LMS01-LB/LS -- LoRaWAN Leaf Moisture Sensor User Manual

last modified by Xiaoling

on 2024/01/15 09:37

Table of Contents

1. Introduction	4
1.1 What is LoRaWAN Leaf Moisture Sensor	. 4
1.2 Features	5
1.3 Specification	. 5
1.4 Applications	. 6
1.5 Sleep mode and working mode	6
1.6 Button & LEDs	. 6
1.7 BLE connection	7
1.8 Pin Definitions	. 8
1.9 Mechanical	. 8
1.9.1 for LB version	8
1.9.2 for LS version	9
2. Configure LMS01-LB/LS to connect to LoRaWAN network	. 9
2.1 How it works	. 9
2.2 Quick guide to connect to LoRaWAN server (OTAA)	10
2.3 Uplink Payload	14
2.3.1 Battery Info	15
2.3.2 DS18B20 Temperature sensor	15
2.3.3 Leaf Moisture	15
2.3.4 Leaf Temperature	15
2.3.5 Interrupt Pin	15
2.3.6 Message Type	15
2.3.7 Decode payload in The Things Network	16
2.4 Uplink Interval	16
2.5 Show Data in DataCake IoT Server	16
2.6 Datalog Feature	22
2.6.1 Ways to get datalog via LoRaWAN	22
2.6.2 Unix TimeStamp	22
2.6.3 Set Device Time	23
2.6.4 Poll sensor value	23
2.7 Frequency Plans	24
2.8 Installation	24
3. Configure LMS01-LB/LS	25
3.1 Configure Methods	25
3.2 General Commands	25
3.3 Commands special design for LMS01-LB/LS	25
3.3.1 Set Transmit Interval Time	25
3.3.2 Set Interrupt Mode	25
3.3.3 Get Firmware Version Info	26
4. Battery & Power Consumption	27
5. OTA Firmware update	27
b. FAQ	27
0.1 AT COMMANDS INPUT DOESN'T WORK	27
/. Urder Inio	2/
0. Facking Inic	28
9. Support	28



Table of Contents:

- 1. Introduction
 - 1.1 What is LoRaWAN Leaf Moisture Sensor
 - <u>1.2 Features</u>

 - <u>1.2 Features</u>
 <u>1.3 Specification</u>
 <u>1.4 Applications</u>
 <u>1.5 Sleep mode and working mode</u>
 - 1.6 Button & LEDs
 - <u>1.7 BLE connection</u>
 - <u>1.8 Pin Definitions</u>
 - 1.9 Mechanical
 - 1.9.1 for LB version
 - 1.9.2 for LS version

- 2. Configure LMS01-LB/LS to connect to LoRaWAN network
 - 2.1 How it works
 - 2.2 Quick guide to connect to LoRaWAN server (OTAA)
 - 2.3 Uplink Payload
 - 2.3.1 Battery Info
 - 2.3.2 DS18B20 Temperature sensor
 - 2.3.3 Leaf Moisture
 - 2.3.4 Leaf Temperature
 - <u>2.3.5 Interrupt Pin</u>
 - 2.3.6 Message Type
 - 2.3.7 Decode payload in The Things Network
 - 2.4 Uplink Interval
 - 2.5 Show Data in DataCake IoT Server
 - <u>2.6 Datalog Feature</u>
 - 2.6.1 Ways to get datalog via LoRaWAN
 - <u>2.6.2 Unix TimeStamp</u>
 - <u>2.6.3 Set Device Time</u>
 - 2.6.4 Poll sensor value
 - 2.7 Frequency Plans
 - 2.8 Installation
- 3. Configure LMS01-LB/LS
 - <u>3.1 Configure Methods</u>
 - 3.2 General Commands
 - 3.3 Commands special design for LMS01-LB/LS
 - 3.3.1 Set Transmit Interval Time
 - <u>3.3.2 Set Interrupt Mode</u>
 - 3.3.3 Get Firmware Version Info
- <u>4. Battery & Power Consumption</u>
- <u>5. OTA Firmware update</u>
- <u>6. FAQ</u>
 - 6.1 AT Commands input doesn't work
- <u>7. Order Info</u>
- 8. Packing Info
- 9. Support

1. Introduction

1.1 What is LoRaWAN Leaf Moisture Sensor

The Dragino LMS01-LB/LS is a LoRaWAN Leaf Moisture Sensor for IoT of Agriculture. It is designed to measure the leaf moisture and temperature, so to send to the platform to analyze the leaf status such as : watering, moisturizing, dew, frozen. The probe is IP67 waterproof.

LMS01-LB/LS detects leaf's **moisture and temperature** use FDR method, it senses the dielectric constant cause by liquid over the leaf surface, and cover the value to leaf moisture. The probe is design in a leaf shape to best simulate the real leaf characterizes. The probe has as density as 15 leaf vein lines per centimeter which make it can senses small drop and more accuracy.

The LoRa wireless technology used in LMS01-LB/LS allows device to send data and reach extremely long ranges at low data-rates. It provides ultra-long range spread spectrum communication and high interference immunity whilst minimizing current consumption.

LMS01-LB/LS Supports BLE configure and wireless OTA update which make user easy to use.

LMS01-LB/LS is powered by 8500mAh Li-SOCI2 battery or solar powered + li-on battery it is designed for long term use up to 5 years.

Each LMS01-LB/LS is pre-load with a set of unique keys for LoRaWAN registrations, register these keys to local LoRaWAN server and it will auto connect after power on.

LMS01-LB in LoRaWAN Network



LMS01-LB LoRaWAN Leaf Moisture Sensor

Internet

LPS8v2 LoRaWAN Gateway



Dash Board

1.2 Features

- · LoRaWAN 1.0.3 Class A
- Bands: CN470/EU433/KR920/US915/EU868/AS923/AU915/IN865
- Ultra-low power consumption
- Monitor Leaf moisture
- Monitor Leaf temperature
- Monitor Battery Level
- Support Bluetooth v5.1 and LoRaWAN remote configure
- Support wireless OTA update firmware
- AT Commands to change parameters
- Downlink to change configure
- IP66 Waterproof Enclosure
- IP67 rate for the Sensor Probe
- 8500mAh Li/SOCI2 Battery (LMS01-LB)
- Solar panel + 3000mAh Li-on battery (LMS01-LS)

1.3 Specification

Common DC Characteristics:

- Supply Voltage: Built-in Battery , 2.5v ~ 3.6v
- Operating Temperature: -40 ~ 85 °C

Leaf Moisture: percentage of water drop over total leaf surface

• Range: 0~100%

- Resolution: 0.1%
- Accuracy: ±3%(0~50%); ±6%(>50%)
- IP67 Protection
- · Length: 3.5 meters

Leaf Temperature:

- Range: -50 ~ 80 ° C
- Resolution: 0.1 °C
- Accuracy: $<\pm 0.5$ °C(-10 °C ~ 70 °C), $<\pm 1.0$ °C (others)
- IP67 Protection
- · Length: 3.5 meters

LoRa Spec:

- Frequency Range, Band 1 (HF): 862 ~ 1020 Mhz, Band 2 (LF): 410 ~ 528 Mhz
- Max +22 dBm constant RF output vs.
- RX sensitivity: down to -139 dBm.
- · Excellent blocking immunity

Battery:

- Li/SOCI2 un-chargeable battery
- Capacity: 8500mAh
- Self-Discharge: <1% / Year @ 25°C
- Max continuously current: 130mA
- Max boost current: 2A, 1 second

Power Consumption

- Sleep Mode: 5uA @ 3.3v
- LoRa Transmit Mode: 125mA @ 20dBm, 82mA @ 14dBm

1.4 Applications

Smart Agriculture

1.5 Sleep mode and working mode

Deep Sleep Mode: Sensor doesn't have any LoRaWAN activate. This mode is used for storage and shipping to save battery life.

Working Mode: In this mode, Sensor will work as LoRaWAN Sensor to Join LoRaWAN network and send out sensor data to server. Between each sampling/tx/rx periodically, sensor will be in IDLE mode), in IDLE mode, sensor has the same power consumption as Deep Sleep mode.

1.6 Button & LEDs



		via BLE to configure device.
Pressing ACT for more than 3s	Active Device	Green led will fast blink 5 times, device will enter OTA mode for 3 seconds. And then start to JOIN LoRaWAN network. Green led will solidly turn on for 5 seconds after joined in network. Once sensor is active, BLE module will be active and user can connect via BLE to configure device, no matter if device join or not join LoRaWAN network.
Fast press ACT 5 times.	Deactivate Device	Red led will solid on for 5 seconds. Means device is in Deep Sleep Mode.

1.7 BLE connection

LMS01-LB/LS support BLE remote configure.

BLE can be used to configure the parameter of sensor or see the console output from sensor. BLE will be only activate on below case:

- Press button to send an uplink
- Press button to active device.
- Device Power on or reset.

If there is no activity connection on BLE in 60 seconds, sensor will shut down BLE module to enter low power mode.

1.8 Pin Definitions



1.9 Mechanical

1.9.1 for LB version

Main Device Dimension:







1.9.2 for LS version





2. Configure LMS01-LB/LS to connect to LoRaWAN network

2.1 How it works

The LMS01-LB/LS is configured as LoRaWAN OTAA Class A mode by default. It has OTAA keys to join LoRaWAN network. To connect a local LoRaWAN network, you need to input the OTAA keys in the LoRaWAN loT server and press the button to activate the LMS01-LB/LS. It will automatically join the network via OTAA and start to send the sensor value. The default uplink interval is 20 minutes.

2.2 Quick guide to connect to LoRaWAN server (OTAA)

Following is an example for how to join the <u>TTN v3 LoRaWAN Network</u>. Below is the network structure; we use the <u>LPS8v2</u> as a LoRaWAN gateway in this example.

LMS01-LB in LoRaWAN Network



Dash Board

The LPS8v2 is already set to connected to TTN network, so what we need to now is configure the TTN server.

Step 1: Create a device in TTN with the OTAA keys from LMS01-LB/LS. Each LMS01-LB/LS is shipped with a sticker with the default device EUI as below:



You can enter this key in the LoRaWAN Server portal. Below is TTN screen shot:

Register the device

Register end device

From The LoRaWAN Device Repository	Manually		
Preparation			
Activation mode*			
 Over the air activation (OTAA) 			
Activation by personalization (ABP)			
Multicast			
Do not configure activation			
LoRaWAN version 🗇 *			
MAC V1.0.3	~	1	
Network Server address eu1.cloud.thethings.network			
Application Server address			
eu1.cloud.thethings.network			
External Join Server 🗇			
Enabled			
Join Server address			
eu1.cloud.thethings.network			
Start			
2			

Add APP EUI and DEV EUI

Register end device

From The LoRaWAN Device Repository	Manually		
Basic settings End device ID's, Name and Description	2 Network layer settings Frequency plan, regional parameters, end device class and session keys.	3 Join settings Root keys, NetID and kek labels.	
End device ID ⑦ *			
lsnpk01			
AppEUI®*]		
DevEUI () *			
End device name			
LSNPK01			
End device description			
Description for my new end device			
Optional end device description; can also be u	used to save notes about the end device	1	
		Network layer settings >	

Add APP EUI in the application

Register end device

Basic settings End device ID's, Name and Description	2 Network layer settings Frequency plan, regional parameters, end device class and session keys.	(3) Join settings Root keys, NetID and kek labels.
Frequency plan 🗇 *		
Europe 863-870 MHz (SF12 for RX2)	~	
LoRaWAN version ⑦*		
MAC V1.0.3	\sim	
Regional Parameters version ⑦*		
PHY V1.0.3 REV A	\sim	
LoRaWAN class capabilities 🗇		
Supports class B		
Supports class C		
Advanced settings \sim		

Add APP KEY

Register end device

From The LoRaWAN Device Repository	Manually	
Basic settings End device ID's, Name and Description	Network layer settings Frequency plan, regional parameters, end device class and session keys.	Join settings Root keys, NetID and kek labels.
Root keys		7
BD 72 1D AC F3 CC AB 67 72 8	D 7A F5 4D DF 30 8B $$ $$	
Advanced settings $$		
Z. Netwood Javas estitates		
< Network tayer settings		Aud end device

Step 2: Activate on LMS01-LB/LS

Press the button for 5 seconds to activate the LMS01-LB/LS.

Green led will fast blink 5 times, device will enter OTA mode for 3 seconds. And then start to JOIN LoRaWAN network. Green led will solidly turn on for 5 seconds after joined in network.

After join success, it will start to upload messages to TTN and you can see the messages in the panel.

2.3 Uplink Payload

LMS01-LB/LS will uplink payload via LoRaWAN with below payload format:

Uplink payload includes in total 11 bytes.

Normal uplink payload:

Size(byt	es) 2	2		2	2	1	1	1
Value	BAT	<u>Tem</u> (Opt	nperature tional)	Leaf Moisture	<u>Leaf</u> <u>Temperature</u>	<u>Digital Interrupt</u> <u>(Optional)</u>	Reserve	<u>Message Type</u>
⇔11:35:45	Link ADR request enqueued	DevAddr: 26 08 67 48						
↓ 11:35:45	Successfully scheduled data downlink _	DevAddz: 26 08 67 48						
↓ 11:35:45	Schedule data downlink for transmissi_	DevAddz: 26 08 67 48	Rx1 Delay: 5					
0 11:35:45	Store upstream data message	DevAddz1 26 08 67 48						
↑ 11:35:45	Forward data message to Application S.,	DevAddz: 26 08 67 48	MAC payload: D3 4C 77	25 FD 18 8C 83 1E 47 60 FPort: 2	SNR: 6.8 RSSI: -90 Bandwidth: 125000			
↑ 11:35:45	Forward uplink data message	DevAddz: 26 08 67 48	Payload: { Bat: "3.374	<pre>v", Interrupt_flag: 0, Leaf_Mo</pre>	isture: "0.90", Leaf_Temperature: "27.60"	, Message_type: 1, TempC_DS18820: "0	.00 °C" } 00 25 00 00 00	
↑ 11:35:45	Receive uplink data message	DevAddz: 26 08 67 48						
↑ 11:35:45	Successfully processed data message	DevAddx: 26 08 67 48	FPort: 2 MAC payload:	03 4C 77 25 FD 18 8C 83 1E 47 68	Bandwidth: 125000 SNR: 6.8 RSSI: -90 F	taw payload: 40 48 67 08 26 80 00 00 02	D3 4C 77 25 F0 18 8C 83 1E 4	
↑ 11:35:45	Receive data message	DevAddz: 26 08 67 48	FPort: 2 MAC payload:	03 4C 77 25 FD 18 8C 83 1E 47 68	Bandwidth: 125000 SNR: 6.8 RSSI: -90 6	Raw payload: 40 48 67 08 26 80 00 00 02	03 4C 77 25 F0 18 8C 83 1E 4	

2.3.1 Battery Info

Check the battery voltage for LMS01-LB/LS.

Ex1: 0x0B45 = 2885mV

Ex2: 0x0B49 = 2889mV

2.3.2 DS18B20 Temperature sensor

This is optional, user can connect external DS18B20 sensor to the +3.3v, one-wire and GND pin . and this field will report temperature.

Example:

If payload is: 0105H: (0105 & FC00 == 0), temp = 0105H /10 = 26.1 degree

If payload is: FF3FH: (FF3F & FC00 == 1), temp = (FF3FH - 65536)/10 = -19.3 degrees.

2.3.3 Leaf Moisture

Range: 0 ~ 100%

Example:

0x0015(H) = 21(D) /10= 2.1%

2.3.4 Leaf Temperature

Get Leaf Temperature

Example:

If payload is: 0105H: (0105 & FC00 == 0), temp = 0105H /10 = 26.1 degree

If payload is: FF3FH : (FF3F & FC00 == 1) , temp = (FF3FH - 65536)/10 = -19.3 degrees.

2.3.5 Interrupt Pin

This data field shows if this packet is generated by interrupt or not. <u>Click here</u> for the hardware and software set up.

Example:

0x00: Normal uplink packet.

0x01: Interrupt Uplink Packet.

2.3.6 Message Type

For a normal uplink payload, the message type is always 0x01.

Valid Message Type:

Message Type Code	Description	Payload
0x01	Normal Uplink	Normal Uplink Payload
0x02	Reply configures info	Configure Info Payload

2.3.7 Decode payload in The Things Network

While using TTN network, you can add the payload format to decode the payload.

Overview	Overview Live data Messaging Location Payload formatters Claiming General settings
👗 End devices	Uplink Downlink
🚺 Live data	
<> Payload formatters ~	These payload formatters are executed on uplink messages from this end device and take precedence over application level payload formatters.
↑ Integrations	Formatter type
2. Collaborators	Use application payload formatter None Javascript GRPC service CayenneLPP Repository
Ov API keys	Formatter parameter*
General settings	<pre>data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: { data: {</pre>
	• H
< Hide sidebar	Save changes

The payload decoder function for TTN is here:

LMS01-LB/LS TTN Payload Decoder: https://github.com/dragino/dragino-end-node-decoder

2.4 Uplink Interval

The LMS01-LB/LS by default uplink the sensor data every 20 minutes. User can change this interval by AT Command or LoRaWAN Downlink Command. See this link: <u>Change Uplink Interval</u>

2.5 Show Data in DataCake IoT Server

<u>DATACAKE</u> provides a human friendly interface to show the sensor data, once we have data in TTN, we can use <u>DATACAKE</u> to connect to TTN and see the data in DATACAKE. Below are the steps:

Step 1: Be sure that your device is programmed and properly connected to the network at this time.

Step 2: To configure the Application to forward data to DATACAKE you will need to add integration. To add the DATACAKE integration, perform the following steps:

User Manual for LoRaWAN /NB -IoT End Nodes - LMS01-LB/LS -- LoRaWAN Leaf Moisture Sensor User Manual

Dverview Ind devices	Choose webhook templa	te		
Uve data Payload formatters v Integrations	🔅 ubidots	\square	Tago	III Akenza
 Webhooks Pub/Subs 	Ubidots Integrate with Ubidots over UbiFunctions	Datacake Send data to Datacake via TTI adapter	TagolO Integrate with TagolO	Akenza Core Integrate with Akenza Core
Storage Integration AWS INT LoRa Cloud collaborators Wi keys	C ThingSpeak	i Qubitro	thethings 10	

Add custom webhook

Template information



Datacake

Send data to Datacake via TTI adapter

About Datacake 🖾 | Documentation 🖾

Template settings

my new datacake webbeek		
	date as les surely be a slo	
	natacake-wennook	
IIIY-IICW-uatacake-webliook	uatacake-webhook	

Token*

Datacake API Token

Create datacake webhook

Step 3: Create an account or log in Datacake.

Step 4: Create LMS01-LB/LS product.

\times Add Device 1 Particle PARTICLE D Zero PINCODE LoRaWAN API D Zero LTE **STEP 4** STEP 1 STEP 2 STEP 3 Product Network Server Devices Plan

Datacake Product

You can add devices to an existing product on Datacake, create a new empty product or start with one of the templates. Products allow you to share the same configuration (fields, dashboard and more) between devices.

New Product from	Existing Product	New Product
template	Add devices to an	Create new empty
Create new product from a template	existing product	product

New Product

If your device is not available as a template, you can start with an empty device. You will have to create the device definition (fields, dashboard) and provide the payload decoder in the device's configuration.

Product Name

LSPH01

Next

Add D	evice						\times
		Particle		DZero	DZerolTE		
STEP 1 Product	t	STEP 2 Network S	Server	STEP 3 Devices	DZelo LIE	STEP 4 Plan	

Network Server

Please choose the LoRaWAN Network Server that your devices are connected to.

• The Things Stack TTN V3 / Things In	V3 Idustries Downlinks
The Things Netwo	rk V2 twork Uplinks Downlinks
🔿 🧑 helium Helium	Uplinks Downlinks
	Uplinks Downlinks
kerlink Kerlink Wanesy	Uplinks
Showing 1 to 5 of 8 results	Previous Next
	Back

Add D	evice						\times
	P	Particle	<a>April	ً⊘	ً⊘		
	LoRaWAN	PARTICLE	API	D Zero	D Zero LTE	PINCODE	
STEP 1 Produc	t	STEP 2 Network S	Server	STEP 3 Devices		<mark>STEP 4</mark> Plan	

Add Devices

Enter one or more LoRaWAN Device EUIs and the names they will have on Datacake.

DEVEUI		NAME
<i>ିଲ</i>	ð 66 8 bytes	LSPH01
· Add another device	Cons	istent with DEUI on TTN

Back

Next

Step 5: add payload decode

Download Datacake decoder from: <u>https://github.com/dragino/dragino-end-node-decoder</u>

LLMS01		
Location -	Serial Number 4641431465464987	Last update Thu May 13 2021 09:17:56 GMT+0800
Dashboard History Downlinks	Configuration Debug Rules Permissions	
General Configuration		
Name		
LLMS01		
Location		

								Product-wide s
en your devices	sends data, the payload	will be pa	ssed to the payload de	coder, alongside the event's name. The payload deco	oder then transforms it to measurements.			
1 - function be 2 // location 3 // (array 4 var val 5 var hat 6 valueeb 8 if(s)rte 10 var test 11 valueeb 12 var stat 13 valueeb 14 var value 15 valueeb 15 valueeb 16 valueeb 12 var st 12 valueeb 12 var st 13 valueeb 13 var st 14 var value 15 valueeb 12 valueb 12 var st 13 valueb 13 var st 14 var st 15 valueb 15 valueb 16 valueb 16 valueb 16 valueb 17 valueb 18 var st 18	<pre>cader()vers, port) { mullike mesage from mullike mesage from wolket mesage from ver()vers(1)(d bytes(1)) (1) = vers(1)(d bytes(1)) (1) = vers(1)(d bytes(1)) (1) = vers(1)(d bytes(1)) (vels(1)(d bytes(1)(d bytes(1)) (vels(1)(d bytes(1)(d bytes(1)) (vels(1)(d bytes(1)(d byte</pre>	<pre>m a buffet t of fiels s[1]) & & units:V oFixed(2); ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;</pre>	ts. Jo FFT; ;//D518820.tomperatur	e				
32) 33]; 34)							Port	
32 }; 33]; 34]] yload							Port	
32 } 33]; yload							Port	• Try Decor
32 } } 33]; 34]] yload 'ayload tput				console.log Output	Recogn	ized measurements	Port 1	Try Decod
yload tput				console.log Output	Recogn	ized measurements	Port 1	 Try Decor Save
33) 34) yload bayload tput			formed	console.log Output	Recogn	ized measurements	Port 1	 Try Decor Sove Add Field
Fields Name	Identifier	Type	Current Value	console.log Output	Recogn	ized measurements	Port 1	 Try Decor Save Add Field
Fields Name BAT	Identifier	Type	Current Value 0	console.log Output	Recogn	ized measurements	Port 1	 Try Decor Save Aus Field More *
223 1 2 223 1 2 223 2 2 223 2 223 2 2 223 2 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2	Identifier BAT LEAF_NOISTURE	Type Float Float	Current Value 0	console.log Output	Recogn	ized measurements	Port 1	Try Decor

After added, the sensor data arrive TTN, it will also arrive and show in Mydevices.



2.6 Datalog Feature

Datalog Feature is to ensure IoT Server can get all sampling data from Sensor even if the LoRaWAN network is down. For each sampling, LMS01-LB/LS will store the reading for future retrieving purposes.

2.6.1 Ways to get datalog via LoRaWAN

Set **PNACKMD=1**, LMS01-LB/LS will wait for ACK for every uplink, when there is no LoRaWAN network, LMS01-LB will mark these records with non-ack messages and store the sensor data, and it will send all messages (10s interval) after the network recovery.

- a) LMS01-LB/LS will do an ACK check for data records sending to make sure every data arrive server.
- b) LMS01-LB/LS will send data in CONFIRMED Mode when PNACKMD=1, but LMS01-LB/LS won't retransmit the packet if it doesn't get ACK, it will just mark it as a NONE-ACK message. In a future uplink if LMS01-LB/LS gets a ACK, LMS01-LB/LS will consider there is a network connection and resend all NONE-ACK messages.

2.6.2 Unix TimeStamp

LMS01-LB/LS uses Unix TimeStamp format based on

Size (bytes)	4		1		
DeviceTimeAns	32-bit unsigned int	eger : Seconds	8bits unsigned integer: fractional-		
Payload	since ep	och*	second		
			in 1/2^8 second steps		
	Figure 10 : Device	eTimeAns payload f	ormat		
	-				
User can get this time fr	rom link: https://www.epo	chconverter.com/:			
	······································				
Below is the converter e	example				
\sim		Code Beautify	JSON Formatter		
EpochConverte	er	,,			
•		All Numbers Converter	Decimal to Hey		
Epoch & Unix Time	stamp Conversion To	Numbers to Words Converter	Decimal to Hex		
		Decimal to Binary Converter	Enter the Decimal number to decode Sample 4		
		Decimal to Hex Converter			
The current Unix epoch time is 16118	89418	Decimal to Octal Converter	1611889405		
		Binary to Decimal Converter			
Convert epoch to human-readable date and vice ver		Binary to Hex Converter			

Binary to Octal Converter

Binary to Text Converter

Text to Binary Converter

Hex to Decimal Converter

Hex to Binary Converter Hex to Octal Converter

Octal to Decimal Converter

Convert

ber in hex (base 16)

The n

representation:

60137afd

File.

60 [

So, we can use AT+TIMESTAMP=1611889405 or downlink 3060137afd00 to set the current time 2021 – Jan -- 29 Friday 03:03:25

2.6.3 Set Device Time

Assuming that this timestamp is in **seconds**: GMT: 2021年1月29日Friday 02:58:10

Your time zone: 2021年1月29日星期五 10:58:10 GMT+08:00

Mon Day Yr Hr Min Sec 14 Iolan Iolana I a blan Iolan Iolan

1611889090

Relative: 3 minutes ago

User need to set **SYNCMOD=1** to enable sync time via MAC command.

Timestamp to Human date [batch convert]

Supports Unix timestamps in seconds. milliseconds. microseconds and nanoseconds.

Once LMS01-LB/LS Joined LoRaWAN network, it will send the MAC command (DeviceTimeReq) and the server will reply with (DeviceTimeAns) to send the current time to LMS01-LB/LS. If LMS01-LB/LS fails to get the time from the server, LMS01-LB/LS will use the internal time and wait for next time request (AT+SYNCTDC to set the time request period, default is 10 days).

Note: LoRaWAN Server need to support LoRaWAN v1.0.3(MAC v1.0.3) or higher to support this MAC command feature, Chirpstack,TTN V3 v3 and loriot support but TTN V3 v2 doesn't support. If server doesn't support this command, it will through away uplink packet with this command, so user will lose the packet with time request for TTN V3 v2 if SYNCMOD=1.

2.6.4 Poll sensor value

Users can poll sensor values based on timestamps. Below is the downlink command.

Downlink Command to poll Open/Close status (0x31)					
1byte	4bytes	4bytes	1byte		
31	Timestamp start	Timestamp end	Uplink Interval		

Timestamp start and Timestamp end-use Unix TimeStamp format as mentioned above. Devices will reply with all data logs during this period, using the uplink interval.

For example, downlink command 31



Is to check 2021/11/12 12:00:00 to 2021/11/12 15:00:00's data

Uplink Internal =5s, means LMS01-LB/LS will send one packet every 5s. range 5~255s.

2.7 Frequency Plans

The LMS01-LB/LS uses OTAA mode and below frequency plans by default. Each frequency band use different firmware, user update the firmware to the corresponding band for their country.

http://wiki.dragino.com/xwiki/bin/view/Main/End%20Device%20Frequency%20Band/

2.8 Installation

LMS01-LB/LS probe has two sides. The side without words are the sense side. Please be ware when install the sensor.





3. Configure LMS01-LB/LS

3.1 Configure Methods

LMS01-LB/LS supports below configure method:

- AT Command via Bluetooth Connection (Recommended): <u>BLE Configure Instruction.</u>
- AT Command via UART Connection : See <u>UART Connection</u>.
- LoRaWAN Downlink. Instruction for different platforms: See loT LoRaWAN Server section.

3.2 General Commands

These commands are to configure:

- General system settings like: uplink interval.
- LoRaWAN protocol & radio related command.

They are same for all Dragino Devices which support DLWS-005 LoRaWAN Stack. These commands can be found on the wiki:

http://wiki.dragino.com/xwiki/bin/view/Main/End%20Device%20AT%20Commands%20and%20Downlink %20Command/

3.3 Commands special design for LMS01-LB/LS

These commands only valid for LMS01-LB/LS, as below:

3.3.1 Set Transmit Interval Time

Feature: Change LoRaWAN End Node Transmit Interval.

AT Command: AT+TDC

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+TDC=?	Show current transmit Interval	30000 OK the interval is 30000ms = 30s
AT+TDC=60000	Set Transmit Interval	OK Set transmit interval to 60000ms = 60 seconds

Downlink Command: 0x01

Format: Command Code (0x01) followed by 3 bytes time value.

If the downlink payload=0100003C, it means set the END Node's Transmit Interval to 0x00003C=60(S), while type code is 01.

- Example 1: Downlink Payload: 0100001E // Set Transmit Interval (TDC) = 30 seconds
- Example 2: Downlink Payload: 0100003C // Set Transmit Interval (TDC) = 60 seconds

3.3.2 Set Interrupt Mode

Feature, Set Interrupt mode for GPIO_EXTI of pin.

When AT+INTMOD=0 is set, GPIO_EXTI is used as a digital input port.

AT Command: AT+INTMOD

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+INTMOD=?	Show current interrupt mode	0 OK the mode is 0 =Disable Interrupt
AT+INTMOD=2	Set Transmit Interval 0. (Disable Interrupt), 1. (Trigger by rising and falling edge) 2. (Trigger by falling edge) 3. (Trigger by rising edge)	ОК

Downlink Command: 0x06

Format: Command Code (0x06) followed by 3 bytes.

This means that the interrupt mode of the end node is set to 0x000003=3 (rising edge trigger), and the type code is 06.

- Example 1: Downlink Payload: 06000000
- // Turn off interrupt mode
- Example 2: Downlink Payload: 06000003
- // Set the interrupt mode to rising edge trigger

3.3.3 Get Firmware Version Info

Feature: use downlink to get firmware version.

Downlink Command: 0x26

Downlink Control Type	FPort	Type Code	Downlink payload size(bytes)
Get Firmware Version Info	Any	26	2

· Reply to the confirmation package: 26 01

· Reply to non-confirmed packet: 26 00

Device will send an uplink after got this downlink command. With below payload:

Configures info payload:

Size(bytes)	1	2	1	1	2
Value	Sensor Model	Firmware Version	Frequency Band	Sub-band	BAT

Software Type: Always 0x2D for LMS01-LB/LS

Firmware Version: 0x0100, Means: v1.0.0 version

Frequency Band:

0x01: EU868

- 0x02: US915
- 0x03: IN865
- 0x04: AU915
- 0x05: KZ865
- 0x06: RU864
- 0x07: AS923
- 0x08: AS923-1
- 0x09: AS923-2

0x0a: AS923-3

0x0b: CN470

0x0c: EU433

0x0d: KR920

0x0e: MA869

Sub-Band:

- AU915 and US915: value 0x00 ~ 0x08
- CN470: value 0x0B ~ 0x0C
- Other Bands: Always 0x00

Battery Info:

Check the battery voltage.

Ex1: 0x0B45 = 2885mV

Ex2: 0x0B49 = 2889mV

4. Battery & Power Consumption

LMS01-LB use ER26500 + SPC1520 battery pack and LMS01-LS use 3000mAh Recharable Battery with Solar Panel. See below link for detail information about the battery info and how to replace.

Battery Info & Power Consumption Analyze .

5. OTA Firmware update

User can change firmware LMS01-LB/LS to:

- Change Frequency band/ region.
- Update with new features.
- Fix bugs.

Firmware and changelog can be downloaded from : Firmware download link

Methods to Update Firmware:

- (Recommanded way) OTA firmware update via wireless : <u>http://wiki.dragino.com/xwiki/bin/view/Main/</u> <u>Firmware%200TA%20Update%20for%20Sensors/</u>
- Update through UART TTL interface : Instruction.

6. FAQ

6.1 AT Commands input doesn't work

In the case if user can see the console output but can't type input to the device. Please check if you already include the **ENTER** while sending out the command. Some serial tool doesn't send **ENTER** while press the send key, user need to add ENTER in their string.

7. Order Info

Part Number: LMS01-LB-XX or LMS01-LS-XX

XX: The default frequency band

- AS923: LoRaWAN AS923 band
- AU915: LoRaWAN AU915 band
- EU433: LoRaWAN EU433 band
- EU868: LoRaWAN EU868 band
- KR920: LoRaWAN KR920 band
- US915: LoRaWAN US915 band
- IN865: LoRaWAN IN865 band
- CN470: LoRaWAN CN470 band

8. Packing Info

Package Includes:

· LMS01-LB or LMS01-LS LoRaWAN Leaf Moisture Sensor

Dimension and weight:

- · Device Size: cm
- · Device Weight: g
- Package Size / pcs : cm
- · Weight / pcs : g

9. Support

- Support is provided Monday to Friday, from 09:00 to 18:00 GMT+8. Due to different timezones we cannot offer live support. However, your questions will be answered as soon as possible in the before-mentioned schedule.
- Provide as much information as possible regarding your enquiry (product models, accurately describe your
 problem and steps to replicate it etc) and send a mail to <u>Support@dragino.cc</u>.

Flash Add	Unix Time	Ext	BAT voltage	Value
80196E0	21/1/19 04:27:03	1	3145	sht_temp=22.00 sht_hum=32.6 ds_temp=327.67
80196F0	21/1/19 04:28:57	1	3145	sht_temp=21.90 sht_hum=33.1 ds_temp=327.67
8019600	21/1/19 04:30:30	1	3145	sht_temp=21.81 sht_hum=33.4 ds_temp=327.67
8019610	21/1/19 04:40:30	1	3145	sht_temp=21.65 sht_hum=33.7 ds_temp=327.67
8019620	21/1/19 04:50:30	1	3147	sht_temp=21.55 sht_hum=34.1 ds_temp=327.67
8019630	21/1/19 04:00:30	1	3149	sht_temp=21.50 sht_hum=34.1 ds_temp=327.67
8019640	21/1/19 04:10:30	1	3149	sht_temp=21.43 sht_hum=34.6 ds_temp=327.67
8019650	21/1/19 04:20:30	1	3151	sht_temp=21.35 sht_hum=34.9 ds_temp=327.67







🣁 S31-LB

↑4 ↓3 • Last activity 23 seconds ago ③

Overview Live data Messaging Location Payload formatters Claiming General settings

Time	Туре	Data preview	
↓ 16:23:52	Schedule data downlink for transmiss:	DevAddr:: 26 06 70 3F 🜼 🐞 Rci. Delay: 5	
↑ 16:23:52	Forward uplink data message	DevAddz: 26 06 70 3F 🗢 🐌 Peylod: { FIRMARE_VERSION: "0.0.1", FREQUENCY_BAND: "ASP23_3", SUB_BAND: 1, TDC_sec: 16715004 } 0A 01 10 01 FF 0C FC 🔿 🐌 FPort: 5 Data rate: SF15004125 SNR: 5.5 RSSI: -100	
↑ 16:23:52	Successfully processed data message	Dev/Adr: 26 06 70 3F O &	
		S31-LB Die eu. 1755bd?fred0059497 ↑18 ↓16 • Latt zchruhy 28 seconds app © Overview Live data Messaging Location Psyload formatters Claiming General settings	
Time	Type Data	view Verbour stream 👔 🛓 Export as JBON	
↓ 17:12:55	Schedule data downlink for transmissi. DevA	1 20 00 33 34 07 🚯 /kd. 961ayr 5	
↑ 17:12:55	Forward uplink data message DevA	1 20 80 81 81 0 🚯 Phyloddi { \$4557 3.204, \$4557 3.001, \$204, \$104, \$2.557, \$0057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$1057, \$10	
↑ 17:12:55	Successfully processed data message DevA		
↑ 17:12:47	Forward uplink data message DevA	: 20 68 18 14 (0) 🖳 Projence: { 847: 3.324, F2894484; VEB320; '0.1.0", FEB; VEB320; VEB340; '0000", EESS9, VCEE; '001-10", S&_BAND; '0011 } (0.01.0.01.0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01.0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01) / (0.01.0.01	







User Manual for LoRaWAN /NB -IoT End Nodes - LMS01-LB/LS -- LoRaWAN Leaf Moisture Sensor User Manual

			Dene		,	
					Ove	erview Data Setti
PPLI	CATION	DATA				🛛 pause 🗎 c
		4				
ilters	uplink	downlink	activation	ack	error Alarm status	
	time	counter	port		+	
^ 1	5:43:04	2	2		payload: OC EF 00 00 01 09 00 01 0D 01 97 ADC_CHOV: 0.265 BatV: 3.311 Digit	al_IStatus: "L" Door_statu
< 1	5:42:39	1	2		payload: 0CEC 00 00 00 00 7CF61E0050 BatV: 3.308 SHTEMPMAX: 30 SHTEP	MPMIN: -10 SHTHUMMA
			1	confirmed ack	appid: engineer-lin SHT31Temp SHT31Temp SHT31Hum SHT31Hum	,
<	5:42:43				minimum of maximum of minimum of maximum of	
 1 1 	5:42:43 5:42:39		1	confirmed	payload: OE 01 alarm value alarm value minimum of alarm value alarm value	

Bits	7	6	[5:2]	1	0
mean	No ACK	Poll Message	Reserved	Level of PA8	Alarm Flag
	Message	Flag			

Stop Tx events when read sensor data 8031080 2023/5/24 03:30:41 3558 temp=27.2 hum=56.6 level:low status:false 8031090 2023/5/24 03:31:04 3564 temp=27.2 hum=56.7 level:low status:false 80310A0 2023/5/24 03:31:16 3564 temp=27.1 hum=56.7 level:low status:false 80310B0 2023/5/24 03:31:36 3564 temp=27.1 hum=57.0 level:low status:false 80310C0 2023/5/24 03:32:06 3558 temp=27.1 hum=57.2 level:low status:false 80310D0 2023/5/24 03:32:15 3558 temp=27.0 hum=57.3 level:low status:false 80310E0 2023/5/24 03:32:48 3558 temp=27.0 hum=57.5 level:low status:false 80310F0 2023/5/24 03:32:58 3564 temp=27.0 hum=57.6 level:low status:false 80310F0 2023/5/24 03:32:58 3564 temp=27.0 hum=57.6 level:low status:false

OK

↑14 ↓1 • Last activity 7 minutes ago ⑦

Overview Live data Messaging Location Payload formatters Claiming General settings

Time	Туре	Data preview		Verbose stream 🔿 🙁	🛃 Export as JSON 🛛 🚺 Pause 🍵 Clear
↑ 11:40:08	Forward uplink data message	Payload: { DATALOG: "[5	6.6,27.2,Low,False,2023-05-24 03:30:41],[56	.7,27.2,Low,False,2023-0	95-24 03:31:04],[56.7,27.1,Low,False,2
↑ 11:40:08	Successfully processed data	DevAddr: 26 0B BE 9D <>			
↓ 11:32:59	Schedule data downlink for t	DevAddr: 26 0B BE 9D (*)	Rx1 Delay: 5		
↑ 11:32:58	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 0B BE 9D <>	Payload: { BatV: 3.564, Data_time: "2	023-05-24 03:32:58", Doc	or_status: "OPEN", EXTI_Trigger: "FALS
↑ 11:32:58	Successfully processed data	DevAddr: 26 0B BE 9D <>			
↑ 11:32:48	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 0B BE 9D 🔇	Payload: { BatV: 3.558, Data_time: "2	023-05-24 03:32:48", Doc	or_status: "OPEN", EXTI_Trigger: "FALS
↑ 11:32:48	Successfully processed data	DevAddr: 26 0B BE 9D (*)			
↑ 11:32:16	Forward uplink data message	DevAddr: 26 0B BE 9D 🔇	Payload: { BatV: 3.558, Data_time: "2	023-05-24 03:32:15", Doc	or_status: "OPEN", EXTI_Trigger: "FALS

User Manual for LoRaWAN /NB -IoT End Nodes - LMS01-LB/LS -- LoRaWAN Leaf Moisture Sensor User Manual

<u>↑</u> 2	2 ↓2 •	Last activity	28 seconds ag	io ()							
0	verview	Live data	Messaging	Location	Payload formatters	Claiming	General settings				
Time	Туре			Data preview	1			Verbose stream 🔿 🗙	生 Export as JSON	II Pause	📋 Clear
/ 14:42:06	Schedule	data downl:	ink for t…	DevAddr: 2	26 0B A5 F1 🗘 盾	Rx1 Delay:	5				
°14:42:05 ↑	Forward 1 ↓1	uplink data • Last activity	message / 21 seconds a	Payload: {	BAT: 3.6, FIRMWARE	E_VERSION: "	1.3.0", FREQUENCY_BAND	D: "EU868", SENSOR_MODEL:	"S31-LB", SUB_BAND:	"NULL" }	0A 01 30 0
(Overview	Live data	Messaging	Location	Payload formatters	Claiming	General settings				
Time	Туре			Data previev	w			Verbose stream 🛛 🗙		II Pause	📋 Clear
BHT31	J	J									





CPL03-LB in LoRaWAN Network



CPL03-LB LoRaWAN Pulse/Contact Sensor



LoRaWAN

LoRaWAN

LPS8v2 LoRaWAN Gateway

Internet

Internet



Dash Board

CPL03-LB in LoRaWAN Network



CPL03-LB LoRaWAN Pulse/Contact Sensor



LPS8v2 LoRaWAN Gateway





SE01-LB in LoRaWAN Network Internet LoRaWAN LoRaWAN Server SE01-LB LoRaWAN Soil Moisture & EC Sensor LPS8v2 LoRaWAN Gateway Dash Board SE01-LB in LoRaWAN Network Internet LoRaWAN LoRaWAN Server LPS8v2 SE01-LB LoRaWAN Soil Moisture & EC Sensor LoRaWAN Gateway Dash Board



8031000 2023/6/6 07:09:17 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.36 conduct_soil=0 8031010 2023/6/6 07:10:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.42 conduct_soil=0 8031030 2023/6/6 07:11:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.35 conduct_soil=0 8031030 2023/6/6 07:12:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.31 conduct_soil=0 8031050 2023/6/6 07:13:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.31 conduct_soil=0 8031050 2023/6/6 07:14:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.31 conduct_soil=0 8031050 2023/6/6 07:14:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.21 conduct_soil=0 8031060 2023/6/6 07:15:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.28 conduct_soil=0 8031060 2023/6/6 07:15:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.34 conduct_soil=0 8031060 2023/6/6 07:16:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.34 conduct_soil=0 8031070 2023/6/6 07:17:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.44 conduct_soil=0 8031080 2023/6/6 07:17:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.44 conduct_soil=0 8031080 2023/6/6 07:17:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.44 conduct_soil=0 8031080 2023/6/6 07:19:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.44 conduct_soil=0 8031080 2023/6/6 07:19:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.44 conduct_soil=0 8031080 2023/6/6 07:20:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.52 conduct_soil=0 8031080 2023/6/6 07:21:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.52 conduct_soil=0 8031080 2023/6/6 07:22:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.54 conduct_soil=0 8031080 2023/6/6 07:22:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.55 conduct_soil=0 8031080 2023/6/6 07:22:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.55 conduct_soil=0 8031080 2023/6/6 07:22:31 3347 0 0 ds_temp=327.6 water_soil=0.00 temp_soil=28.55 conduct_soil=0 8031080 2023/6/6 07:22:31 3347



LMS01-LB in LoRaWAN Network











