# Wireless Window Sensor with Glass Break Detector

# R313CB User Manual

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# **Table of Content**

1. Introduction	2
2. Appearance	3
3. Main Features	3
4.Set up Instruction	4
5. Data Report	5
5.1 Example of ReportDataCmd	6
5.2 Example of ConfigureCmd	7
5.3 Example for MinTime/MaxTime logic	8
6. Installation	10
7. Important Maintenance Instruction	11

# 1. Introduction

R313CB is a switch detection device which is the Class A device of Netvox based on LoRaWAN<sup>TM</sup> protocol.

It is compatible with the LoRaWAN protocol. When the doors and windows are abnormally opened or the glass of the doors and windows are broken, R313CB will send a message to the gateway.

It can be installed on the door or window with two glass sliding sashes. The reed switch and the magnet of the main body are respectively installed on both sides of the window sashes. The external reed switch and the magnet can be installed on both sides of another window sashes, and the glass sensor can be pasted on the glass.

When the window or door is opened, R313CB will send an alarm message to the gateway. When the door or window is closed, it will send a message that the state is normal. When the glass is broken, R313CB will send an alarm message to the gateway, and then the data which is sent after breakage is based on the current state. If it is open, the data is an alarm state. If it is closed, the data is a normal state.

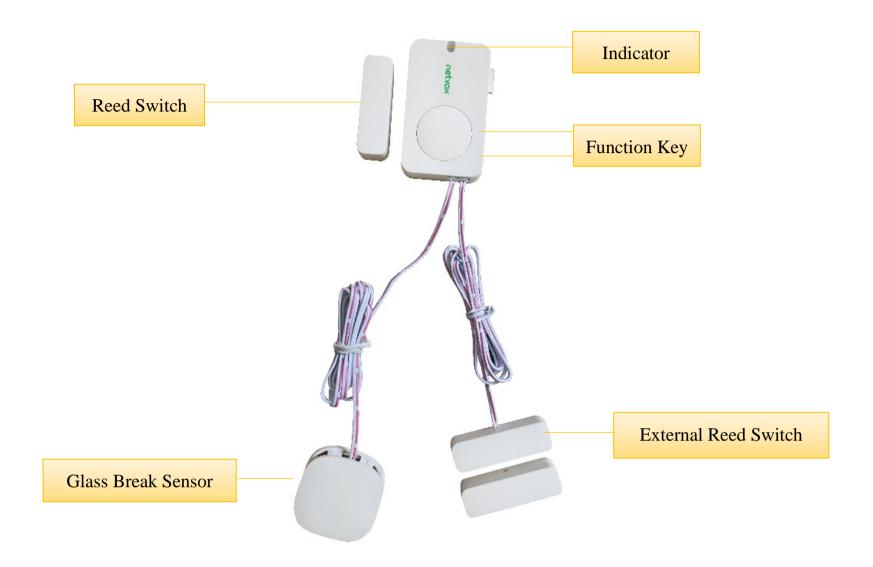
#### LoRa Wireless Technology:

LoRa is a wireless communication technology dedicated to long distance and low power consumption. Compared with other communication methods, LoRa spread spectrum modulation method greatly increases to expand the communication distance. Widely used in long-distance, low-data wireless communications. For example, automatic meter reading, building automation equipment, wireless security systems and industrial monitoring. Main features include small size, low power consumption, transmission distance, anti-interference ability and so on.

#### LoRaWAN:

LoRaWAN uses LoRa technology to define end-to-end standard specifications to ensure interoperability between devices and gateways from different manufacturers.

# 2. Appearance



# 3. Main Features

- 2 sections of 3V CR2450 button batteries
- Compatible with LoRaWAN Class A
- Adopt SX1276 wireless communication module
- Frequency hopping spread spectrum technology
- Configuring parameters and reading data via the third-party software platforms, and set alarms via SMS text and email (optional)
- Applicable to the third-party platforms: Actility/ ThingPark/ TTN/ MyDevices/ Cayenne
- Low power consumption, supports longer battery life

Note: Battery life is determined by sensor reporting frequency and other variables.

Please refer to web: <a href="http://www.netvox.com.tw/electric/electric\_calc.html">http://www.netvox.com.tw/electric/electric\_calc.html</a>

In this website, users can find battery lifetime for various models at different configurations.

# **4.Set up Instruction**

# On/Off

Down on	Insert batteries. (users may need a flat blade screwdriver to open);				
Power on	Insert two sections of 3V CR2450 button batteries and close the battery cover.)				
Turn on	Press any function key till green and red indicator flashes once.				
Turn off	Press simultaneously and hold two function keys for 5 seconds, and then the green indicator will				
	flash continuously. After release function keys, the green indicator flashes 20 times and the device				
(Restore to original setting)	will turn off automatically.				
Power off	Remove Batteries				
	1. Remove and insert the battery; the device memorizes previous on/off state by default.				
Note:	2. On/off interval is suggested to be about 10 seconds to avoid the interference of capacitor				
Note.	inductance and other energy storage components.				
	3. Press any function key and insert batteries at the same time; it will enter engineer testing mode.				

# **Network Joining**

	Turn on the device to search the network to join.
Never join the network	The green indicator stays on for 5 seconds: success
	The green indicator remains off: fail
Had joined the network	Turn on the device to search the previous network to join.
	The green indicator stays on for 5 seconds: success
(Not in the original setting)	The green indicator remains off: fail
Esil to isin the materials	Suggest checking device verification on gateway or consulting your platform server provider if the
Fail to join the network	device fails to join the network.

# **Function Key**

	Restore to the original setting / Turn off			
Press and hold for 5 seconds	he green indicator flashes 20 times: success			
	The green indicator remains off: fail			
Press once	The device is in the network: the green indicator flashes once and sends a report			
	The device is not in the network: the green indicator remains off			

# **Sleeping Mode**

The device is turned on and	Sleeping period: Min Interval.
	When the reportchange exceeds the default or the state of the device changes: send a data report
3	according to Min Interval.

#### **Low Voltage Warning**

Low Voltage 2.4V
------------------

# 5. Data Report

After power on, the device will immediately send a version packet report and a data report including reed switch status, glass break status and voltage.

The device sends data according to the default configuration before any other configuring.

#### **Default setting:**

Report MaxTime: 0x0E10 (3600s)

Report MinTime: 0x0E10 (3600s)

BatteryVoltageChange: 0x01 (0.1V)

Last Message Resend time:0x00 (no resend)

#### Triggering the reed switch:

When the reed switch detects the state changing, the report will be sent immediately.

The status1: Close: 0 (off) Open: 1(on)

\* The main body and the external sensor share an I/O status1;

therefore, when either the main body or the external sensor is in the open state, the report status will be 1.

The report status will be 0 only when both the main body and the external sensor are closed.

#### **Triggering the glass sensor:**

When the glass break sensor detects the state changing, the report will be sent immediately.

The status2: No trigger: 0 Trigger: 1

Note:

- 1. The cycle of the device sending the data report is according to the default.
- 2. The interval between two reports must be the MinTime.

The device reported data parsing please refer to Netvox LoraWAN Application Command document and Netvox Lora

Command Resolver <a href="http://cmddoc.netvoxcloud.com/cmddoc">http://cmddoc.netvoxcloud.com/cmddoc</a>

#### Data report configuration and sending period are as following:

Min Interval	Max Interval	Danastahla Changa	Current Change ≥	Current Change <
(Unit: second)	(Unit: second)	Reportable Change	Reportable Change	Reportable Change
Any number between	Any number between	Can not be 0	Report per Min Interval	Report per Max Interval
1~65535	1~65535	Can not be 0	Report per Willi Interval	Report per iviax intervar

#### 5.1 Example of ReportDataCmd

#### FPort: 0x06

Bytes	1	1	1	Var(Fix=8 Bytes)
	Version	DeviceType	ReportType	NetvoxPayLoadData

**Version**– 1 byte –0x01——the Version of NetvoxLoRaWAN Application Command Version

**DeviceType**– 1 byte – Device Type of Device

The devicetype is listed in Netvox LoRaWAN Application Devicetype doc

**ReportType** – 1 byte –the presentation of the NetvoxPayLoadData, according the devicetype

**NetvoxPayLoadData**– Fixed bytes (Fixed =8bytes)

Device	Device Type	Report Type	NetvoxPayLoadData			
D212CD	0v56	0v01	Battery	Status1	Status2	Reserved
KJIJCB	R313CB 0x56 0x01		(1Byte, unit:0.1V)	(1Byte 0:off 1:on)	(1Byte 0:off 1:on)	(5Bytes,fixed 0x00)

Example 1 of Uplink: 0156011E010000000000000

1<sup>st</sup> byte (01): Version

 $2^{\text{nd}}$  byte (56): DeviceType 0x56 - R313CB

3<sup>rd</sup> byte (01): ReportType

4<sup>th</sup> byte (1E): Battery – 3v ,1E Hex=30 Dec 30\*0.1v=3.0v

5<sup>th</sup> byte (01): Status1—on

6<sup>th</sup> byte (00): Status2—off

 $7^{th}$  -11<sup>th</sup> byte (000000000): Reserved

#### Example 2 of Uplink: 0156019700010000000000

1<sup>st</sup> byte (01): Version

 $2^{\text{nd}}$  byte (56): DeviceType 0x56 - R313CB

3<sup>rd</sup> byte (01): ReportType

4<sup>th</sup> byte (97): Battery – 2.3v ,17 Hex=23 Dec 23\*0.1v=2.3v

// The bit7 is 1 represent low battery, bit6-bit0 represent battery voltage

5<sup>th</sup> byte (00): Status1—off

6<sup>th</sup> byte (01): Status2—on

7<sup>th</sup> -11<sup>th</sup> byte (000000000): Reserved

# **5.2** Example of ConfigureCmd

#### FPort: 0x07

Bytes	1	1	Var(Fix =9 Bytes)
	CmdID	DeviceType	NetvoxPayLoadData

**CmdID**– 1 byte

**DeviceType**– 1 byte – Device Type of Device

**NetvoxPayLoadData**– var bytes (Max=9bytes)

Description	Device	Cmd	Device	NetvoxPayLoadData			
Description	Device	ID	Type				
Config		001		MinTime	MaxTime	BatteryChange	Reserved
ReportReq		0x01		(2bytes Unit:s)	(2bytes Unit:s)	(1byte Unit:0.1v)	(4Bytes, Fixed 0x00)
Config		0.01		St	Status Reserved		eserved
ReportRsp	D212CD	0x81	0.56	(0x00_	success)	(8Bytes, Fixed 0x00)	
ReadConfig	R313CB	002	0x56		Re	served	
ReportReq		0x02		(9Bytes, Fixed 0x00)			
ReadConfig		002		MinTime	MaxTime	BatteryChange	Reserved
ReportRsp		0x82		(2bytes Unit:s)	(2bytes Unit:s)	(1byte Unit:0.1v)	(4Bytes, Fixed 0x00)

(1) Configure R313CB device parameter MinTime = 1min, MaxTime = 1min, BatteryChange = 0.1v

Downlink: 0156003C003C0100000000

Device return:

8156000000000000000000000000 (configuration success)

8156010000000000000000000000 (configuration failure)

(2) Read R313CB device parameter

Device return:

8256003C003C0100000000 (device current parameter)

Description	Device	Cmd		Notwey Poy Lond Date		
Description	Device	ID	Type	NetvoxPayLoadData		
	ALL			Resendtime		
SetLastMessage	(0xFF)	0.15	0 55	(1Byte, Unit:1s, range:3-254s),	Reserved	
ResendtimeReq		0x1F	0xFF	when 0 or 255 no resend,	(8Bytes, Fixed 0x00)	
	only used in			default is no resend		

SetLastMessage	contactswitch	0x9F		Status (0x00_success)	Reserved (8Bytes,Fixed 0x00)
ResendtimeRsp	devicetype		,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
GetLastMessage		0x1E		Reserved (9Bytes, Fixed 0x00)	
ResendtimeReq		OXIL			
				Resendtime	
GetLastMessage		0x9E		(1Byte, Unit:1s, range:3-254s),	Reserved (8Bytes,Fixed 0x00)
ResendtimeRsp		UNJL		when 0 or 255 no resend,	Reserved (objecs, Fraction of
				default is no resend	

Resendtime = 0x00 or 0xFF, No additional data will be sent

Resendtime = 0x03 to 0xFE, The device will send data after triggering, and then supplement the last status data after 3-254s.

When the device is triggered quickly, additional data can be sent

Resendtime=0, When the reed switch is closed immediately after magnetic opening, it will only receive reed switch status =1

Resendtime=3, Close the reed switch as soon as it is opened, and you will receive reed switch status =1, it will be received after 3 seconds reed switch status =0

(3) Configure the device to resend data within 5s after sending the packet

Device return:

9FFF000000000000000000 (configuration success)

9FFF0100000000000000000 (configuration failure)

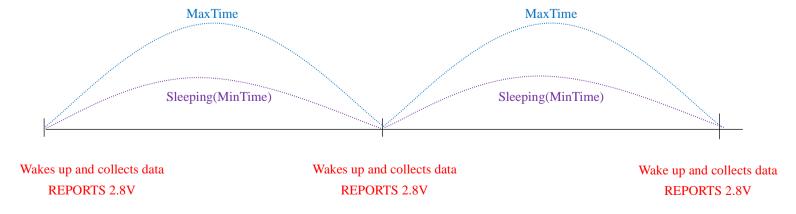
(4) Read R313CB device parameter

Device return:

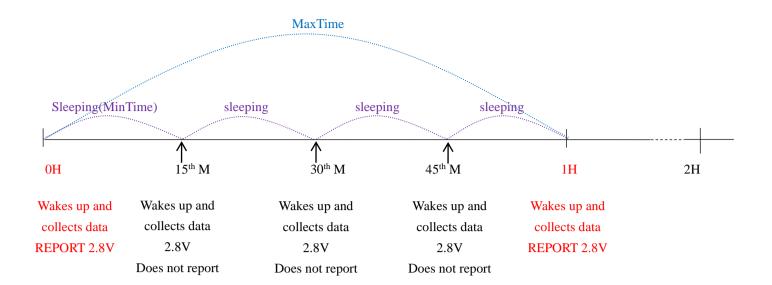
9EFF0500000000000000000000 (device current parameter)

## **5.3 Example for MinTime/MaxTime logic**

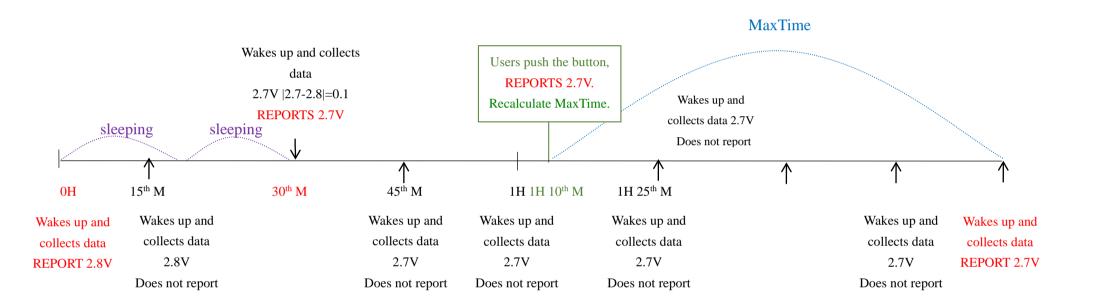
Example#1 based on MinTime = 1 Hour, MaxTime= 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. BatteryVoltageChange=0.1V



Note: MaxTime=MinTime. Data will only be report according to MaxTime (MinTime) duration regardless BtteryVoltageChange value.



Example#3 based on MinTime = 15 Minutes, MaxTime= 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. BatteryVoltageChange= 0.1V



#### Notes:

- (1) The device only wakes up and performs data sampling according to MinTime Interval. When it is in sleeping mode, it does not collect data.
  - The collected data is compared with the last reported data. If the variation of the data is greater than the value of ReportableChange, the device will report according to MinTime interval. If the data variation is not greater than the last reported data, the device will report according to MaxTime interval.
- (2) We do not recommend setting the MinTime Interval value too low. If the MinTime Interval is too low, the device will wake up frequently and the battery will be drained soon.
- (3) When the device sends a report, no matter the data changes, button is pushed or MaxTime interval comes, another cycle of MinTime / MaxTime calculation starts.

## 6. Installation

- 1. Remove the 3M release paper on the back of the device and attach the device to the smooth wall (please do not stick it to the rough wall to avoid falling off after a longtime usage).
- Note:
- The distance between the magnet and the reed switch must be less than 2cm.
- Wipe the wall surface before installation to avoid dust on the wall surface that affect the effect of the paste.
- Do not install the device in a metal shielded box or other electrical equipment around it to avoid affecting the wireless transmission of the device.



Main Body



Magnet

The sensor (R313CB) can be applied to the following scenes:

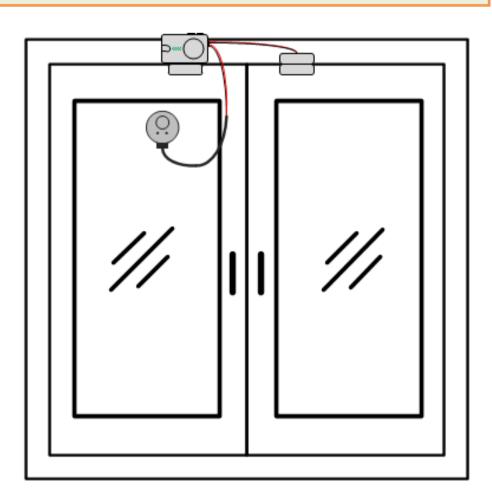
- Office building
- School
- Shopping mall
- Villa

The occasions with glass windows or glass doors.

- 2. If R313CB with the glass sensor detects that the window is opened (the magnet is separated from the main body) or closed (the magnet and the main body are closed), the data will be sent immediately.
- 3. If the glass breaking vibration triggers the glass sensor, the data will be sent immediately.
- 4. If it detects the battery voltage exceeding the variation value at MinTime, the data will be sent immediately.
- 5. Even if the window status does not change or the no broken glass is detected, the data will be sent regularly according to the Max Time.

#### Note:

- When either the main body or the external sensor is in the open state, the report status1 will be 1.
   The report status1 will be 0 only when both of the main body and the external sensor are closed.
- When the glass break detector is triggered,
   the report status 2 will be 1.



Installation Diagram

# 7. Important Maintenance Instruction

The device is a product with superior design and craftsmanship and should be used with care.

The following suggestions will help you use the warranty service effectively.

- Keep the equipment dry. Rain, moisture and various liquids or water may contain minerals that can corrode electronic circuits. In case the device is wet, please dry it completely.
- Do not use or store in dusty or dirty areas. This way can damage its detachable parts and electronic components.
- Do not store in excessive heat place. High temperatures can shorten the life of electronic devices, destroy batteries, and deform or melt some plastic parts.
- Do not store in excessive cold place. Otherwise, when the temperature rises to normal temperature, moisture will form inside which will destroy the board.
- Do not throw, knock, or shake the device. Treating equipment roughly can destroy internal circuit boards and delicate structures.
- Do not wash with strong chemicals, detergents, or strong detergents.
- Do not paint the device. Smudges can make debris block detachable parts up and affect normal operation.
- Do not throw the battery into the fire to prevent the battery from exploding. Damaged batteries may also explode.

All the above suggestions apply equally to your device, batteries, and accessories.

If any device is not operating properly.

Please take it to the nearest authorized service facility for repairing.