D5 7E D0 04 8E 69
Enter Password to Active AT Commands

***** UpLinkCounter= 0 *****
TX on freq 868100000 Hz at DR 5
txDone
RX on freq 868100000 Hz at DR 5
rxDone
ATZ
                
```
- Status Bar:** COM3 OPENED, 115200, 8, NONE, 1, OFF; Rx: 1,449 Bytes; Tx: 74 Bytes.

The screenshot shows the continuation of the Serial Port Utility interface with the following settings and output:

- Receive Setting:** Text selected, Auto Feed Line unchecked, Display Send checked, Display Time unchecked.
- Send Setting:** Text selected, Loop unchecked, 1000 ms.
- Output Log:**

```

HI+PNM=1
AT+PWORD=123456
AT+EXT=1
AT+TDC=300000
AT+TIMESTAMP=1641958572 2022 1 12 3 36 12
AT+RJTDC=20
AT+DDETECT=0,1000
AT+WMOD=1
AT+CITEMP=2
AT+ARTEMP=15,50
OK
AT+RX2WT0=0
AT+RX2FQ=869525000
AT+RX2DR=0
AT+RPL=0
AT+FCU=0
AT+FCD=0
AT+CFS=0
AT+NJS=0
AT+DCS=0
AT+PNM=1
AT+PWORD=123456
AT+EXT=1
AT+TDC=1200000
AT+TIMESTAMP=13 1970 1 1 0 0 13
AT+RJTDC=20
AT+DDETECT=0,1000
AT+WMOD=0
AT+CITEMP=1
AT+ARTEMP=-40,125
OK
                
```

Time Type Data preview
Verbose stream

14:16:35	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	FPort: 1 Confirmed downlink MAC payload: 07 FE 92 81 2C Rx1 Delay: 5
14:16:35	Forward uplink data message	Payload: { Ext: 1, Hum_SHT: 60.0, Systemstamp: 1641968294, Temp_OS: 327.67, Temp_SHT: 21.62 } 08 68 01 FC 7F FF 01 61 ... FPort: 2 Data rate: SF7BW125 SNR: -3 RSS
14:16:35	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 6A 14 FCnt: 6 FPort: 2 Data rate: SF7BW125 SNR: -3 RSSI: -120
14:16:20	Console: Stream reconnected	The stream connection has been re-established
14:16:19	Forward downlink data message	FPort: 1 Payload: A7 00 0F 00 32 → Set normal temperature range
14:16:15	Console: Network error	The stream connection was lost due to a network error
14:16:08	Forward downlink data message	FPort: 1 Payload: A7 00 0F 00 32
14:14:35	Fail to send webhook	Error:undefined:undefined
14:14:35	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	FPort: 1 Confirmed downlink MAC payload: F1 74 4A Rx1 Delay: 5
14:14:35	Forward uplink data message	Payload: { Ext: 1, Hum_SHT: 61.2, Systemstamp: 1641968074, Temp_OS: 327.67, Temp_SHT: 21.47 } 08 63 02 00 7F FF 01 61 ... FPort: 2 Data rate: SF7BW125 SNR: -1.5 R
14:14:35	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 6A 14 FCnt: 5 FPort: 2 Data rate: SF7BW125 SNR: -1.5 RSSI: -120
14:13:09	Forward downlink data message	FPort: 1 Payload: A6 00 02 → Set the time interval for checking the temperature to 2 minutes
14:12:35	Fail to send webhook	Error:undefined:undefined
14:12:35	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	FPort: 1 Confirmed downlink MAC payload: 93 FD Rx1 Delay: 5
14:12:35	Forward uplink data message	Payload: { Ext: 1, Hum_SHT: 49.9, Systemstamp: 1641967954, Temp_OS: 327.67, Temp_SHT: 21.43 } 08 5F 01 F3 7F FF 01 61 ... FPort: 2 Data rate: SF7BW125 SNR: 9.5 RS
14:12:35	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 6A 14 FCnt: 4 FPort: 2 Data rate: SF7BW125 SNR: 9.5 RSSI: -36
14:11:08	Forward downlink data message	FPort: 1 Payload: A5 01 → Enable alarm mode

```

AT+RJIDC=20
AT+DDETECT=0,1440
AT+WMOD=1
AT+CITEMP=2
AT+ARTEMP=15,50
OK

AT+CFG
                
```

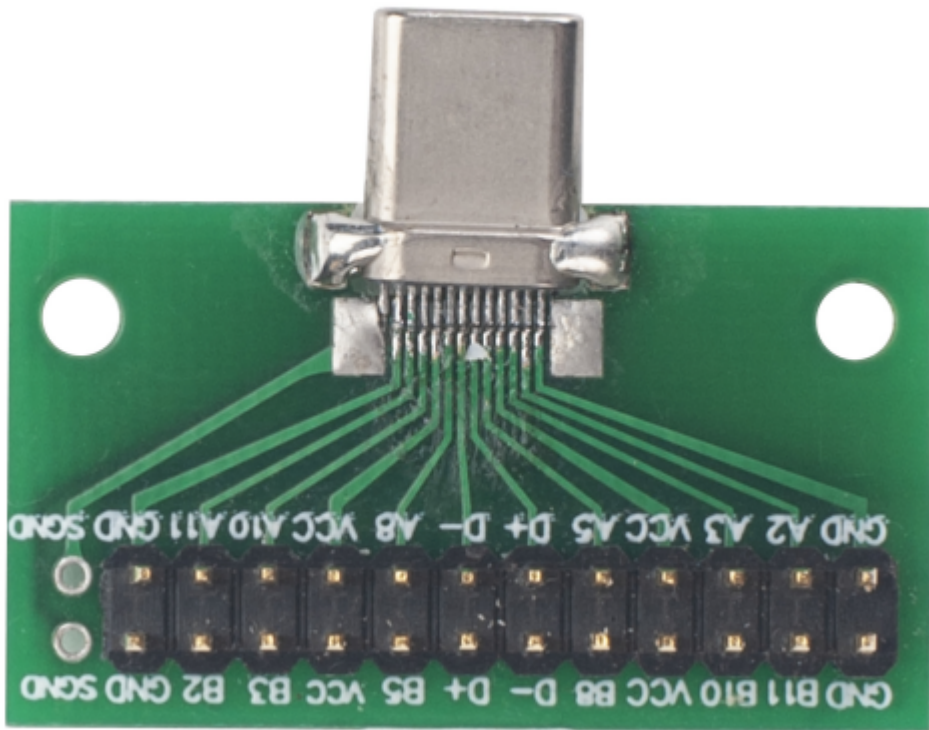
Send

14:24:19	Fail to send webhook	Error:undefined:undefined
14:24:19	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	FPort: 1 Confirmed downlink MAC payload: C8 83 73 08 3D C9 05 76 Rx1 Delay: 5
14:24:19	Forward uplink data message	Payload: { Ext: 1, Hum_SHT: 61, Systemstamp: 1641968658, Temp_OS: 327.67, Temp_SHT: 21.77 } 08 01 01 FE 7F FF 01 61 ... FPort: 2 Data rate: SF7BW125 SNR: 9.2 RSSI: -29
14:24:19	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 6A 14 FCnt: 9 FPort: 2 Data rate: SF7BW125 SNR: 9.2 RSSI: -29
14:22:46	Forward downlink data message	FPort: 1 Payload: AA 01 00 02 00 0F 00 32
14:22:19	Fail to send webhook	Error:undefined:undefined

AS-01 Temperature Probe

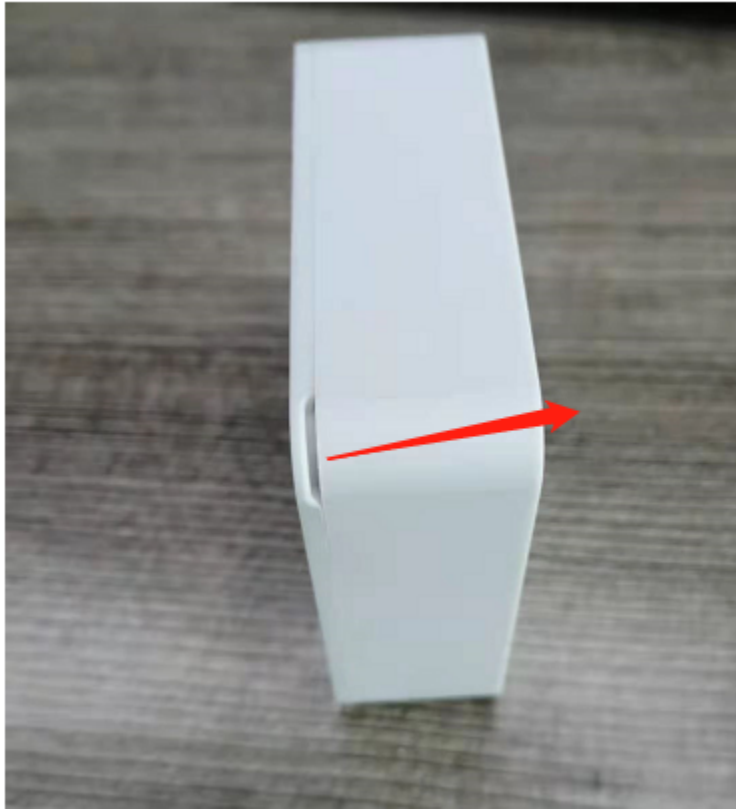


AS-02 USB Type-C Converter



AS-01 Temperature Probe







DRAGINO

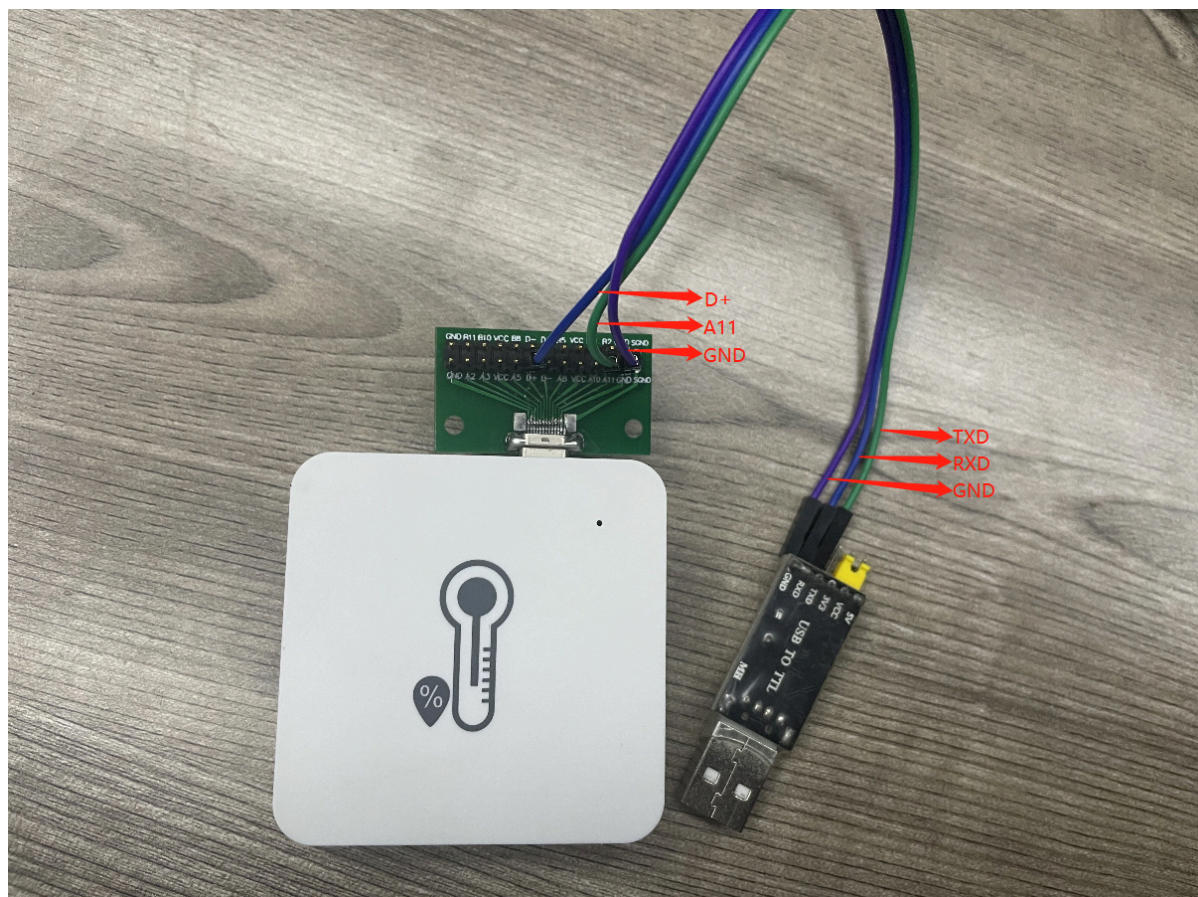
How to use:
 1. Please do not modify the formula in the table
 2. After selecting the product number and mode, then select the TDC unit, and finally enter the TDC you can get the predicted battery life
 3. Explanation of abbreviations : WD -> Watchdog TX -> Transmit RX -> Receive

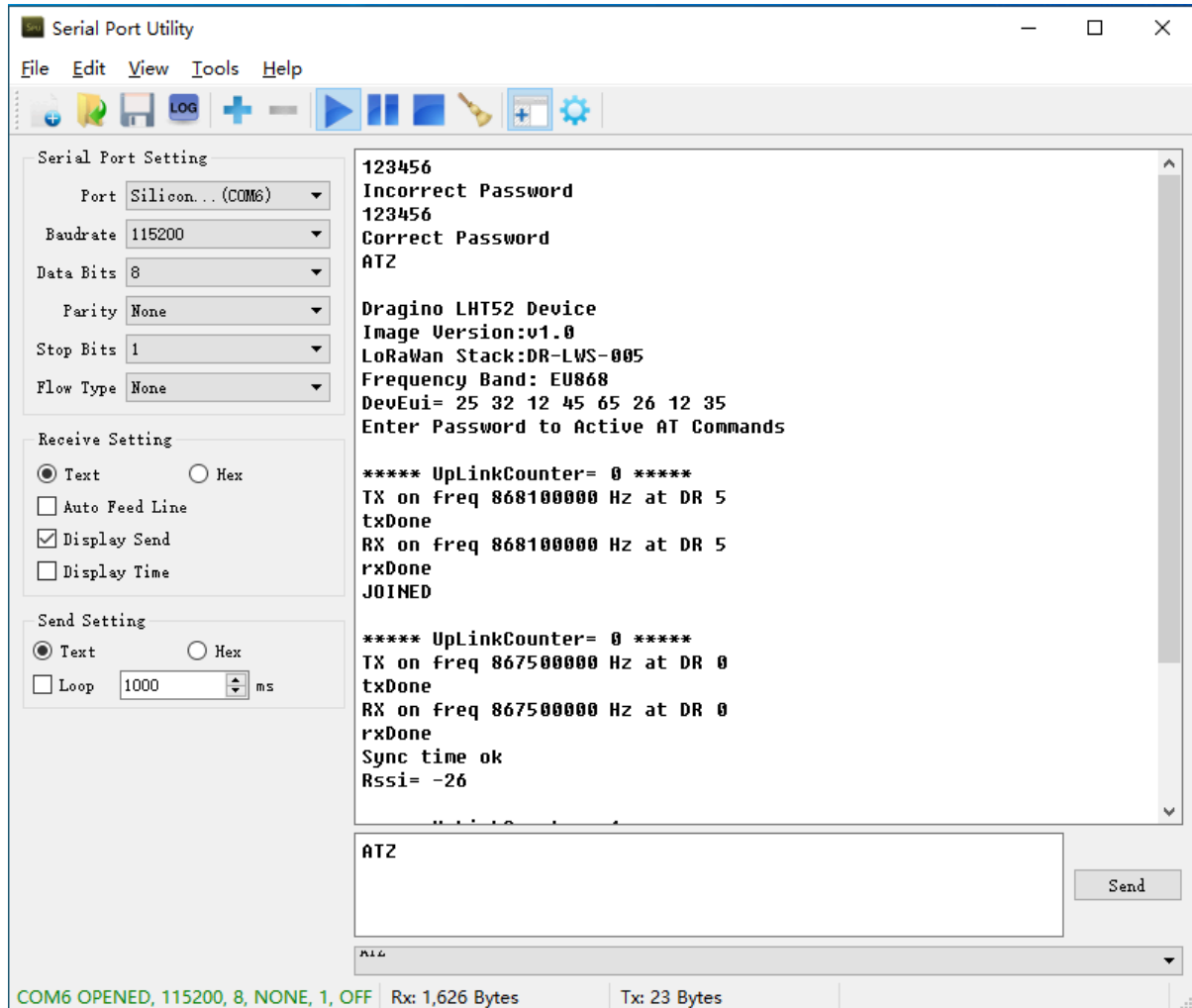
Battery Life Calculator

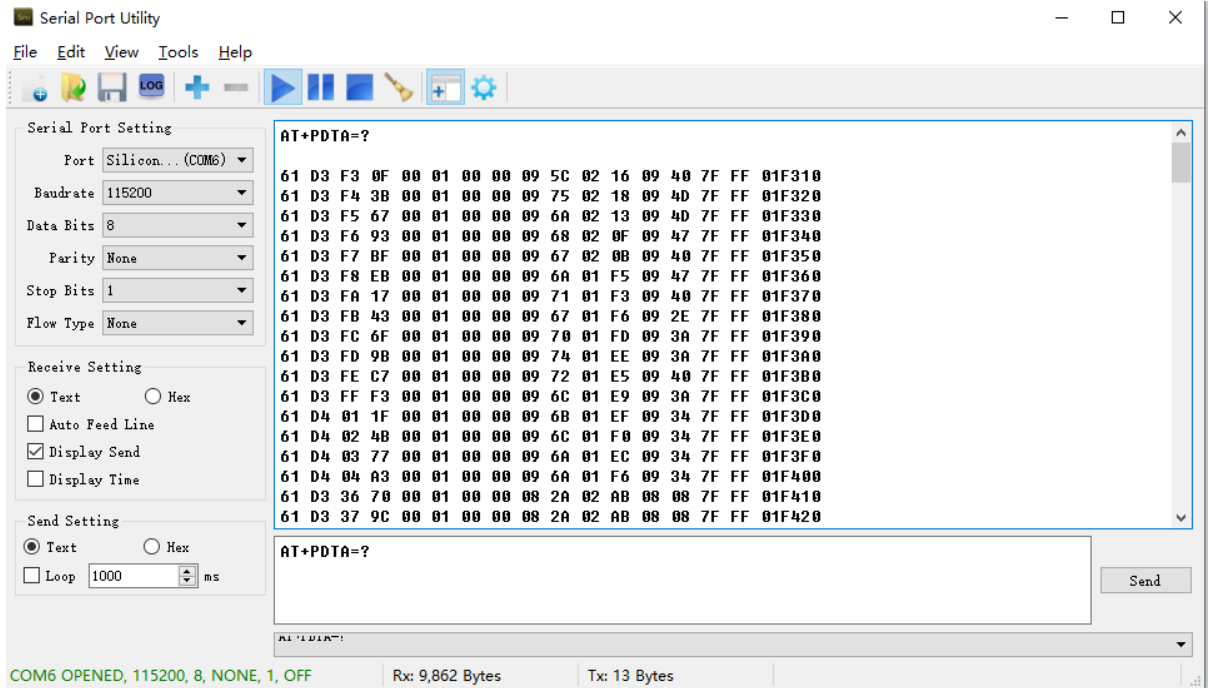
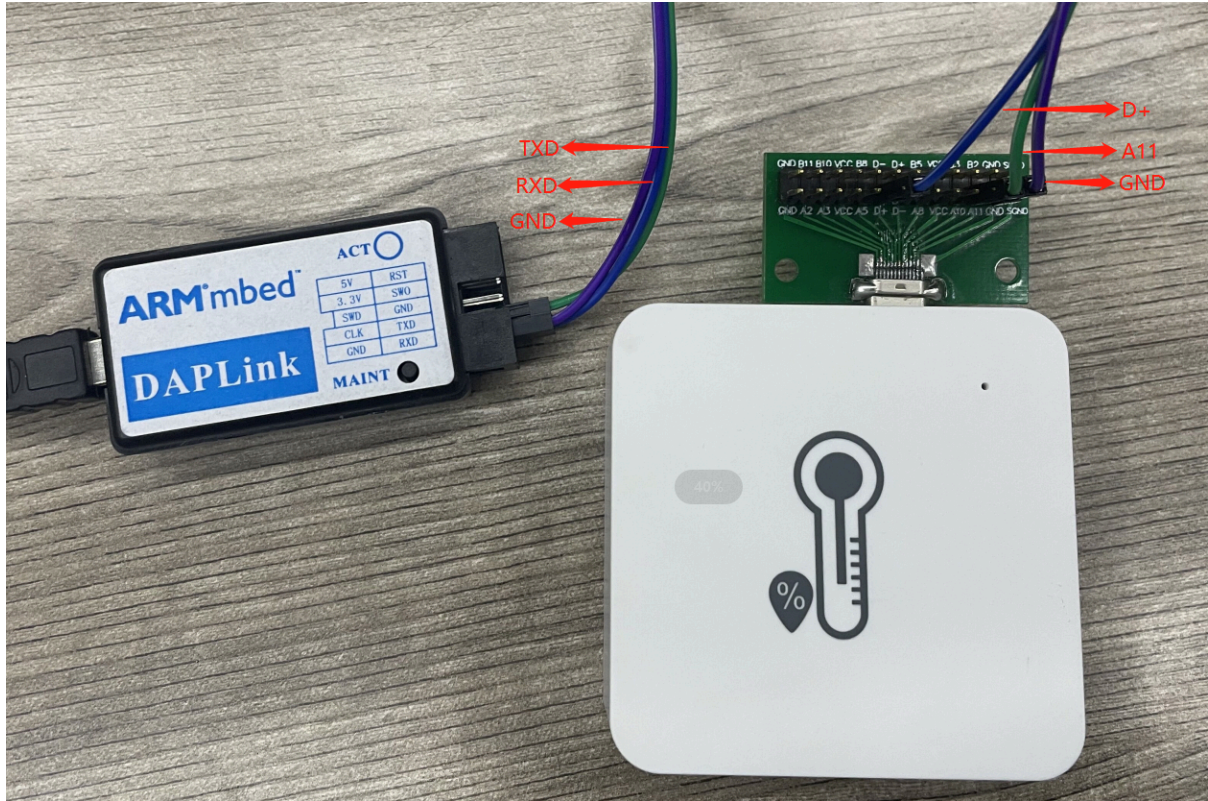
Product	battery capacity(mah)
LHT52_LoRaWAN_Temperature_Humidity_Sensor	1000
UNIT	TDC (Uplink Interval)
min	20
	Work Mode
	EXT-1

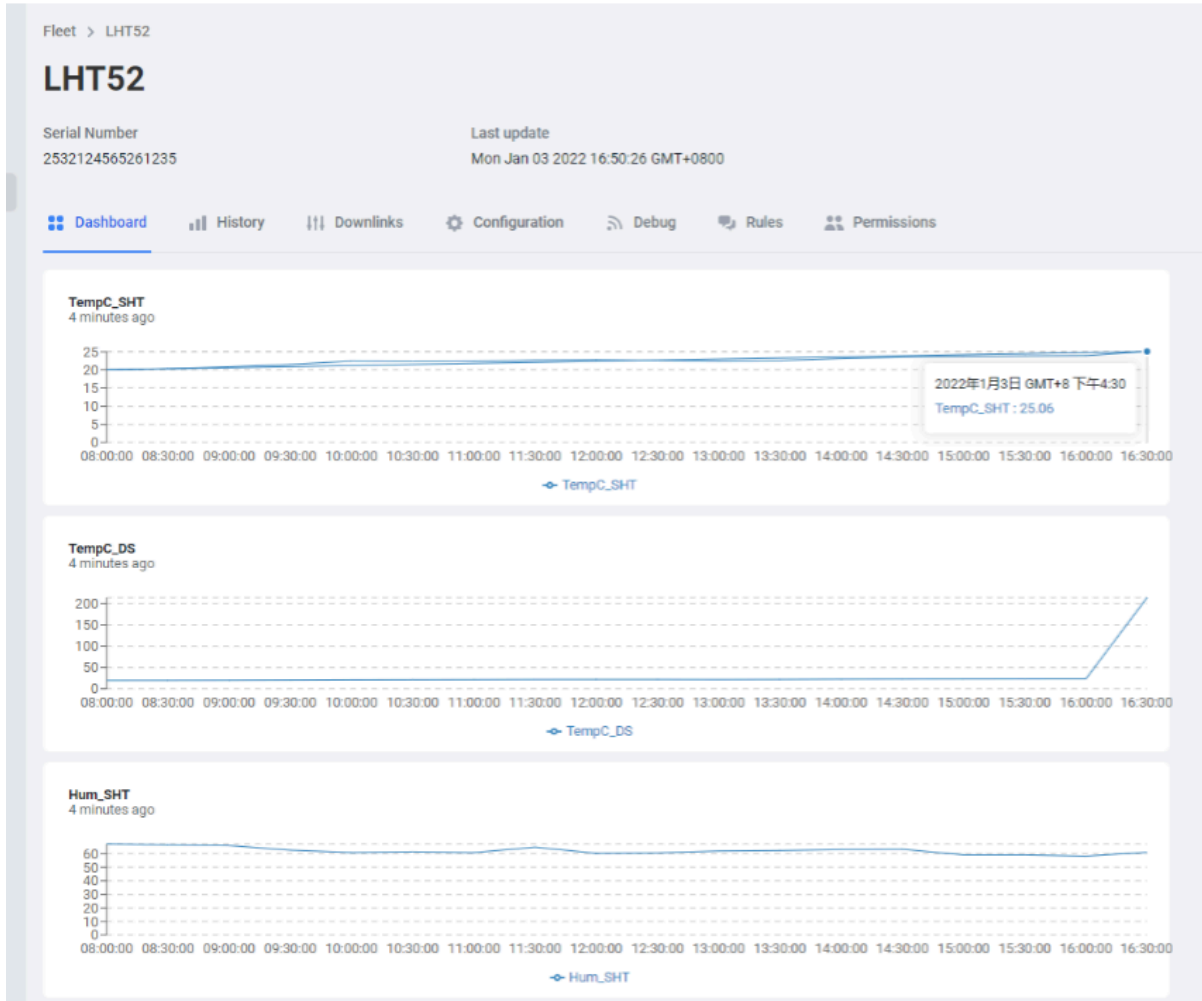
current (mA) vs time (ms) graph showing: W (Watchdog), D (Sleep), Sampling, TX, RX1, RX2, W (Watchdog), D (Sleep).

	Sleep power (mA*ms)	Sampling power (mA*ms)	TX power (mA*ms)	RX1 power (mA*ms)	RX2 power (mA*ms)	Watchdog power (mA*ms)	Average power (mA)	Detect power (mA*ms)	Life expectancy (yr)
EU868									
DR5_SF7_125K_14dB	8400	787.31488	7367.8544	880.58488	4097.083	757.1706667	0.018567657	0	5.5
DR4_SF8_125K_14dB	8400	787.31488	13210.2528	950.0943	4097.083	757.1706667	0.023491202	0	4.4
DR3_SF9_125K_14dB	8400	787.31488	23652.608	1068.0336	4097.083	757.1706667	0.032284892	0	3.3
DR2_SF10_125K_14dB	8400	787.31488	42244.125	1461.4876	4097.083	757.1706667	0.048089509	0	2.3
DR1_SF11_125K_14dB	8400	787.31488	94013.4	2230.4828	4097.083	757.1706667	0.091803712	0	1.2
DR0_SF12_125K_14dB	8400	787.31488	168081	4097.083	4097.083	757.1706667	0.1549162	0	0.7
US915									
DR3_SF7_125K_20dB	8400	787.31488	8441.476	681.61989	1587.135	757.1706667	0.01720746	0	5.9
DR2_SF8_125K_20dB	8400	787.31488	15170.785	913.6491	1587.135	757.1706667	0.02300594	0	4.5
DR1_SF9_125K_20dB	8400	787.31488	27254.383	941.388	1587.135	757.1706667	0.033092867	0	3.2
DR0_SF10_125K_20dB	8400	787.31488	48745.32	995.2243	1587.135	757.1706667	0.051032452	0	2.1








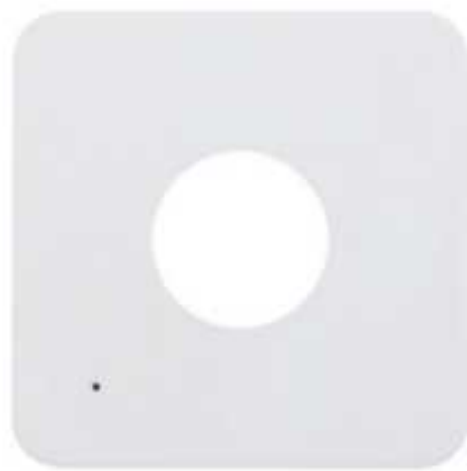


**Registration Key,
Please keep it safely.**

DEV EUI: A84041C161[REDACTED]
APP EUI: A8404100C00[REDACTED]01
APP KEY: 7EC8A9C917386DFC5DBF73B[REDACTED]
SN: LST2565[REDACTED]7







The screenshot shows the 'Create application' page in the 'THE THINGS STACK SANDBOX' interface. The navigation bar includes 'Overview', 'Applications' (highlighted with a red box), 'Gateways', and 'Organizations'. The page title is 'Create application'. Below the title, there is a brief description and a link to 'Adding Applications'. The form contains three input fields: 'Application ID *' with the value 'my-new-application', 'Application name' with the value 'My new application', and 'Description' with the value 'Description for my new application'. A 'Create application' button is highlighted with a red box at the bottom of the form. The bottom right corner of the interface shows 'EU1 Sandbox' and 'No support plan'.

The screenshot shows the 'zero' application page in the LoRaWAN dashboard. The left sidebar contains navigation options: Overview, End devices, Live data, Payload formatters, Integrations, Collaborators, API keys, and General settings. The main content area displays the application 'zero' with its ID and last activity. Below this, there is a 'Live data' section showing a list of uplink messages. At the bottom, a table lists end devices with columns for ID, Name, DevEUI, and JoinEUI. A red box highlights the '+ Register end device' button in the top right corner of the end devices section.

ID	Name	DevEUI	JoinEUI	Last activity
eui-fa23455555555555	PB01	FA 23 45 55 55 55 55 55	FF AA 23 45 42 42 41 11	3 min. ago
eui-003586ec8db99eaa	RS485LB	00 35 86 EC 8D B9 9E 01	F1 B8 FB 09 FC 68 F1 00	7 days ago
eui-a840414a818519ae	CPL01新器件	A8 40 41 4A 81 85 19 AE	A8 40 41 00 00 00 01 01	9 min. ago
eui-70b3d57ed9066ff4		70 83 05 7E 08 06 6F F4	00 25 0C 00 00 01 00 00	yesterday

The screenshot shows the 'Register end device' form. It includes a QR code scanner option and a 'Device registration help' link. Under 'End device type', the 'Enter end device specifics manually' option is selected and highlighted with a red box. Below this, there are dropdown menus for 'Frequency plan' (Europe 863-870 MHz (SF12 for RX2)), 'LoRaWAN version' (LoRaWAN Specification 1.0.3), and 'Regional Parameters version' (RP001 Regional Parameters 1.0.3 revision A). A 'Show advanced activation, LoRaWAN class and cluster settings' link is also present. The 'Provisioning information' section includes a 'JoinEUI' field with a text input containing '00 00 00 00 00 00 0d' and a 'Confirm' button. A note at the bottom states: 'To continue, please enter the JoinEUI of the end device so we can determine onboarding options'.

zero

- Overview
- End devices
- Live data
- Payload formatters
- Integrations
- Collaborators
- API keys
- General settings

Select the end device in the LoRaWAN Device Repository
Enter end device specifics manually

Frequency plan *
Europe 863-870 MHz (SF12 for RX2)

LoRaWAN version *
LoRaWAN Specification 1.0.3

Regional Parameters version *
RP001 Regional Parameters 1.0.3 revision A

Show advanced activation, LoRaWAN class and cluster settings

Provisioning information

JoinEUI *
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 Reset
This end device can be registered on the network

DevEUI *
... .. Generate 9/50 used

AppKey *
... .. Generate

End device ID *
my-new-device
This value is automatically prefilled using the DevEUI

After registration

- View registered end device
- Register another end device of this type

Register end device

Applications > zero > End devices > PB01 > Live data

PB01
ID: eu1-fa23455555555555
105 n/a Last activity 1 minute ago

Overview Live data Messaging Location Payload formatters General settings

Time	Type	Data preview
14:29:31	Schedule data downlink for transmission	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3 Rx1 Delay: 5
14:29:31	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3 Payload: { Alarm: "FALSE", Batt: 3.366, Hum_SHT41: 67.0, Sound_Ack: "OPEN", Sound_key: "OPEN", Temp_SHT41: 26.8 } 80 26 03 06 01 0C 02 A3 FPort: 2 Data rate: SF12BW125 SMR: 9.2 RSSI:
14:29:31	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3
14:29:26	Forward join-accept message	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3 JoinEUI: FF AA 23 45 42 42 41 11 DevEUI: FA 23 45 55 55 55 55
14:29:24	Successfully processed join-request	DevAddr: 26 08 91 92 JoinEUI: FF AA 23 45 42 42 41 11 DevEUI: FA 23 45 55 55 55 55
14:29:23	Accept join-request	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3 JoinEUI: FF AA 23 45 42 42 41 11 DevEUI: FA 23 45 55 55 55 55
14:18:20	Schedule data downlink for transmission	DevAddr: 26 08 91 92 Rx1 Delay: 5

Applications > zero > End devices > PB01 > Live data

PB01
ID: eu1-fa23455555555555
2 n/a Last activity 4 minutes ago

Overview Live data Messaging Location Payload formatters General settings

Time	Type	Data preview
14:35:03	Schedule data downlink for transmission	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3 Rx1 Delay: 5
14:35:03	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3 Payload: { BAT: 3.33, FIRMWARE_VERSION: "10.0.0", FREQUENCY_BAND: "EU868", SENSOR_MODEL: "PB01-L", SUB_BAND: "NULL" } 55 0A 00 05 FF 00 02 FPort: 0 Data rate: SF7BW125 SMR: 13.8 RSSI:
14:35:03	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3
14:34:57	Schedule data downlink for transmission	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3 FPort: 1 MAC payload: 80 90 Rx1 Delay: 5
14:34:57	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3 Payload: { Alarm: "TRUE", Batt: 3.342, Hum_SHT41: 65.7, Sound_Ack: "OPEN", Sound_key: "OPEN", Temp_SHT41: 26.5 } 00 0E 03 01 01 09 02 91 FPort: 0 Data rate: SF8BW125 SMR: 16 RSSI:
14:34:57	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3
14:34:52	Receive downlink data message	26 01 FPort: 1
14:29:31	Schedule data downlink for transmission	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3 Rx1 Delay: 5

User Manual for LoRaWAN /NB -IoT End Nodes - PB01 -- LoRaWAN Button User Manual

Applications > zero > End devices > PB01 > Live data

PB01
ID: eu-fa23455555555555

Overview Live data Messaging Location Payload formatters General settings

Time	Type	Data preview
14:45:52	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3 Payload: { BAT: 3.246, FIRMWARE_VERSION: "1.0.0", FREQUENCY_BAND: "EU868", SENSOR_MODEL: "PB01-L", SUB_BAND: "NULL" } 35 0A 00 01 FF 0C AE FPort: 8 Data rate: SF79M125 SNR: 10.2 RSSI: -100
14:45:52	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3
14:45:46	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3 FPort: 1 MAC payload: 4C 98 Rx1 Delay: 6
14:45:45	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3 Payload: { Alarm: "TRUE", BatV: 3.250, Hum_SHT41: 69.1, Sound_ACK: "OPEN", Sound_key: "OPEN", Temp_SHT41: 26.3 } 0C EA 03 01 01 07 02 83 FPort: 2 Data rate: SF79M125 SNR: 13.8 RSSI: -100
14:45:45	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 FB E3
14:45:43	Console: Stream reconnected	The stream connection has been re-established
14:45:39	Receive downlink data message	26 01 FPort: 1
14:45:35	Console: Stream connection closed	The connection was closed

35 0A 00 01 FF 0C AE

35 0A 00 01 FF 0C AE

35 0A 00 01 FF 0C AE

Applications > zero > End devices > PB01 > Live data

PB01
ID: eu-fa23455555555555

Overview Live data Messaging Location Payload formatters General settings

Time	Type	Data preview
14:10:17	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92 Payload: { Alarm: "TRUE", BatV: 3.348, Hum_SHT41: 66.4, Sound_ACK: "OPEN", Sound_key: "OPEN", Temp_SHT41: 25.5 } 00 14 03 01 00 FF 02 98 FPort: 2 Data rate: SF79M125 SNR: 14 RSSI: -100
14:10:17	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92
13:48:09	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92 Rx1 Delay: 6
13:48:09	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92 Payload: { Alarm: "FALSE", BatV: 3.474, Hum_SHT41: 72.5, Sound_ACK: "OPEN", Sound_key: "OPEN", Temp_SHT41: 25.3 } 60 92 03 00 00 FD 02 05 FPort: 2 Data rate: SF79M125 SNR: 13.5 RSSI: -100
13:48:09	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92
13:48:00	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92 Rx1 Delay: 6
13:48:00	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92 Payload: { Alarm: "FALSE", BatV: 3.474, Hum_SHT41: 71.6, Sound_ACK: "OPEN", Sound_key: "OPEN", Temp_SHT41: 25.6 } 60 92 03 00 01 00 02 0C FPort: 2 Data rate: SF79M125 SNR: 11.6 RSSI: -100
13:48:00	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92
09:19:47	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92 Rx1 Delay: 6
09:19:47	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92 Payload: { Alarm: "FALSE", BatV: 3.474, Hum_SHT41: 72.5, Sound_ACK: "OPEN", Sound_key: "OPEN", Temp_SHT41: 25.3 } 60 92 03 00 00 FD 02 05 FPort: 2 Data rate: SF79M125 SNR: 13.5 RSSI: -100
09:19:47	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92
08:59:47	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92 Rx1 Delay: 6
08:59:47	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92 Payload: { Alarm: "FALSE", BatV: 3.474, Hum_SHT41: 71.6, Sound_ACK: "OPEN", Sound_key: "OPEN", Temp_SHT41: 25.6 } 60 92 03 00 01 00 02 0C FPort: 2 Data rate: SF79M125 SNR: 11.6 RSSI: -100
08:59:47	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92
08:39:48	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92 Rx1 Delay: 6
08:39:47	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 08 81 92

Applications > zero > End devices > PB01 > Live data

PB01
ID: eu-fa23455555555555

Overview Live data Messaging Location Payload formatters General settings

Time	Type	Data preview
15:20:40	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	DevAddr: 26 08 74 11 Rx1 Delay: 6
15:20:40	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 08 74 11 Payload: { BAT: 3.294, FIRMWARE_VERSION: "1.0.0", FREQUENCY_BAND: "EU868", SENSOR_MODEL: "PB01-L", SUB_BAND: "NULL" } 35 01 00 01 FF 0C 0E FPort: 8 Data rate: SF79M125 SNR: 13.8 RSSI: -100
15:20:40	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 74 11
15:20:34	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	DevAddr: 26 08 74 11 FPort: 1 MAC payload: 1A 0C Rx1 Delay: 6
15:20:34	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 08 74 11 Payload: { Alarm: "TRUE", BatV: 3.306, Hum_SHT41: 68, Sound_ACK: "OPEN", Sound_key: "OPEN", Temp_SHT41: 27.3 } 0C EA 03 01 01 11 02 A8 FPort: 2 Data rate: SF79M125 SNR: 11.5 RSSI: -100
15:20:34	Successfully processed data message	DevAddr: 26 08 74 11
15:20:29	Receive downlink data message	26 01 FPort: 1
15:20:18	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	DevAddr: 26 08 74 11 Rx1 Delay: 6

35 01 00 01 FF 0C DE

Applications > zero > End devices > PB01 > Payload formatters > Uplink

zero

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Formatter type*

Custom Javascript formatter

Formatter code*

```
1 function datalog(1,bytes){
2   var aa= parseFloat(((bytes[0]<<24>>16 | bytes[1]&)/10).toFixed(1));
3   var bb= parseFloat(((bytes[2]&<24>>16 | bytes[3]&)/10).toFixed(1));
4   var cc= parseFloat(((bytes[4]&<24>>16 | bytes[5]&)/10).toFixed(1));
5   var dd= (bytes[6]&0x01) ? "True":"False";
6   var ee= getHyDate((bytes[7]&<24 | bytes[8]&<16 | bytes[9]&<8 | bytes[10]&).toString);
7   var string=["aa", "bb", "cc", "dd", "ee"].join(" ");
8   return string;
9 }
10
11
12 function getzf(c_num){
13   if(parseInt(c_num) < 10)
14     c_num = '0' + c_num;
15   return c_num;
16 }
17
18
19 function getHyDate(str){
20   var c_Date;
21   if(str > 999999999)
22     c_Date = new Date(parseInt(str));
23   else
24     c_Date = new Date(parseInt(str) * 1000);
25 }
```

Test

Byte payload

Port

1

Test decoder

Decoded test payload

Complete uplink data

Save changes

Applications > zero > End devices > PB01 > Payload formatters > Uplink

zero

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Setup

Formatter type*

Custom Javascript formatter

Formatter code*

```
1 function datalog(1,bytes){
2   var aa= parseFloat(((bytes[0]&<24>>16 | bytes[1]&)/10).toFixed(1));
3   var bb= parseFloat(((bytes[2]&<24>>16 | bytes[3]&)/10).toFixed(1));
4   var cc= parseFloat(((bytes[4]&<24>>16 | bytes[5]&)/10).toFixed(1));
5   var dd= (bytes[6]&0x01) ? "True":"False";
6   var ee= getHyDate((bytes[7]&<24 | bytes[8]&<16 | bytes[9]&<8 | bytes[10]&).toString);
7   var string=["aa", "bb", "cc", "dd", "ee"].join(" ");
8   return string;
9 }
10
11
12 function getzf(c_num){
13   if(parseInt(c_num) < 10)
14     c_num = '0' + c_num;
15   return c_num;
16 }
17
18
19 function getHyDate(str){
20   var c_Date;
21   if(str > 999999999)
22     c_Date = new Date(parseInt(str));
23   else
24     c_Date = new Date(parseInt(str) * 1000);
25 }
```

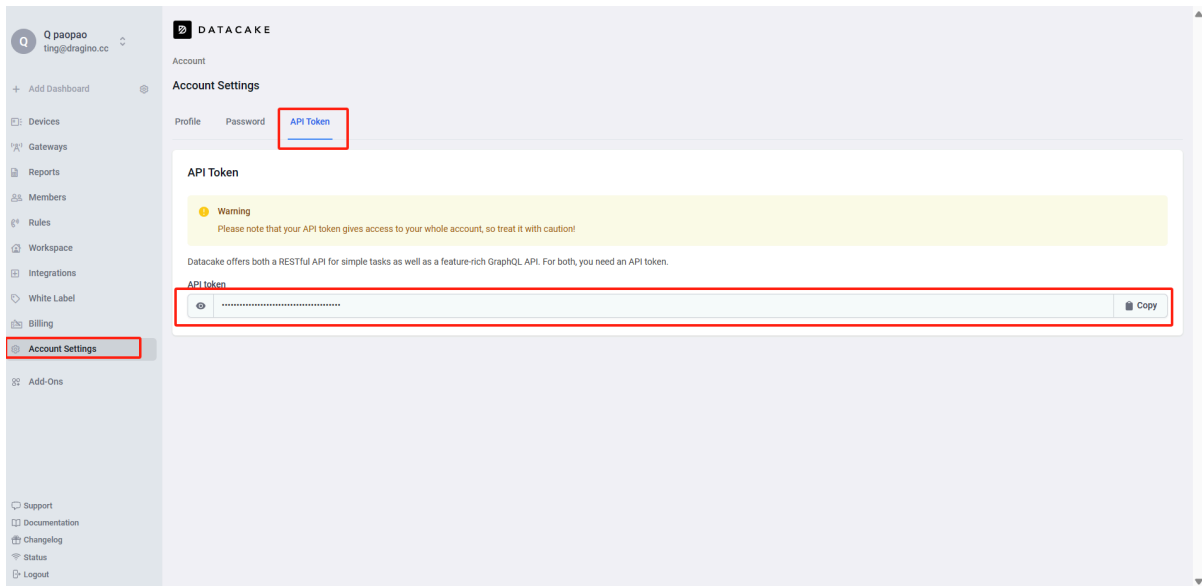
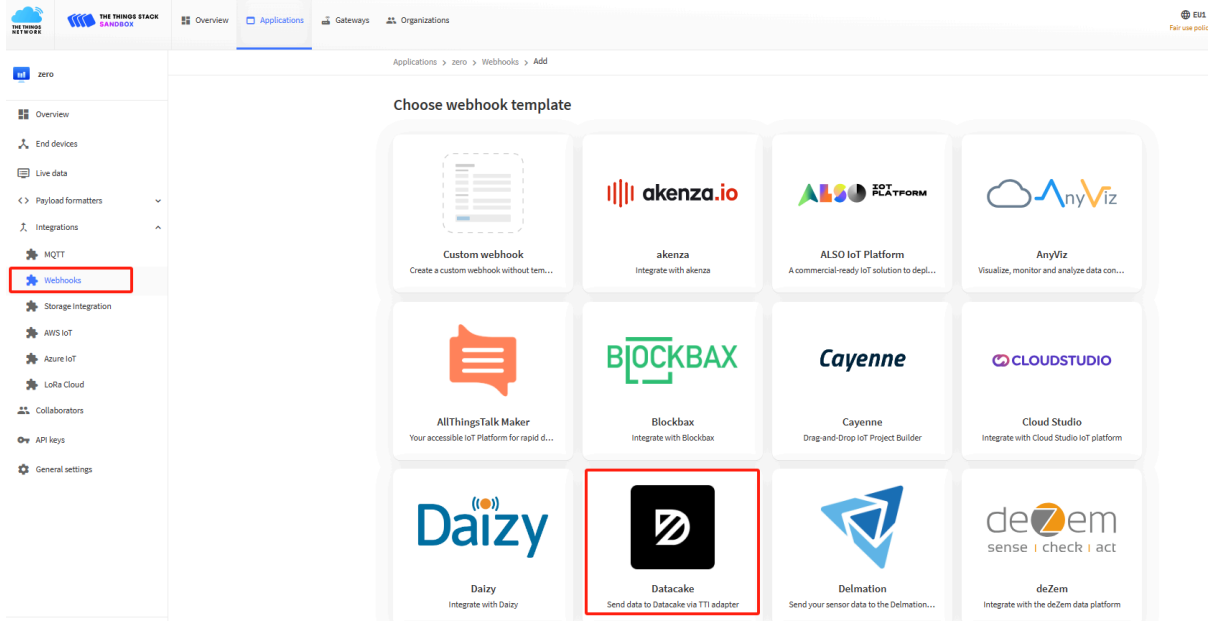
Test

Byte payload

Decoded test payload

Complete uplink data

Save changes



Applications > zero > Webhooks > Add > Datacake

Setup webhook for Datacake

Send data to Datacake via TTI adapter
[About Datacake](#) | [?](#)

Webhook ID *
pb01-l

Token *
.....
Datacake API Token

Create Datacake webhook

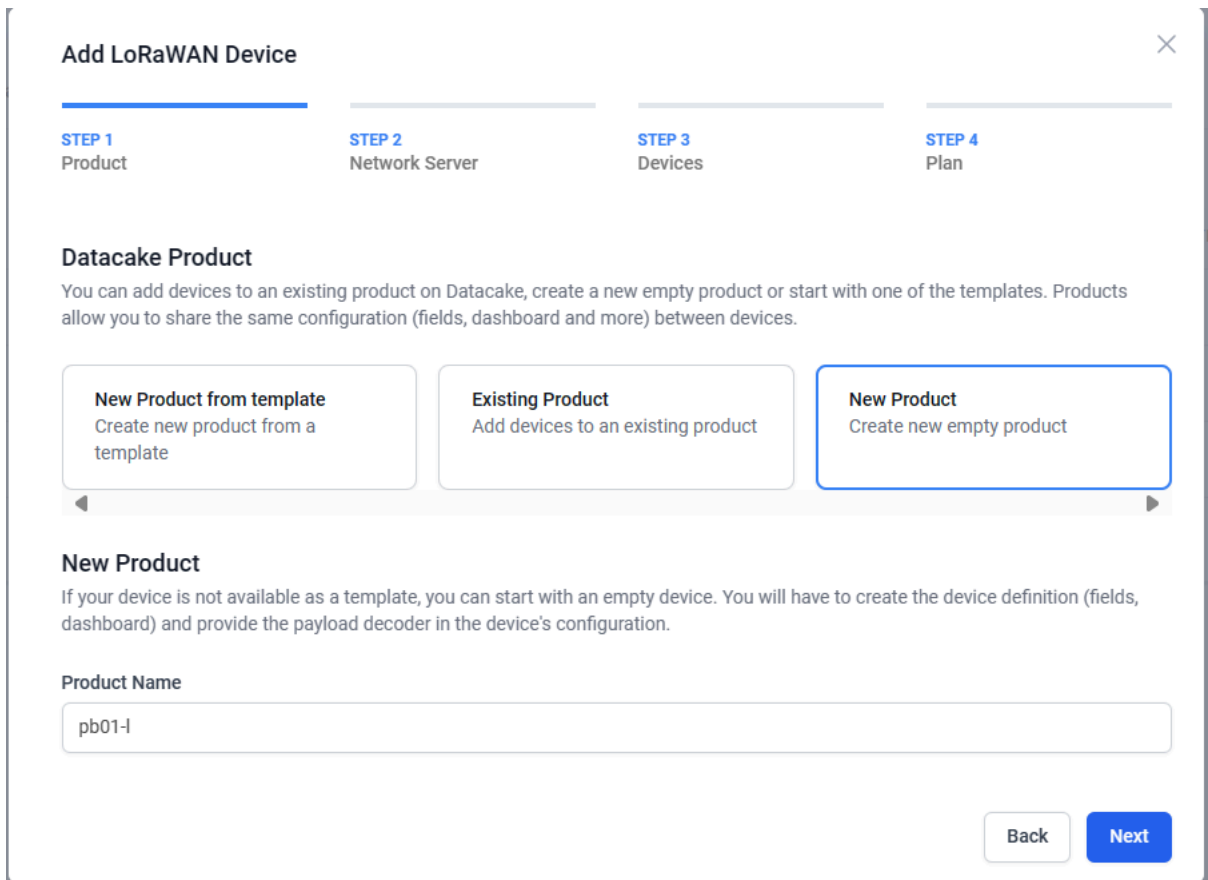
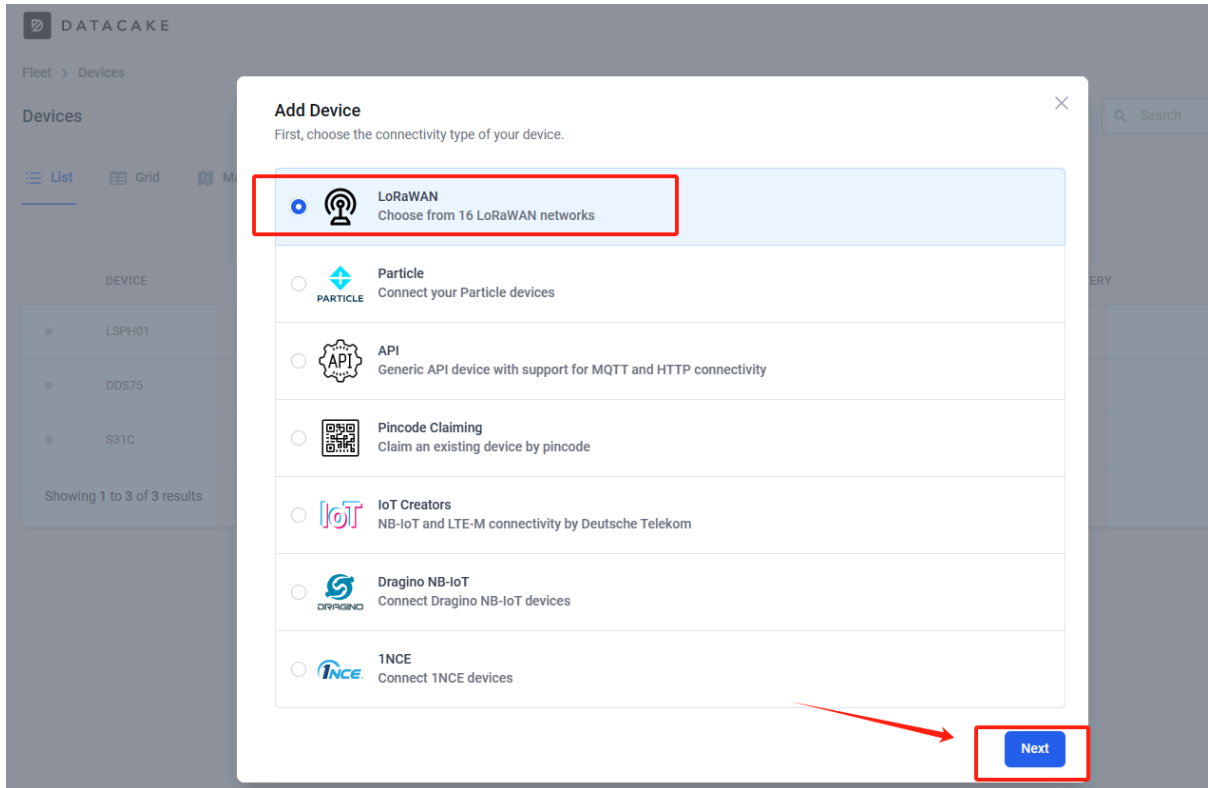
DATA CAKE

Fleet > Devices

Devices

Search Columns **+ Add Device**

DEVICE	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	DEVICE SIGNAL	DEVICE BATTERY	Actions
LSPH01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	👁️ ⋮
DDS75	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	👁️ ⋮



Add LoRaWAN Device ✕

STEP 1
Product

STEP 2
Network Server

STEP 3
Devices

STEP 4
Plan

Datacake Product

You can add devices to an existing product on Datacake, create a new empty product or start with one of the templates. Products allow you to share the same configuration (fields, dashboard and more) between devices.

New Product from template
Create new product from a template

Existing Product
Add devices to an existing product

New Product
Create new empty product

New Product

If your device is not available as a template, you can start with an empty device. You will have to create the device definition (fields, dashboard) and provide the payload decoder in the device's configuration.

Product Name

pb01-l

Back Next

Add LoRaWAN Device

STEP 1
Product







STEP 2
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STEP 3
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Network Server

Please choose the LoRaWAN Network Server that your devices are connected to.

<input type="radio"/>		Datacake LNS AUTOMATIC SETUP Start and scale easily with a managed LNS	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input checked="" type="radio"/>		The Things Stack V3 TTN V3 / Things Industries	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input type="radio"/>		Helium Use your own console	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input type="radio"/>		LORIoT	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input type="radio"/>		ChirpStack	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>
<input type="radio"/>		Actility	<input type="button" value="Uplinks"/>	<input type="button" value="Downlinks"/>

Showing 1 to 5 of 15 results

Add LoRaWAN Device ✕

STEP 1
Product

STEP 2
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STEP 3
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Plan

Add Devices

Manual Import from The Things Stack

Please provide one or multiple LoRaWAN device EUIs along with the corresponding names they should have on Datacake.

Alternatively, you can choose to upload a CSV file that contains the DevEUI, device Name, location, and a set of tags. For more information on how to format the file, please refer to [our documentation](#).

📎 Drag and drop a .csv file here or click to choose one

DEVEUI	NAME	LOCATION	TAGS
<div style="border: 2px solid red; padding: 5px; display: flex; align-items: center;"> FA 23 45 55 55 55 51 8 bytes</div>	<div style="border: 2px solid red; padding: 5px; display: flex; align-items: center;"> PB01</div>	<input type="text" value="Location"/>	<input type="text" value="Add tag"/>

+ Add another device

Back Next

Payload Decoder Product-wide setting

When your devices sends data, the payload will be passed to the payload decoder, alongside the event's name. The payload decoder then transforms it to measurements.

```
1 function Decoder(payload, port) {
2   /*
3   */
4   return [
5     {
6       field: "TEST",
7       value: 123
8     }
9   ];
10 }
```

Try Decoder

DATA CAKE

Fleet > PB01

PB01

Serial Number: FA2345555555551 | Last update: Never

Dashboard | History | Downlinks | **Configuration** | Debug | Rules | Permissions

General Configuration

Device name: PB01

Icon: No icon selected

Location description: Optional

Payload Decoder

Product-wide setting

When your devices sends data, the payload will be passed to the payload decoder, alongside the event's name. The payload decoder then transforms it to measurements.

```
1 function decodeLog(bytes){
2   var aa= parseFloat(((bytes[0]<<24>>16 | bytes[1]<<16 | bytes[2]<<8 | bytes[3]<<0)>>32).toFixed(1));
3   var bb= parseFloat(((bytes[4]<<24>>16 | bytes[5]<<16 | bytes[6]<<8 | bytes[7]<<0)>>32).toFixed(1));
4   var cc= parseFloat(((bytes[8]<<24>>16 | bytes[9]<<16 | bytes[10]<<8 | bytes[11]<<0)>>32).toFixed(1));
5   var dd= (bytes[12]>>8) ? "True":"False";
6   var ee= getDate((bytes[13]<<24 | bytes[14]<<16 | bytes[15]<<8 | bytes[16]<<0).toString(10));
7   var string=["aa:", "bb:", "cc:", "dd:", "ee:"];
8   return string;
9 }
10 }
11 }
12 function getzf(c_num){
13   if(parseInt(c_num) < 10)
14     c_num = '0' + c_num;
15   return c_num;
16 }
17 }
18 }
19 function getDate(str){
20   var c_Date;
21   if(str > 9999999999)
22     c_Date = new Date(parseInt(str));
23   else
24     c_Date = new Date(parseInt(str) * 1000);
25   var c_Year = c_Date.getFullYear(),
26       c_Month = c_Date.getMonth()+1,
27       c_Day = c_Date.getDate(),
28       c_Hour = c_Date.getHours(),
29       c_Min = c_Date.getMinutes(),
30       c_Sec = c_Date.getSeconds();
31   var c_Time = c_Year + "-" + getzf(c_Month) + "-" + getzf(c_Day) + " " + getzf(c_Hour) + ":" + getzf(c_Min) + ":" + getzf(c_Sec);
32   return c_Time;
33 }
34 }
35 }
36 }
```

Default Debug

DATA CAKE

Fleet > PB01

PB01

Serial Number: FA2345555555551 | Last update: Never

Dashboard | History | Downlinks | Configuration | **Debug** | Rules | Permissions

Debug Log

Time	Title	Details
15:38:22	Recorded measurements from payload decoder	Decoder returned: {"Alarm": "TRUE", "BatV": 3.488, "Hum_SHT41": 57.2, "S... Log: null Recorded measurements: {"ALARM": ...
15:38:22	Recorded measurements from payload decoder	Decoder returned: {"Alarm": "TRUE", "BatV": 3.488, "Hum_SHT41": 57.2, "S... Log: null Recorded measurements: {"ALARM": ...
15:38:22	Recorded measurements from payload decoder	Decoder returned: {"Alarm": "TRUE", "BatV": 3.488, "Hum_SHT41": 57.2, "S... Log: null Recorded measurements: {"ALARM": ...
15:38:22	Received webhook data from tti	{"end_device_ids":{"device_id":"eui-fa23455555555555", ...



PB01
ID: eui-fa23455555555555

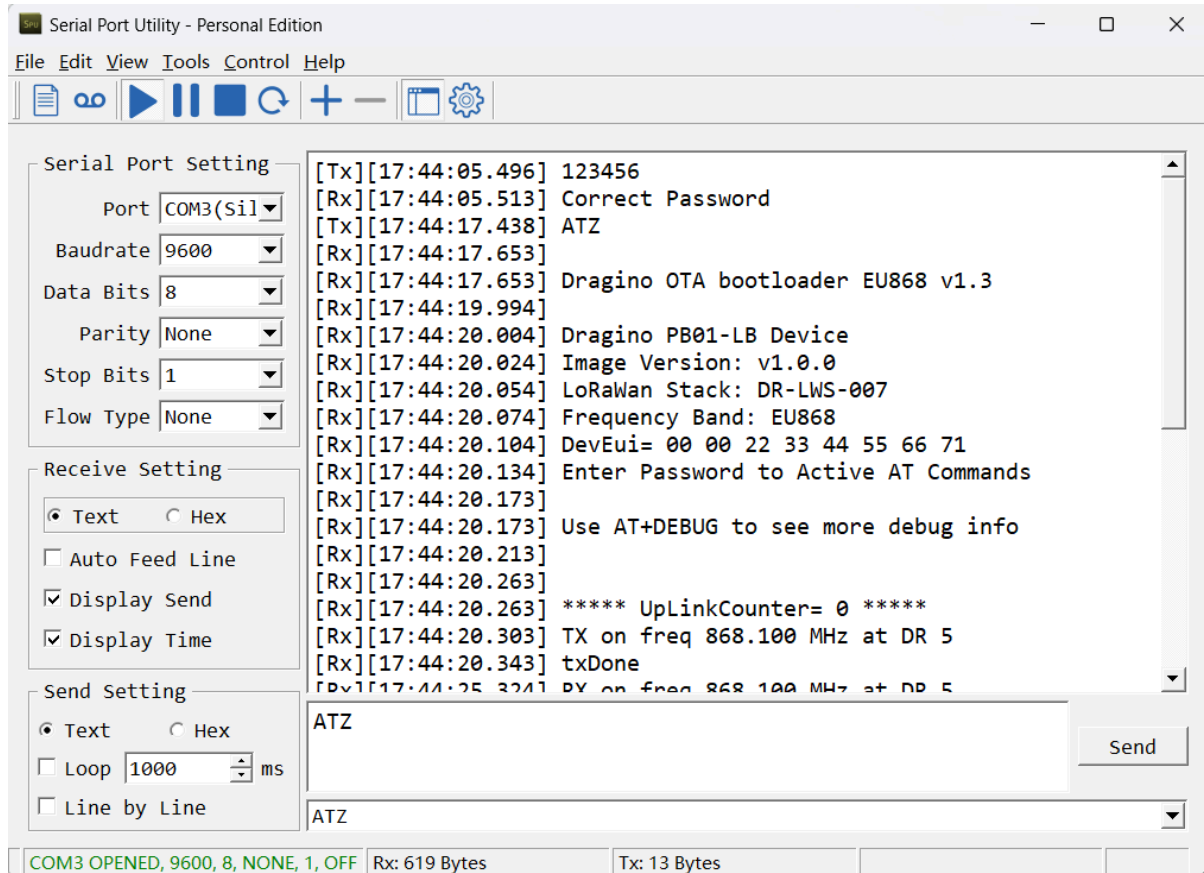
↑ 9 ↓ n/a Ⓞ Last activity 3 minutes ago Ⓞ

Overview Live data Messaging Location Payload formatters General settings

Time Type Data preview Verbose stream Export as JSON Pause Clear

Time	Type	DevAddr	Payload	Hex
15:47:24	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	26 08 88 EC		Rx1 Delay: 5
15:47:24	Fozward uplink data message	26 08 88 EC	{ Alarm: "TRUE", BatV: 3.488, Hum_SHT41: 61.2, Sound_ACK: "CLOSE", Sound_key: "CLOSE", TempC_SHT41: 26.6 }	00 58 00 01 01 0A 82 64
15:47:24	Successfully processed data message	26 08 88 EC		
15:43:05	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	26 08 88 EC		Rx1 Delay: 5
15:43:05	Fozward uplink data message	26 08 88 EC	{ Alarm: "TRUE", BatV: 3.488, Hum_SHT41: 57.7, Sound_ACK: "CLOSE", Sound_key: "CLOSE", TempC_SHT41: 26.2 }	00 58 00 01 01 06 82 41
15:43:05	Successfully processed data message	26 08 88 EC		
15:39:51	Schedule data downlink for transmissi...	26 08 88 EC		Rx1 Delay: 5
15:39:51	Fozward uplink data message	26 08 88 EC	{ Alarm: "FALSE", BatV: 3.488, Hum_SHT41: 57.4, Sound_ACK: "CLOSE", Sound_key: "CLOSE", TempC_SHT41: 26.2 }	00 58 00 00 01 06 82 3E
15:39:51	Successfully processed data message	26 08 88 EC		





Serial Port Setting

- Port: COM3(Sil)
- Baudrate: 9600
- Data Bits: 8
- Parity: None
- Stop Bits: 1
- Flow Type: None

Receive Setting

- Text Hex
- Auto Feed Line
- Display Send
- Display Time

Send Setting

- Text Hex
- Loop 1000 ms
- Line by Line

```
[Tx][17:44:05.496] 123456
[Rx][17:44:05.513] Correct Password
[Tx][17:44:17.438] ATZ
[Rx][17:44:17.653]
[Rx][17:44:17.653] Dragino OTA bootloader EU868 v1.3
[Rx][17:44:19.994]
[Rx][17:44:20.004] Dragino PB01-LB Device
[Rx][17:44:20.024] Image Version: v1.0.0
[Rx][17:44:20.054] LoRaWan Stack: DR-LWS-007
[Rx][17:44:20.074] Frequency Band: EU868
[Rx][17:44:20.104] DevEui= 00 00 22 33 44 55 66 71
[Rx][17:44:20.134] Enter Password to Active AT Commands
[Rx][17:44:20.173]
[Rx][17:44:20.173] Use AT+DEBUG to see more debug info
[Rx][17:44:20.213]
[Rx][17:44:20.263]
[Rx][17:44:20.263] ***** UpLinkCounter= 0 *****
[Rx][17:44:20.303] TX on freq 868.100 MHz at DR 5
[Rx][17:44:20.343] txDone
[Rx][17:44:25.321] TX on freq 868.100 MHz at DR 5
```

ATZ

Send

ATZ

COM3 OPENED, 9600, 8, NONE, 1, OFF Rx: 619 Bytes Tx: 13 Bytes

